

Executive Manager: Jan-Robert Riise

Director of Corporate Services: Christine Ferguson

Governance & Law

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If calling please ask for Louise Adamson

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Date: 12 December 2018

Dear Sir/Madam

You are invited to the following meeting:

Policy and Resources Committee Council Chamber, Town Hall, Lerwick Wednesday 19 December 2018 at 10am

Apologies for absence should be notified to Louise Adamson at the above number.

Yours faithfully

Executive Manager - Governance and Law

Chair: Steven Coutts

Vice-Chair: Emma Macdonald

AGENDA

- (a) Hold circular calling the meeting as read.
- (b) Apologies for absence, if any.
- (c) Declarations of Interest Members are asked to consider whether they have an interest to declare in relation to any item on the agenda for this meeting. Any Member making a declaration of interest should indicate whether it is a financial or non-financial interest and include some information on the nature of the interest. Advice may be sought from Officers prior to the meeting taking place.
- (d) Confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 8 October 2018 (enclosed)

Items

- Corporate and Executive Services Directorate Performance Report 6 Month/2nd Quarter 2018/19 CRP-27-18-F
- Chair's Report Environment and Transport Committee
 Management Accounts for Environment & Transport Committee:
 2018/19 Projected Outturn at Quarter 2
 P&R&SIC-1219–F081
- Management Accounts for Community Health and Social Care Directorate 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2 F-78-F
- Management Accounts for Policy and Resources Committee: 2018/19 -Projected Outturn at Quarter 2 F-090-F
- 5. SIC Overall Management Accounts 2018/19 Projected Outturn at Quarter 2 *F-76-F*
- 6. Council Investments 2018/19 Mid Year Performance Review Report *F-086*
- 7. Business Transformation Programme Update Report *CRP-19-F*
- 8. Service Redesign Programme Update Report *CRP-20-F*
- 9. External Audit Annual Report 2017/18 Update on Recommendations *CRP-21-18*
- 10. Risk Assessment Update HR-20-F
- 11. Active Shetland Strategy *CS-44-F*
- 12. Asset Investment Plan Progress Report *CPS-10-18-F*
- 13. Asset Investment Plan Business Case: ICT Virtual Infrastructure CPS-12-18-F

- Asset Investment Plan Business Case:
 Children's Resources, Residential Childcare for Looked After Children CPS-11-F
- 15. Policy and Resources Business Programme 2018/19 *CRP-25-18-F*
- Corporate Risk Register CRP-24-F

The following items contain EXEMPT information

- 17. Confidential Corporate Risk Register *CRP-23-18F*
- 18. Asset Investment Plan Business Case Staff Travel (Care at Home Service) CPS-13-18-F





Shetland Islands Council

(d)

MINUTES

A&B – Public

Policy and Resources Committee Council Chamber, Town Hall, Lerwick Monday 8 October 2018 at 10.00am

Present:

A Cooper S Coutts
A Duncan S Leask
E Macdonald R McGregor
I Scott T Smith

Apologies:

C Smith G Smith

R Thomson

In Attendance:

S Bokor-Ingram, Director of Community Health and Social Care

C Ferguson, Director of Corporate Services

D Bell, Executive Manager – Human Resources

J Manson, Executive Manager - Finance

J Riise, Executive Manager – Governance and Law

K Fraser, Executive Manager – Shetland Library

S Thompson, Executive Manager – Schools

C Anderson, Senior Communications Officer

T Coutts, Business Development Project Manager

N Hutcheson, Team Leader – Asset and Network

F Johnson, Health and Safety Manager

A Sutherland, Partnership Officer

H Sutherland, Head of Planning and Modernisation, NHS Shetland

L Geddes, Committee Officer

Chairperson

Mr Coutts, Leader of the Council, presided.

<u>Circular</u>

The circular calling the meeting was held as read.

Declarations of Interest

None

Minutes

The minutes of the meeting held on 28 August 2018 were approved on the motion of Mr Duncan, seconded by Mr Leask.

77/18 British Sign Language Local Plan 2018 – 2024

The Committee considered a report by the Director of Development (DV-36-18-F) seeking approval of the British Sign Language Local Plan 2018 – 2024.

The Partnership Officer summarised the main terms of the report, outlining the requirements of the British Sign Language (Scotland) Act 2015 and advising that a video would be available in sign language on the Council's website. Responding to a question, she advised that there were around 70 people locally who used sign language, with around 20 of these people relying on it.

On the motion of Mr Coutts, seconded by Mr Duncan, the Committee approved the recommendation in the report.

Decision:

The Committee RESOLVED to approve the British Sign Language Local Plan 2018-2024

78/18 Annual Health and Safety Report 2017 – 2018

The Committee considered a report by the Executive Manager – Human Resources (HR-16-18-F) presenting the Annual Health and Safety Report 2017-18.

The Executive Manager – Human Resources summarised the main terms of the report, advising that it summarised the Council health and safety issues and trends in 2017/18 and set out how future challenges would be managed. Training was being delivered in a variety of ways and some joint training had been carried out with NHS Shetland. Shetland had a low accident rate compared with other local authorities, and there had been a significant reduction in reportable incidents from 2016/17. The refresh of training provided in respect of manual handling had contributed to this reduction.

The Executive Manager – Human Resources then responded to questions, and the Committee noted the following:

- Assaults on staff were generally not reported to the police. The term
 "assault" sounded quite serious, but very often referred to extremely
 minor incidents to do with vulnerable adults and children. However all
 incidents were taken seriously and dealt with appropriately via the
 relevant policies, and a good deal of support was provided to staff.
- Building Services had a software programme for recording, monitoring and prioritising fire safety management, and there had been good feedback from a recent audit that had been carried out.
- There had been real progress in encouraging the reporting of 'near misses' as well as actual incidents. Notification of these was a standing item on agendas of the Council's health and safety forums.
- Recent changes had been made to the Maximising Attendance Policy, and the Policy now had much more emphasis on wellbeing. There had

been an increase in the level of support relating to return to work, as there had been a lack of confidence in dealing with this area in the past.

 The Lone Working Policy had also been updated and an improved risk assessment and information had been provided to managers. The Policy had been well-consulted and there was a greater level of awareness.

It was requested that an update on the installation of sprinkler systems in care homes in Shetland be provided to Members.

On the motion of Mr Coutts, seconded by Mr Leask, the Committee approved the recommendation in the report.

Decision:

The Committee NOTED the report and RESOLVED to approve the Priority Areas for Improvement in the Annual Health and Safety report.

79/18 Revised Equality and Diversity Policy

The Committee considered a report by the Executive Manager – Human Resources (HR-13-18-F) presenting the revised Equality and Diversity Policy.

The Executive Manager – Human Resources summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the new Policy helped the Council demonstrate how it would meet the Public Sector Equality Duty and how it would take account of the Fairer Scotland Action Plan. The three policies being presented for approval today were designed to attract and support employees, and would help promote a culture and environment of equality of opportunity. This Policy had been well-received by the two JCCs it had been presented to.

On the motion of Mr Coutts, seconded by Mr Leask, the Committee approved the recommendation in the report.

Decision:

The Committee RESOLVED to approve the revised Equality and Diversity Policy.

80/18 Revised Flexible Working Policy

The Committee considered a report by the Executive Manager – Human Resources (HR-14-18-F) presenting the revised Flexible Working Policy.

The Executive Manager – Human Resources summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the revised Policy built on existing policy and procedures by providing clear roles and responsibilities, and a structured procedural framework complying with relevant legislation for processing applications for flexible working. There were a number of key changes to the existing policy which were outlined in the report, and these should make a positive contribution to recruiting to vacancies and retaining the valuable skills and experience of existing staff.

She went on to say that when the report had been considered by the JCCs, some amendments had been suggested. Sections 4.1.3 and 8.3 of the Policy would be amended to clarify the employee's right to be accompanied, and Section 6.2 would be updated to state that arrangements should be reviewed three-monthly or termly. It would also be added in that when making a decision, the employer must carefully consider the individual needs and benefits against the operational needs and the impact on service delivery and workload. The College Lecturers' JCC had been unwilling to support the Policy, as they had concerns that any individual request agreed would take effect as a permanent variation to an employee's terms and conditions, and they felt it was important that, where this change represented a reduction in hours worked, that this did not subsequently alter the established hours for the service area. During the discussion at that meeting, it had been highlighted that the Council's Scheme of Delegations made it clear that delegated authority for the deletion or creation of posts and hours rested with management, so it was not proposed to amend the Policy. However it would be included that this was something that should be taken into account when considering the request.

Mr Coutts moved that the recommendations in the report - subject to the amendments referred to by the Executive Manager – Human Resources - be approved, and Mr Leask seconded.

Decision:

The Committee RESOLVED to approve the revised Flexible Working Policy.

81/18 Career Break Policy

The Committee considered a report by the Executive Manager – Human Resources (HR-15-18-F) presenting the new Career Break Policy.

The Executive Manager – Human Resources summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the Policy provided an improved framework and extended the current provisions. There were some appendices yet to be developed, and some changes had been proposed by the JCCs which had been accepted. At Section 7.4 of the Policy, it would be clarified that taking a career break did not affect continuity of service, and Section 7.8 would clarify that notice was required if an employee wished to resign. Information would also be supplied in relation to 'exceptional circumstances'.

Responding to questions, the Executive Manager – Human Resources advised that she did not have information relating to the cost to the Council of training other employees to cover for career breaks. However career breaks were something that were rarely sought, and cover for the employee was something that would be considered before the request was approved. The cost would depend on the type of work the person was doing and if a professional qualification was required, it might make it more difficult to approve a career break.

During the discussion that followed, some Members said that they were pleased to see the revised Policy and could see the benefits for the Council. However others highlighted the reduced number of staff in the Council and the resulting pressure on them to carry out their functions, and questioned

whether posts were actually required if staff could be released from them for a period of time.

On the motion of Mr Coutts, seconded by Mr McGregor, the Committee approved the recommendation in the report.

Decision:

The Committee RESOLVED to approve the revised Career Break Policy and to approve the replacement of Section 8.1 of the Special Leave Policy.

82/18 Shetland Islands Health and Social Care Partnership: Joint Strategic Commissioning Plan, Refresh 2018-2021

The Committee considered a report by the Head of Planning and Modernisation – NHS Shetland (CC-32-18-F) presenting the draft Joint Strategic Commissioning Plan for consultation.

The Head of Planning and Modernisation - NHS Shetland summarised the main terms of the report, advising that it was considered best practice to update the Plan every year to ensure that it continued to address relevant issues and responded to need and demand in an effective way. There were five areas that had been agreed for improvement actions, and progress had been made on most of these. However it had not yet been possible to align the strategic planning process with the financial planning process, so this should be considered as a statement of intent at this stage rather than a plan that could be implemented. It was proposed that the current draft of the Plan would be used to consult with key stakeholders, and the consultation process would be supported by a communication and engagement plan. The Plan focused on maximising the health of the population, and increasing and developing opportunities for teams to work together in localities. It was also important to minimise stays in hospital and focus on day care and outpatient services. It was an ambition to secure financial balance, and this would take time to work through.

In moving that the recommendations in the report be approved, Mr Duncan commented that he still had concerns regarding the financial situation going forward, and there was a lot of work that would have to be carried out over the next few years.

Mr McGregor seconded, commenting that he was hopeful that the Scottish Government would be of some assistance to help achieve a balanced budget.

Concern was expressed that any additional funding coming forward from the Scottish Government would have to be used to fund pay rises, so there would be more work to be done to get the Scottish Government to take account of the issues locally.

Mr Duncan advised that he had requested a visit from the new Health Secretary so that she could see the issues locally for herself, and he had been assured by the MSP that this would take place. Of particular concern were locum costs, and it would be necessary to make a business case to convince the Scottish Government that this was something that required additional funding. It had also been demonstrated that the NHS could save

considerable sums of money each year if Broadband was rolled out across Shetland, so this was another area where additional funding should be sought.

It was questioned if the Scottish Government could be requested to writeoff the NHS Shetland's debt, given that it did not have a loan.

The Director of Community Health and Social Care advised that a financial framework had been published and the data for Shetland would have to be worked through. Some historical debt had been written off for other health boards for past years, but it was not clear if it would apply for deficits in this financial year.

The Chair commented on the challenging financial pressures which would only increase, and said that it was important to continue to press to get funding to cover the cost of delivering services in an island community. He was encouraged by the focus in the Plan towards a single health and care system, and the outcome for individuals rather than individual services. The Council was committed to playing its part in the partnership and towards the shared objectives, but more funding was required to achieve what it was hoped to achieve.

Decision:

The Committee APPROVED the Draft Joint Strategic Commissioning Plan for Consultation.

83/18 Road Safety Inspection & Defect Categorisation Policy

The Committee considered a report by the Team Leader – Asset and Network (RD-04-18-F) presenting a proposal to revise the Road Safety Inspection and Defect Categorisation Policy.

The Team Leader – Asset and Network summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the current Policy had last been updated in 2009. A new code of practice had been published in 2016, and roads authorities had been advised that they should comply with its recommendations. The new code recommended a more risk based approach for categorising the road network, undertaking inspections, assessing and prioritising defects. The Council's policy already met some of the recommendations - the only significant difference being to the new code's reference to "investigatory levels" rather than "intervention levels". The new code contained a total of 36 recommendations and all current practices had been reviewed against these recommendations. Where they differed, practice had either been changed or the reasons for taking an alternative approach had been documented.

Responding to a question regarding the cost of roads-related insurance claims to the Council, he advised that he did not have this information to hand, but could arrange for it to be supplied to Members. In response to a further query regarding whether due recognition was given to the types of machinery used today and the associated effect on highways and bridges, he advised that the Policy related to maintaining and improving what was already in place. Identifying need in respect of the wider and heavier

machinery that was used today was a capital consideration that would be dealt with via the Council's gateway process.

It was questioned if the Council had taken all possible safety measures to prevent landslides following the event that had taken place in 2003. The Team Leader – Asset and Network advised that recommendations had been followed, but more work required to be done to identify critical locations elsewhere in Shetland, and satellite based monitoring was being considered.

Mr Coutts moved that the Committee approve the recommendations in the report, and Mr Leask seconded.

Decision:

The Committee APPROVED the revised Road Safety Inspection and Defect Categorisation Policy.

84/18 Addendum to School Transport Policy 2018

The Committee considered a report by the Executive Manager - Schools (CS-33-18-F) presenting an addendum to the recently approved School Transport Policy 2018.

The Executive Manager - Schools summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the Council required to make a policy commitment in respect of those pupils who live on the remote isles and require transport by air to attend secondary school. The report had already been presented to the Environment and Transport Committee and the Education and Families Committee, and had been approved by both.

On the motion of Mr Duncan, seconded by Mr Leask, the Committee approved the recommendation in the report.

It was commented that it was important for the Council to recognise the longer-term issues in respect of its airfields.

Decision:

The Committee RECOMMENDED that the Council approve the proposed addendum to the School Transport Policy 2018.

85/18 **Economic Development Strategy 2018-2022**

The Committee considered a report by the Business Development Project Manager (DV-33-18-F) presenting the Economic Development Strategy 2018-2022.

The Business Development Project Manager summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the Strategy supported the vision and priorities of the Shetland Partnership Plan and detailed specific actions, measures and outcomes to realise objectives. There were a number of key areas outlined for development in respect of economy and housing, community strength and connection and access. There were some significant external factors that would impact on the Strategy in future, including the exit of the UK from the European Union and the progress of the UK Islands Deal. The

impacts would become clearer as work progressed, and the Strategy would be revisited to deal with any impact on strategic objectives.

The Business Development Project Manager then responded to questions, and the Committee noted that it was intended to work in partnership with local industries and the private sector to have wider conversations about issues being faced. There were local initiatives where this was already happening – the Developing the Young Workforce agenda and the Business Gateway were two such examples. There was also a need for more survey work and information gathering to be carried out, and this would be built into strategic projects. With regard to the agriculture sector, one of the priorities was to increase output in primary production and increase the value of local agriculture and processing. It was an area that would be heavily impacted by 'Brexit'.

It was commented that it was disappointing that there had not been more engagement and participation from industry when consultation had been taking place. Industry would be important in helping to deliver the aims of the Strategy, and the development of small businesses should be supported to help them achieve their full potential. Concern was expressed regarding the potential implications of withdrawal from the European Union on the agriculture sector - particularly in relation to exports - and it was noted that the Council was working to develop a strategy on engagement with the UK and Scottish Governments. It was also commented that delays in processing planning applications due to staff shortages - which was a national issue - and the problems the construction industry was having in attracting staff would have a wider impact on the economy locally and would have to be addressed, so it was important that the Council was as flexible as possible in assisting.

Mr Cooper moved that the Committee approved the recommendations in the report, and Mr Leask seconded.

Decision:

The Committee APPROVED the Economic Development Strategy 2018-2022.

86/18 Lerwick Library Refurbishment – Project Update

The Committee considered a report by the Executive Manager – Capital Programme (CPS-09-18-F) presenting an update on the status of the Lerwick Library Refurbishment project, an updated business case in line with the Council's Gateway Process for the Management of Capital Projects, and a revised scope and programme for approval by the Council.

The Director – Corporate Services summarised the main terms of the report, advising that the original decision to approve the refurbishment had taken place in 2015, with the intention that the Library Service would be rehoused in the Old Library Building. For a number of reasons, this project had been delayed, and the original estimate of costs had risen in excess of the budget. Due to deterioration of the Old Library building, it was a priority that maintenance works were carried out to the fabric of the building. This could be accommodated within the original budget, but complete refurbishment would incur additional costs. When the report had been considered at the

Education and Families Committee, there had been questions around future use and the wider impact on the Council's estate. The Education and Families Committee had agreed to defer a decision pending the presentation of a refocused report to the next meeting of the Committee which would take account of the service needs overall of the library service and how the refurbishment fitted into the wider context of the Council's Asset Strategy and the knock-on effects on other Council users and services.

The Director – Corporate Services then responded to questions, and the Committee noted the following:

- The maintenance aspects were of the biggest concern, but the Council
 was committed to carrying out any urgent work required. It was planned
 to hold an informal session to look at the future Asset Investment Plan,
 and there was a commitment to maintain assets whilst rationalising the
 Council's estate.
- Various options had been looked at for future accommodation for the Library Service - including new build and other buildings. But the Old Library building was the most appropriate in terms of layout, space and facilities. The Knab masterplan had been developed with a range of options, but inclusion of a library building had not featured to date. The Council was looking at properties it would wish to retain, and the Old Library was a building it would like to keep as the structure was sound and the internal layout could be modified. Any other building would require additional work to develop further.
- There would be a Spend to Save element with total refurbishment of the Old Library building, and the calculations done in the past could be revisited. Maintenance of the building had been minimal over the last three years. It was expected that the need for maintenance would be exacerbated over time, and would need to feature in the budget.
- The decision the Council had taken in 2015 had been based on the Council's gateway process, and had included a business case that justified the cost. The aspect that had lapsed was the financial aspect, and this had required to be revisited because of affordability. The report being considered today had been written from a landlord perspective but - in terms of service provision – it was still an aspiration to deliver the service from one building.
- The Old Library building was one that it would be desirable to retain on the Council's estate because of its location and the fact that it could be adapted for various uses. Whatever use it was put to – whether or not for the Library Service – the building would require to be maintained, and money would have to be spent on maintenance and ensuring it complied with relevant disability legislation. There was acceptance that some initial estimations were low, and costs had increased with the passage of time. If the use it was ultimately put to was significantly different, it was likely that even more money would be required for modifications.

The Executive Manager – Shetland Library then outlined the practicalities of delivering services from three buildings. The Old Library building, which

the Library Service used for essential back room space, was in a poor condition. If it was refurbished, it would enable work to be carried out more efficiently from one building. Delivering the service between three buildings took up a lot of staff time, and made staff timetabling more complicated. There had also been changes in the nature of services delivered, and there was now much more focus on customer service and outreach work.

Responding to questions, she said that it should be possible to carry out a piece of work to quantify the costs relating to staff being spread over three buildings. There were also costs relating to the management of three buildings - such as fire systems and risk assessments. When the library service had first moved into St Ringans, back room operations had initially been carried out from a building in St Olaf Street. When the Council sold that building, back room operations had moved into the Old Library building, and it had always been the case that there had never been enough back room space. The recommendation relating to external repairs only was essential to make the building secure, but would mean there was no internal refurbishment done so the status quo would remain, and the service would continue to operate over three buildings.

It was commented that the Old Library building would require to be maintained and altered regardless of what service was being delivered from it, and costs would only increase over time. It was important that the Committee had full information regarding the costs of the project which would enable the needs of the Library Service to be met in future, and that it would be useful to have a report which set out the needs of the Library Service, rather than just focusing on the landlord perspective.

Mr T Smith moved that the recommendation from the Education and Families Committee – that a decision be deferred pending presentation of a refocused report – be approved.

Mr Cooper seconded

It was noted that the decision of the Committee today would mean that there was no need for this report to be presented to the Council at its meeting on 31 October.

Decision:

The Committee considered and agreed to APPROVE the recommendation from the Education and Families Committee that a decision be deferred pending the presentation of a refocused report to the next meeting of the Committee which takes account of (a) the service needs overall of the library service and (b) how the refurbishment fits into the wider context of the SIC Asset Strategy and the knock-on effects on other Council users and services.

The meeting concluded at 12.10pm.	
Chair	



Meeting(s):	Policy & Resources Committee	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Corporate Services and Executive Services Performance Report – Quarter 2 2018/19	
Reference Number:	CRP-27-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Christine Ferguson Director of Corporate Services	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

- 1.1 That the Policy & Resources Committee:
 - 1.1.1 DISCUSS the contents of this report and its appendices;
 - 1.1.2 COMMENT on the achievements of Corporate and Executive Services during the second quarter (Q2) 2018/19; and
 - 1.1.3 ADVISE managers of their views.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 This report summarises the activity and performance of Corporate and Executive Services for Q2 2018/19, enabling Members to analyse the performance against the objectives set out in the Directorate Plan and Service Plans for 2018/19 and in the Council's Corporate Plan.
- 2.2 The report format has changed and now reflects the four main priority areas of the Shetland Partnership Plan approved by the Council on 27/6/18 (Min Ref 40/18).

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 Effective Planning and Performance Management are key aspects of Best Value and features of "Our Plan", the Council's Corporate Plan 2016-2020, which states:
 - "Our performance as an organisation will be managed effectively, with high standards being applied to the performance of staff and services. Poor performance will be dealt with, and good service performance will be highlighted and shared."

- 3.2 Part of the remit of Policy and Resources Committee is to, "Ensure the effectiveness of the Council's planning and performance management framework".
- 3.3 The Council is one of the five statutory partners of the Shetland (Community Planning) Partnership and works with the other four statutory partners, Schedule 1 Partners and key stakeholders under the terms of the Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015 to improve outcomes locally for Shetland's citizen's and communities.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 The Council is committed to a quarterly reporting cycle focussing on performance reporting. The Planning and Performance Management Framework (PPMF) is outlined in the Council's Standing Orders and there has been discussion and comment on the format of performance reports and the need to move towards narrative that shows performance against outcomes and longer term goals rather than annual performance targets. Further work is needed in this regard and also to demonstrate how the Council's performance gives assurance in terms of Best Value. Work will be undertaken as part of a new work stream in the Council's Business Transformation Programme on Performance Management and Reporting.
- 4.2 There are four aspects to the quarterly performance reports:
 - 1. Finance and budget monitoring
 - 2. Service developments and projects
 - 3. Service performance monitoring
 - 4. Risk management

The focus of this report is on service developments/projects and service performance monitoring.

- 4.3 The main Corporate and Executive Services activities from the 2018/19 Service Plans are listed in Appendix A under the four main priorities from the Shetland Partnership Plan 2018-28 together with an indication of performance against the targets set. The four priority areas are People, Place, Money and Participation.
- 4.4 The Council-wide Performance Indicators are included at Appendix B.
- 4.5 Appendix C Shows a summary of the recorded complaints, their time targets and evaluation of the complaint (upheld/not upheld).
- 4.6 Appendix D is the Corporate Services Risk Register regularly reviewed by the Corporate Services Management team.

Progress on Corporate Plan Outcomes

- 4.7 Corporate and Executive Services lead on many of the '20 by 20' commitments in the Corporate Plan contributing to the governance frameworks and supporting service departments as well as delivering some services in the community. This was reflected in the end of year performance report presented to Policy and Resources on 22/5/18 (Min Ref 40/18).
- 4.8 During Q2, a number of key service developments have been taken forward by staff in Corporate and Executive Services with regard to the Business

Transformation Programme which is the subject of a separate report on today's agenda.

Risk and Service Challenges

- 4.9 As highlighted in the 2017/18 end of year performance report, work is continuing on the following key projects:
- 8 North Ness –Substantial additional technical and legal resources have been required to safeguard the Council's interests. Work on the contractual issues and plans to return the building to full use are ongoing with revised layout for the reception area to improve services once the building has been returned to full use. The Planning Service and HR are now back in the building and work is in progress in the east wing including the alterations to the main reception area
- **SLAP** The Council has purchased SLAP and work is in hand to realise the benefits of the acquisition.
- The **Scottish Government funding settlement** Work on Fair Funding for Ferries is ongoing.
- Work to support the review of **Tertiary Education** continues with significant input from HR, Finance and Legal services. The full business case has been completed and presented to the relevant Committees/Board and the Council.
- Ensuring the **Council ICT network** is secure, guarding against new cyber-attacks, and responding to breaches requires vigilance from across the Council and support from all areas of Corporate Services on an ongoing basis.
- Work to map the resource implications for Corporate and Executive Services in order to support the **Service Redesign Programme** is continuing. The Service Redesign Programme is the subject of a separate report on today's agenda.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None

6.0 Implications:

0.0 implications.	
6.1 Service Users Patients and Communities:	Effective performance management and continuous improvement are important duties for all statutory and voluntary sector partners in maintaining appropriate services for the public. The Council uses customer feedback and complaint analysis, both internal and external to drive service change and service improvement.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	There are a number of actions in the Council's Service Plans that have staffing implications. Care is taken to ensure that staff are involved and informed about changes that might affect them, that HR are closely involved and that relevant Council policies are followed. Ensuring staff feel valued and supported especially through periods of challenge and change is a key consideration for the Corporate and Executive Services Management Team.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	The Council uses Equalities Impact assessments to ensure its services are supporting those most in need and not making inequalities worse.

6.4 Legal:	The Council has a statutory duty to report its progress in achieving Best Value. This report is integral to complying with that obligation.
6.5 Finance:	There are no direct implications arising from this report, however increased effective planning and performance management will increase the financial efficiency of the organisation. The actions, measures and risk management described in this report have been delivered within existing approved budgets.
6.6 Assets and Property:	A number of the items in the Directorate and Corporate Plans refer to Council property assets. The acquisition of SLAP brings challenges and opportunities regarding the assets owned by SLAP, however, there are no implications for assets and property arising directly from this report.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	A number of the items in the Directorate and Corporate Plans refer to ICT assets, access and security. Digital First is a key work stream of the Council's Business Transformation Programme, which is the subject of a separate report on today's agenda.
6.8 Environmental:	There are no implications arising directly from this report.
6.9 Risk Management:	Embedding a culture of continuous improvement and customer focus are key aspects of the Council's improvement activity. Effective performance management is an important component of that which requires the production and consideration of these reports. Failure to deliver and embed this increases the risk of the Council working inefficiently, failing to focus on customer needs and being subject to negative external scrutiny. Risk management reporting is a key component of the performance cycle and the Council's Corporate Risk Register is the subject of separate reports on today's agenda.
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	The Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations states: 2.3 Functional Committees 2.3.1 (1) Advise the Policy and Resources Committee and Council in the development of service object policies and plans concerned with service delivery withen functional areas noted below and man performance and 2.2 Policy and Resources Committee
	2.2.1.4 Ensure the effectiveness of the Council's planning and performance management framework.

	The Terms of Reference for Policy and Resources Committee also includes responsibility for decisions with regard to the functions carried out by Corporate and Executive Services.
6.11 Previously considered by:	None

Contact Details:

Christine Ferguson
Director Corporate Services
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10 December 2018

Appendices:

Appendix A – Council Wide Performance Indicators

Appendix B – Complaints Summary

Appendix C – Service Plan Actions

Appendix D – Corporate Services Risk Register

Background Documents:

Corporate Services Directorate Plan 2018/19

Executive and Corporate Services 2018/21 Directorate

http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/report/councils-use-of-arms-length-organisations

Appendix A - PPMF Projects and Actions - Chief Executive and Corporate Services Directorate



Generated on: 11 December 2018

Shetland Partnership Plan 2018-2028

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	tes	Progress	Progress Statement
DP037 Council's			Planned Start	01-Apr-2013		Islands (Scotland) Bill received Royal Assent and became an Act of the Scot
Constitutional Reform project and OIOF campaign	Take a lead role in	We will have made Shetland's voice heard,	Actual Start	01-Apr-2013	62%	Parliament. We now expect to be involuded in the development of the National Islam Plan and Island Proofing Guidelines.
Olor campaign	managing the support to the Council's Constitutional Reform project and OIOF campaign managing the support the support to the Council's Constitutional Reform project and OIOF campaign with regular and meaningful lobbying of Scottish and UK governments and EU bodies on important issues affecting the	ort with regular and meaningful lobbying of Scottish and UK governments and EU bodies on important issues affecting the	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2018	Expected success	Ĭ
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Ø	Continuing to develop thinking around Review of Local Governance.
Executive Services			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	Progressing work on Crown Estate. Shetland Islands Council has successful progressed to stage 2 of the assessment process in the Crown Estate Scotland in management pilot scheme.
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	tes	Progress	Progress Statement
DD400	Embed within the	People in Shetland will	Planned Start	01-May-2017		Project being taken forward through the

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Date	28	Progress	Progress statement
DP160	1	People in Shetland will be feeling more	Planned Start	01-May-2017		Project being taken forward through the Community Choices Board, with initial
budgeting	the participatory budgeting expectations	empowered, listened to and supported to take	Actual Start	01-May-2017	5%	meetings having taken place. Work needs to be focused on the options for mainstreaming participation so that this can
	of the Scottish Government for 1% of	decisions on things that affect them, and to	Original Due Date	30-Sep-2019	Expected success	be developed and aligned with the budget
	the Budget to be	make positive changes	Due Date	30-Sep-2019	②	setting process
Finance		communities	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

People

Individuals and families thrive and reach their full potential

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	tes	Progress	Progress Statement			
			Planned Start	01-Apr-2015		Testing has commenced but due to other authorities going Live with CHRIS 8 in			
DP078 New HR ICT system		Ensuring our Council-	Actual Start	10-Apr-2015	60%	October and November, has resulted in Shetland's "Go Live" date being put back to January 2019. As at today's date [9/10/18]			
	Implement new HR	wide workforce information system can	Original Due Date	30-Apr-2017	Expected success	approx. 30% of Testing has been			
Lead	CHRIS 8 system	fully support our business	Due Date	31-Jan-2019	_	completed.			
Information & Communication Technology		business	Completed Date		Experiencing issues, risk of failure to meet target				
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement			
		d strategy and reference to ensure that buncil is a mer focused teation.	Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		New strategy and charter agreed at Policy and Resources on 18 June 2018. Stage 2 of implementation plan ('embed') is in progress. Customer pledge has been created, which executive managers are signing to indicate their support. Public performance action plan for 2018/19 is in progress. Project on track to deliver			
DP151 Customer First	Embed strategy and charter to ensure that		Actual Start	01-Apr-2017	50%				
	the Council is a customer focused organisation		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2018	Expected success				
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2020	②				
Executive Services			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	required outcomes.			
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	es	Progress	Progress Statement			
	Implement the strategy	ogy	Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		A workforce planning event is taking place on 18 September 2018 that will enable a council-wide approach to be put in place fo workforce and succession planning. This will be followed up to ensure plans at service/directorate and organisation wide			
Workforce Strategy across the counc	across the council and to carry out a review of	The Council will have a workforce that is	Actual Start	25-Oct-2016	70%				
	the workforce requirements in	sustainable, flexible and	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Expected success				
Lead	corporate and executive services.	affordable	Due Date	31-Mar-2020	②	are in place to deliver the actions set out in the workforce strategy.			
Human Resources		JOHNICES.	361 VIOC3.	JOI VIOCO.		Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	es	Progress	Progress Statement
			Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		A number of processes have been identified which are suitable for
DP155 Digital First		We will be working in a more effective way, allowing us to cope with	Actual Start	11-Apr-2017	70%	implementation on the Firm Step platform. Forms have already been designed, some of which will be live by the start of 2018/19,
		reduced resources.	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2018	Expected success	and the expectation is that, as Services engage with the Service Redesign process
Lead	Investigate enablers for Digital Service Delivery	We will be an organisation that	Due Date	31-Jul-2019	Ø	more and more transactions will be
Information & Communication Technology	and implement	encourages creativity, expects co-operation between services and supports the development of new ways of working.	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	identified that can be carried out digitally. Plans are being developed for the replacement of the Council website. The Paperless Council workstream has been amalgamated into the Digital First stream, as the work is closely linked.
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	es	Progress	Progress Statement
	Support the Chief Executive in producing		Planned Start	01-Apr-2018		Council-wide plan to be presented to CMT and Managers Network meeting by end of
DP159 Viewpoint Plan	a Council-wide Viewpoint plan following completion of the staff survey and gain approval from the Wider Management Team for	Corporate Services staff feel valued and	Actual Start	05-Mar-2018	60%	December 2018. This is now being led by the Chief Executive.
		listened to and are supported to reach their full potential	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2021	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2021	Ø	
Human Resources	the implementation of this Plan		Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Date	es	Progress	Progress Statement
			Planned Start	01-Dec-2017		research has been completed to identify further employee benefits that would be
DP160 Employee Engagement	Develop the employee benefits package	The council is seen as an attractive employer	Actual Start	01-Dec-2017	55%	attractive to council staff. Two key schemes identified are financial education and well being advice and buying additional annual
	available to council employees	that is able to recruit and retain its staff	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2021	Expected success	leave. Both will be taken forward with a view to introducing for council staff.
Lead	Cimployees	and retain its stair	Due Date	31-Mar-2021	②	view to introducing for council stan.
Human Resources			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
		Our staff and the public	Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		Six different types of internal communications are regularly produced.
DP206 Communications		will feel more informed about the Council's	Actual Start	01-Apr-2017	75%	Development of digital communications - Twitter, YouTube channel, videos and
		activities, through excellent	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2018	Expected success	promotions.
Lead		communications systems.	Due Date	31-Mar-2019	Ø	
Executive Services			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Da	tes	Progress	Progress Statement
DP221 General			Planned Start	01-Dec-2017		First draft of an Information Register for the Council has been completed. Generic
Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)	Prepare the council for the implementation of	People who use our services know what	Actual Start	01-Dec-2017	40%	Privacy Statement for the Council has been published. A Corporate Privacy Statement Template has been prepared and five
,	the General Data	personal information we hold and how it will be	Original Due Date	30-May-2018	Expected success	service privacy statements published.
Lead	Protection Regulation in May 18	used	Due Date	30-May-2019	Ø	Programme of GDPR briefings for staff commenced. Data Protection Privacy
Governance & Law				Completed Date		Likely to meet target
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Da	tes	Progress	Progress Statement
SP009 Information Management and		5 Year outcome: A cohesive approach to	Planned Start	01-Apr-2018		Steady progress made - some final Departmental IARs and personal info data
Improvement Programme – Year	Information Management and Improvement Programme under the Council's Records	the management of records and information.	Actual Start	16-Jan-2018	35%	flow registers still being worked on.
2		Year 2 Outcomes:	Original Due Date	06-Mar-2019	Expected success	Work to complete the corporate
Lead		. Completed Information Asset	Due Date	06-Mar-2019	Ø	Information Asset Register will commence in October, and expect draft Corporate IAR, Business Classification Scheme and R&D
Governance & Law	Management Plan, designed to achieve compliance with the Public Records (Scotland) Act 2011.	Register . 25% completion of Action Plan [Including: Business Classification Scheme, Records Retention Policy and Procedures]	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	Business Classification Scheme and R&D schedule early in January 2019.

Place

Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP035 Future use			Planned Start	01-Apr-2014		Legal issues clarified. Masterplanning consultant appointed and work underway.
of existing AHS site at Knab	Investigate options for	Continuity of use of site		10-Apr-2015	75%	
	future use of existing AHS site at Knab			31-Mar-2016	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	30-Apr-2019	②	
Capital Programme			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Date	es	Progress	Progress Statement
DP075 Work to improve broadband	By liaising and coordinating the	High-speed broadband availability will ensure	Planned Start	01-Apr-2014		DP 075 Discussions ongoing with SG, particularly regarding how R100 will
availability and bandwidth to SIC	activities of the ICT Service, Economic	that Shetland businesses can	Actual Start	01-Apr-2014	60%	address the most remote areas. BT are still to make some additional provision available through extra cabinets at the end
sites	Development's "Shetland Telecom"	compete on a global basis and Shetland	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2015	Expected success	of the HIE contract. A second bid has been
Lead	Project, HIE BDUK Next Generation Broadband	full use of the	Due Date	31-Mar-2020	_	made for LFFN (Local Full Fibre Network) funding, through the DCMS, for fibre to
Information & Communication Technology	Project and Community Broadband Scotland through the ICT Network Strategy Programme Board	increasing number of bandwidth-intensive services that use broadband as a delivery mechanism.	Completed Date		Experiencing issues, risk of failure to meet target	Unst and Yell, as the first bid failed. Good progress is being made with the bid, with visit this week from DCMS - they are expressing a strong interest in the project.
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Date	es	Progress	Progress Statement
		We will have a better understanding of the	Planned Start	01-Mar-2017		Revised asset strategy due Summer '19
DP162 Property rationalisation	Service redesign project to rationalise and make	number of assets we can afford with the	Actual Start	01-Mar-2017	20%	
	best use of the properties which the	resources we have available, and will have	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2021	Expected success	
Lead	Council operates	reduced the number of buildings we have staff	Due Date	31-Mar-2021	②	
Capital Programme		in	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Money	ney All households can afford to have a good standard of living							
Code & T	Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Date	es	Progress	Progress Statement	
DP152	Commissioning & Procurement Establish new		Embed a culture of	Planned Start	16-Apr-2018		Guidance and procedures uploaded to intranet	
			robust, effective and efficient procurement and commissioning that	Actual Start	30-Nov-2018	10%		
Framew	WOIK	officient progurement	delivers best value in	Original Due Date	22-Mar-2019	Expected success		
Lead		·	relation to the goods and services the council	Due Date	22-Mar-2019	②		
Capital	Programme		needs	Completed Date		Likely to meet target		
Code & 7	Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Date	es	Progress	Progress Statement	
DD161 I		Develop the MTFP to reflect the chosen	Excellent financial-	Planned Start	01-Feb-2018		Refreshed MTFP prepared for Council on 22/08/2018. Further work by CMT and	
	inancial	priorities of the Council	management arrangements will make	Actual Start	22-Aug-2018	75%	Councillors to refine action plan to deliver prioritisation of outcomes.	
		modelling and incorporate the medium		Original Due Date	30-Jun-2019	Expected success		
Lead		term Service Redesign	a a	Due Date	30-Jun-2019	②		
Finance	e	financial plans	our means	Completed Date		Likely to meet target		

Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	es	Progress	Progress Statement
DP216 Complete Commissioning Guidance Create concise		Embed a culture of	Planned Start	01-Mar-2017		Summary document produced and circulated to managers and commissioning
		robust, effective and efficient procurement	Actual Start	01-Mar-2017	80%	officers. More work required on on-line templates.
	commissioning and procurement guidance	and commissioning that delivers best value in	Original Due Date	27-Jun-2018	Expected success	
Lead	production galdaned	relation to the goods and services the counci	Due Date	31-Mar-2019	②	Discussions with Scotland Excel planned to
Capital Programme		needs	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	ensure congruence with national frameworks
Code & Title	Description	Long-term Outcome	Dat	es	Progress	Progress Statement
SP009 Information Management and		5 Year outcome: A cohesive approach to	Planned Start	01-Apr-2018		Steady progress made - some final Departmental IARs and personal info data
Improvement Programme – Year	Information	the management of records and information.	Actual Start	16-Jan-2018	35%	flow registers still being worked on.
2	Management and Improvement	Year 2 Outcomes:	Original Due Date	06-Mar-2019	Expected success	Work to complete the corporate
Lead	Programme under the Council's Records	. Completed Information Asset	Due Date	06-Mar-2019	②	Information Asset Register will commence in October, and expect draft Corporate IAR,
Governance & Law	Management Plan, designed to achieve compliance with the Public Records (Scotland) Act 2011.	Register . 25% completion of Action Plan [Including: Business Classification Scheme, Records Retention Policy and RM Policy and Procedures]	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	Business Classification Scheme and R&D schedule early in January 2019.

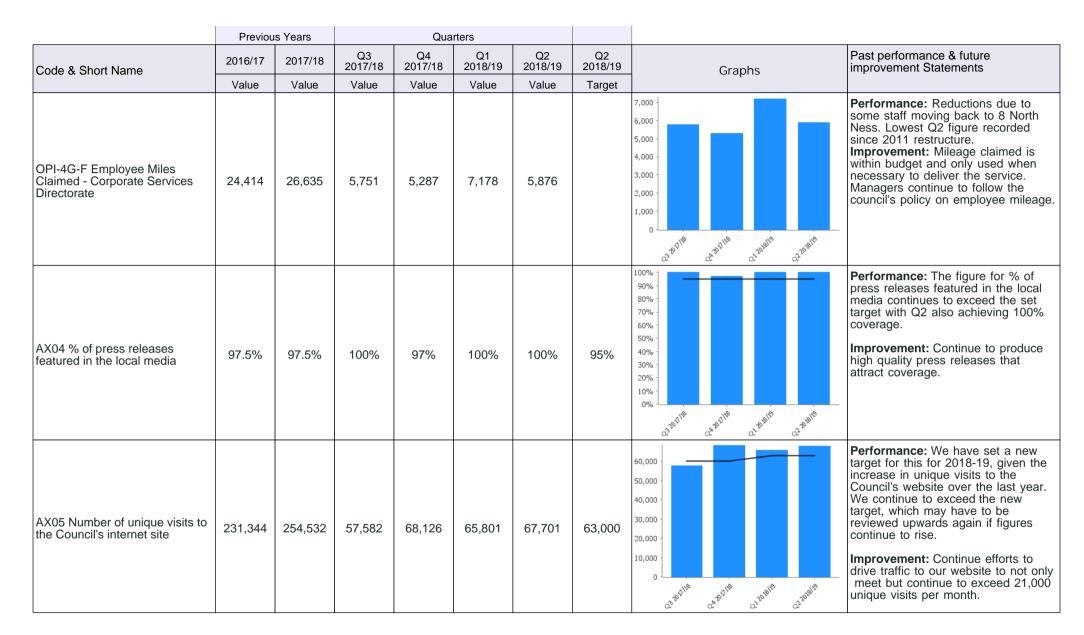
Appendix B - PPMF Performance Indicators (Quarterly)- Chief Executive and Corporate Services Directorate

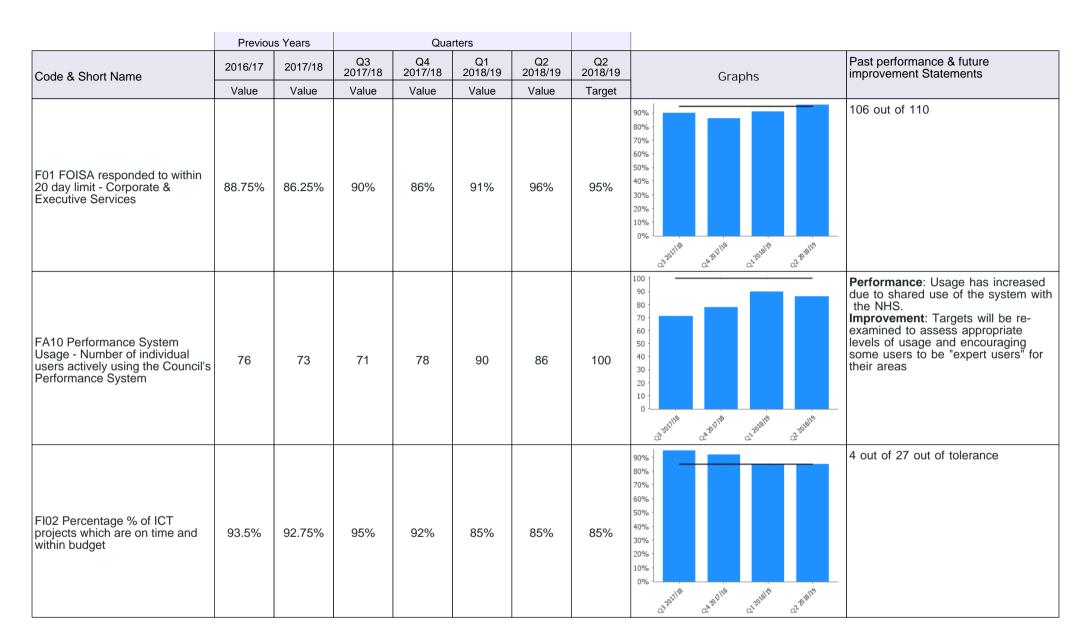


Generated on: 11 December 2018

	Previou	s Years		Qua	rters				
Code & Short Name	2016/17	2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2018/19	Graphs	Past performance & future improvement Statements
	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Target	J. 35.15	
OPI-4C-A Sick %age - Chief Executive's "Directorate"	1.2%	2.9%	2.2%	5.9%	3.3%	3.0%	4.0%	7.0% 6.0% - 5.0% - 4.0% - 4.0% - 0.0%	Performance can be impacted upon by a single longer-term absence. However, these figures are at a positive level and well below the Council target that we expect to maintain. Improvement: We will continue to monitor closely and hope to maintain these good results.
OPI-4C-F Sick %age - Corporate Services Directorate	1.9%	2.6%	2.3%	2.4%	1.6%	1.2%	4.0%	5.0% 4.5% 4.0% 3.5% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.5% 0.0%	Performance: Significant decrease in Q1 sickness levels since last Q1 (1.4% compared to 2.3%). Improvement: We continue to apply the Council's "maximising attendance" policies and procedures and we predict that the levels in the Directorate will remain below target and well below the average for the Council for 18/19.

	Previou	ıs Years		Qua	rters			
Code & Short Name	2016/17	2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2018/19	Past performance & future improvement Statements
	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Target	'
OPI-4E-A Overtime Hours - Chief Executive's "Directorate"	187	162	39	62	42	120		Performance: The change in this year was due to the Town Hall being closed as a venue while work on the windows is undertaken. Improvement: These hours relate to overtime that is necessary to provide staff for evening hires at the Town Hall. The cost of these hours is covered through income.
OPI-4E-F Overtime Hours - Corporate Services Directorate	1,262	1,810	517	407	248	247		Performance: Q1 shows a further decrease in overtime hours. Q1 hours have decreased for 4 years in a row lmprovement: Current action is cost effective and no improvement action is planned.
OPI-4G-A Employee Miles Claimed - Chief Executive's "Directorate"	1,732	1,509	424	271	75	0		400 - 350 - 300 - 250 - 200 - 150 - 100 - 50 - 0 - 25 Marins





	Previou	ıs Years		Qua	rters			
Code & Short Name	2016/17	2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2018/19	Past performance & future improvement Statements
	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Target	
FL01 Data Subject Requests - % responded to within 30 days	81.38%	83.25%	83%	100%	100%	63%	100%	100% - 90% - 80% - 70% - 60% - 50% - 40% - 30% - 20% - 10% - 0% - 20% - 10% - 0% - 20% - 10% - 0% - 20

-32

Appendix B (cont) - Sickness Absences - All Directorates (for comparison)

NOTE: Sickness absences are seasonal, therefore quarters are compared to the same quarters in previous years

Generated on: 11 December 2018

	Years 2 years a			2 years ago	Last year	This year	
Short Name	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Q2 2016/17	Q2 2017/18	Q2 2018/19
	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Sickness Percentage - Whole Council	4.2%	3.7%	3.1%	4.0%	2.6%	3.4%	3.5%
Sick %age - Chief Executive's "Directorate"	2.4%	3.5%	1.2%	2.9%	1.5%	2.2%	3.0%
Sick %age - Children's Services Directorate	3.7%	2.9%	2.5%	3.5%	1.8%	2.3%	2.4%
Sick %age - Community Health & Social Care Directorate	6.0%	5.6%	5.2%	6.3%	4.1%	5.6%	5.5%
Sick %age - Corporate Services Directorate	2.4%	1.8%	1.9%	2.6%	1.8%	3.4%	1.2%
Sick %age - Development Directorate	4.2%	3.5%	2.9%	2.8%	3.0%	3.1%	4.6%
Sick %age - Infrastructure Directorate	4.0%	3.8%	2.4%	3.3%	2.2%	2.9%	3.8%

Appendix C - Complaints - Chief Executive & Corporate



This shows all complaints that were open during the Quarter. Frontline complaints should be closed within 5 working days Investigations should be closed within 20 working days

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Standard of service received

ID	Stage Title	Received Date	Status	Closed Date	Service / Directorate Days Elapsed	Complaint Upheld?
COM-18/19-803	Frontline	21-Jun-2018	Closed	04-Jul-2018	Governance and Law 9	Partially Upheld
Failure to follo	ow administrativ	e process				
ID	Stage Title	Received Date	Status	Closed Date	Service / Directorate Days Elapsed	Complaint Upheld?
COM-18/19-809	Investigation	16-Jul-2018	Closed	23-Jul-2018	Governance and Law 5	Partially Upheld

Appendix D - Summary of ALL Service Plan actions for the Directorate for 2018/19

Generated on: 11 December 2018

Audit, Risk & Improvement

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SP626 Agree risk based audit plan for 18/19 in conjunction with CMT & Directors	29-Mar-2017	30-Apr-2018	100%
SP621 Internal Audit - 2017/18 Plan	19-Jun-2017	31-May-2018	99%
SP632 Assess risk management against national performance standard.		31-Jul-2018	0%
SP631 Report on organisations progress against Risk Management Strategy	25-Jun-2017	30-Sep-2018	100%
SP753 Trial Pentana as replacement for FOI database	15-Mar-2018	30-Nov-2018	60%
SP025 Performance Management Framework	15-Jan-2016	01-Dec-2018	95%
SP597 Covalent policies and procedures revised and developed.	29-Mar-2017	31-Dec-2018	75%
SP624 Performance Management reviews of Services	01-Feb-2018	31-Dec-2018	70%

Capital Programme

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SP671 AHS Gressy Loan site	01-Apr-2017	30-May-2018	60%
DP217 Property rationalisation	18-Feb-2015	31-May-2018	80%
DP216 Complete Commissioning Guidance	01-Mar-2017	31-Mar-2019	80%
DP035 Future use of existing AHS site at Knab	10-Apr-2015	30-Apr-2019	75%
DP162 Property rationalisation	01-Mar-2017	31-Mar-2021	20%

Corporate Services Directorate

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SRP03 Paperless Council Meetings	14-Feb-2018	31-Mar-2022	0%
SRP04 Shared Services	14-Feb-2018	31-Mar-2022	0%
SRP13 Receptions/Single Service Point	14-Feb-2018	31-Mar-2022	0%

Executive Services

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
DP206 Communications	01-Apr-2017	31-Mar-2019	75%
DP151 Customer First	01-Apr-2017	31-Mar-2020	50%
SP512 Islands Deal	01-Apr-2016	31-Mar-2020	25%
SP514 Town Hall Marketing and Promotion	01-Apr-2017	31-Mar-2020	70%
DP037 Council's Constitutional Reform project and OIOF campaign	01-Apr-2013	31-Mar-2022	62%
SP515 Member Development Programme	01-Feb-2017	31-Mar-2022	30%

Finance

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SP622 8 North Ness Repatriation	22-Feb-2018	30-Dec-2018	5%
SP485 Digital First	04-Jun-2018	31-Dec-2018	0%
SP068 Migration from CHRIS 7 to CHRIS 8.	10-Apr-2015	31-Jan-2019	60%
SP482 Pension Reform - GMP Reconciliation	01-Apr-2016	31-Mar-2019	75%
SP615 Business Transformation Progress	01-Apr-2017	31-Mar-2019	0%
SP617 Payroll Intranet Page	15-Feb-2018	31-Mar-2019	50%
SP618 Pensions Website	15-Feb-2018	31-Mar-2019	5%
DP161 Medium Term Financial Plan	22-Aug-2018	30-Jun-2019	75%
DP160 Participatory budgeting expectations	01-May-2017	30-Sep-2019	5%

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SP620 E-invoicing	04-Jun-2018	01-Apr-2020	10%
SP616 Pension Member Self Service Facility		31-Dec-2020	0%
SP059 Welfare Reform changes	10-Apr-2015	31-Mar-2022	30%
SP621 Building Better Business Cases	07-Jan-2018	31-Dec-2023	0%

Governance & Law

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
DP220 Insurance project	30-Aug-2017	23-May-2018	100%
SP072 Community Resilience across Shetland	20-Oct-2015	31-Aug-2018	25%
SP493 Licensing Board Policy	22-Sep-2017	30-Nov-2018	100%
SP501 Covalent Access		31-Dec-2018	0%
DP221 General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)	01-Dec-2017	30-May-2019	40%

Human Resources

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SP380 New Occupational Road Risk Policy	01-Mar-2016	28-Feb-2019	75%
SP641 Employee Benefits Package	02-Oct-2017	29-Mar-2019	35%
SP644 Launch council-wide approach to workforce planning	05-Mar-2018	29-Mar-2019	80%
SP710 Employability	05-Jun-2017	29-Mar-2019	80%
SP642 GDPR	05-Mar-2018	31-Mar-2019	50%
SP640 Digital Leadership Skills	05-Mar-2018	31-May-2019	90%
DP153 Implement Workforce Strategy	25-Oct-2016	31-Mar-2020	70%
DP160 Employee Engagement	01-Dec-2017	31-Mar-2021	55%

Information & Communication Technology

Code & Title	Start Date	Due Date	Progress
SP510 Public Facing Website Review and Content Management System Project	02-May-2017	31-Jul-2018	5%
DP078 New HR ICT system	10-Apr-2015	31-Jan-2019	60%
SP512 Social Care System Replacement		31-Mar-2019	0%
DP155 Digital First	11-Apr-2017	31-Jul-2019	70%
DP075 Work to improve broadband availability and bandwidth to SIC sites	01-Apr-2014	31-Mar-2020	60%

Shetland Islands Council

Risk Register - Corporate Services

Risk & Details Likelihood Impact

Risk Current and Planned Control Measures

Probabilty

Possible

Date: 11 December 2018

Impact

Risk

Profile

Significant Medium Christine

Target

Responsible Officer

Ferguson

Corporate

Services

Category

Corporate Plan

Reducing year on year budgets present a significant challenge to all parts of the Council. Significant reductions in revenue budgets have been achieved to date, but applying the same savings requirements to all Services is no longer appropriate and service redesign is required in order that the organisation can continue to deliver an adequate level of services with a smaller, and reducing, budget. The Business Transformation Programme aims to put mechanisms in place that support and allow for service redesign projects across many parts of the organisation. The risk is that the Council is not recognising the challenges that lie ahead or that it lacks the expertise, support or resources required to deliver change. Without a clear understanding of the need for change and motivation to implement change the financial consequences will accumulate and ultimately lead to unintended but necessary draconian measures.

Trigger: Reducing amounts of Scottish Government Grant received annually, increasing demand for services in certain areas of the Council results in cost / Service reduction in other areas, an inability for continued financial support being provided by the Council itself are all triggers for this approach.

Consequences: The required changes may not happen or are delayed and not be completed by the time they are required to be in place.

The BTP and other organisational changes do not adequately support and provide for service redesign, the organisational environment is not optimal to facilitate service redesign, services are not equipped to deliver service redesign. Savings are not achievable, overspend, unsustainable draw on reserves.

Risk type: Change management failure

Reference - B0012

Corporate

Possible

F8. Our "20 by '20" - Efficient

Profile

Major A range of measures are in place
 The Council is working to deliver a range of changes via the BTP, which support service redesign, all within an appropriate governance structure. •Service redesign is being driven at a corporate level and has

- an appropriate governance structure.
- •Corporate Services Directorate Management Team closely monitor progress against plans and timescales
- •The budgets for 2018/19 set out the expected service redesian deliverables.
- •The council has agreed to Strategic Outline Cases being prepared by mid-May so that prioritisation and further work can be informed by Councillors in the following Council cycle.

Category	Director	ate						
Corporate Plan	F1. Our '	20 by '20)" - Lea	dership & Management				
It is recognised that there is a risk across the Council that work will not be scheduled or completed timeously as there is an anticipated increase in workload across all departments in the coming months. This is due to additional work needed on service redesign projects and the activities associated with budget setting for future years. The outcome of the EU Referendum is likely to have a significant impact in the months and years to come. There may be an opportunity cost should other planned work be displaced. Trigger: Additional work needed on service redesign projects and the activities associated with budget setting for future years. The outcome of the EU Referendum is likely to have a significant impact in the months and years to come. Consequences: There may be an opportunity cost should other planned work be displaced. Risk type: Deadlines - failure to meet Reference - B0009	Likely	Significa nt	High	Corporate Services management team will keep work programmes under review and report issues to CMT and P&R Committee as appropriate. Redesign work e.g. work to implement the Commissioning and Procurement Framework, the actions from the Third Sector Review and the implementation of the Community Empowerment Act will be supported by additional project resources funded by the Funding for Change budget.	Possible	Significant	Medium	Christine Ferguson Corporate Services
Corporate Plan	F10. Our	"20 By "2	20" - Co	ommunication				
The bulk of Corporate Services' staff are based at 8 North Ness along with Planning and Building Control Service. On 20th September 2016, and at short-notice, the building required to be vacated because of concerns re the structural integrity of the building- staff are currently at various locations through Lerwick in temporary accommodation. Trigger: North Ness building was vacated on 20th Sept 2016 at short notice Consequences: Impact on efficient operations - it is challenging to maintain communications when staff previously took advantage of sharing a building and where discussions, both formal and informal, were straight-forward. There is therefore an opportunity cost. There will be further work required to implement the return to North Ness. Risk type: Communications poor Reference - B0010	Possible			Plans have been prepared in advance of the return to North Ness, staff are kept informed, and discussions ongoing in order to resolve any issues. The return to the building is being phased, with Capital programme staff, the Director of Corporate Services, HR, Planning and Building Standards already relocated to 8 North Ness and remaining staff expected to return early in 2019.	Unlikely	Minor	Low	Robert Sincl Corporate Services

Corporate Plan	F8. Our '	"20 by '20)" - Effi	_				
Potential for a reduction in financial resilience due to the failure to deliver the current year budget. Trigger: Overspending. Making inappropriate spending / resource decisions. Income from customers lower than anticipated. Consequences: Draw from Council reserves, ultimately if not addressed, reserves run out. No flexibility to address unexpected or unplanned situations that might arise. Risk type: Economic / Financial - Other Reference - B0006	Unlikely	Extreme	High	A robust process of budget setting, performance monitoring and engagement between Finance and Service is in place. This will ensure that Council finances are under constant scrutiny and regularly reported through management and to Committees. It provides opportunity for the Council to take corrective action as soon as possible and to minimise any impact. The Council has in place financial regulations and procedures to provide controls for finance within which officers must operate. Engagement with Councillors through seminars and individual meetings as required is a feature of the process.	Unlikely	Major	(Jamie Manson Corporate Services
Historic cash investment in Shetland's infrastructure, pressure now on capital funding for future investment - The Council invested heavily in Shetland's infrastructure in the 1980s, and funded those investments from income generated from the oil industry. That infrastructure is now aging and will progressively need to be replaced. However, the financial situation is now tighter which means funding is not readily available. Trigger: Failure to approve an affordable capital investment programme. Expenditure overruns on capital projects. Inappropriate decision making and failure to prioritise use of scarce funding. Consequences: Challenging to finance the replacement of various assets. A return to budget deficits and crisis management of assets/properties. Budgets reduced in other areas due to having to maintain too many operational assets/properties. Risk type: Economic - Other Reference - B0007	Unlikely	Extreme	High	Council adopted gateway process and building better business cases approach to capital investment project approval.	Unlikely	Major	(Jamie Manson Corporate Services

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Policy & Resources Committee	19 December 2018
	Shetland Islands Council	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Chair's Report Environment and Transport Committee – 11 December 2018 Management Accounts for Environment & Transport Committee: 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	
Reference Number:	P&R&SIC - 1219 – F081	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Policy and Resources Committee recommends that the Council **APPROVE** the proposed new waste disposal charges set out in detail in Appendix 1, with effect from 20 December 2018.

2.0 Report:

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to consider a recommendation from the Chair of Environment and Transport Committee in relation to a report requiring a decision of Policy and Resources Committee and Shetland Islands Council.
- 2.2 Since the approval of the 2018/19 budget, revisions to the budget have been incorporated for the Council's budget carry-forward scheme. Therefore the report presented to Environment and Transport Committee on 11 December 2018 refers to the revised budget that is now in place for each of the services.
- 2.3 A review of the waste disposal charges at the Energy Recovery Plant has been undertaken in light of new waste enquiries and in line with the Council's Charging Policy. The findings from the review are that new charges should be introduced to cover the additional costs.
- 2.4 The estimated additional income from the proposed new waste disposal income charges for 2018/19 is £100k, and will contribute to the reduction of the projected overspend position.

3.0 Exempt and/or Confidential Information:

3.1 None.

4.0 Implications:

- 4.1 Detailed information concerning the proposals was contained within the report, which includes the strategic and resources implications for the Council.
- 4.2 Copies of the report can also be accessed via the Council's website at the link shown below, or by contacting Committee Services.
- 4.3 There are no additional implications to be considered by the Council.

Previously	Environment and Transport Committee	11 December 2018
considered by:		

For further information please contact:

Mr R Thomson, Chair of Environment and Transport Committee 12 December 2018

Appendices:

Appendix 1 - Energy Recovery Plant - Proposed New Income Charges

Background documents:

Report to Environment and Transport Committee – 11 December 2018 http://www.shetland.gov.uk/coins/Agenda.asp?meetingid=5850

END

Energy Recovery Plant Proposed New Income Charges:

Item	Unit	Existing Charge	New Charge
		£	£
Difficult Waste	per tonne	N/A	143.95
	minimum charge up to 200kg	N/A	28.79
Waste Requiring Extra Handling	per tonne	N/A	116.00
	minimum charge up to 200kg	N/A	23.20
Fish Waste	per tonne	56.50	205.00
	minimum charge up to 200kg	11.30	41.00
Unacceptable Waste	per load	N/A	28.79
Weighbridge Cards	per card	N/A	20.00
Occasional Customers	minimum charge up to 400kg	N/A	22.60
	minimum charge up to 200kg no longer applies	11.30	N/A

Details of Requirement for Changes and New Charges:

Difficult Waste

An enquiry has been made from the local NFU about the most suitable disposal route for silage bale wrap and from the NHS for disposal of clinical waste. This type of waste is difficult to incinerate because it has a high calorific value. It could be accepted at the Energy Recovery Plant in small quantities if it was mixed well with other waste prior to incineration. It is proposed to set the charge at £143.95/tonne (minimum charge of £28.79 for loads up to 200 kg). This is the same charge as standard waste being landfilled. If the Plant was unable to accept this waste for operational reasons then the customers could be re-directed to Gremista Waste Management Facility and would be charged the same rate. In future, there may be other waste that can only be accepted at the Plant in controlled quantities and this charge would be applied.

Waste Requiring Extra Handling

An enquiry has been made about disposing of waste at the Energy Recovery Plant. The waste normally goes to the sorting shed at Gremista Waste Management Facility in skips where it is mixed with other waste and then transported to the Plant. This waste is not suitable for recycling. The company has proposed using compactor units and taking the waste directly to the Plant. Accepting this waste in compactor units will require assistance from Plant staff when offloading and also extra mixing of waste prior to incineration. It will also involve installing equipment to deal with the compactor units which is estimated to cost £500 and payback would be approximately 2 months. It is proposed to set the same charge as waste going to the sorting shed - £116.00/tonne (minimum charge of £23.20 for loads up to 200 kg). In future, there may be other waste that can be diverted from the sorting shed and this charge would apply.

Fish Waste

The Energy Recovery Plant currently limits the quantities of fish waste (mainly salmon) that it accepts. Fish waste has a low calorific value and has to be mixed well with other waste prior to incineration. The calorific value of incoming waste is changing due to factors such as the introduction of kerbside recycling in Shetland. The Plant may accept waste with a higher calorific value in future so the amount of fish waste being incinerated could also be increased. It is proposed to increase the charge from £56.50/tonne to £205.00/tonne (minimum charge £41.00 for loads up to 200 kg). This will increase the income for the Plant but is considerably less than other disposal routes available to local salmon companies.

Unacceptable Waste

There are occasions when waste that is unsuitable for incineration is tipped into the bunker. The waste has to be removed by Energy Recovery Plant staff and then disposed of at the Gremista Waste Management Facility. Currently there is no charge applied for unacceptable waste and it is proposed to charge customers £28.79 per load.

Weighbridge Cards

Regular users of the Energy Recovery Plant are issued with cards for operating the unmanned weighbridge. Currently there is no charge for the cards and it is proposed to charge £20 per card to cover costs and administration.

Occasional Customers

There are businesses and organisations that occasionally dispose of waste at the Plant. This involves administrative time for completing Duty of Care Waste Transfer Notes and operator time for assisting with the weighbridge and offloading waste. It is proposed to increase the minimum charge to £22.60 for loads up to 400 kg (the current minimum charge is £11.30 for loads up to 200 kg). The charge for weights over 400 kg would remain at £56.60/tonne.

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

3

Meeting(s):	Policy and Resources Committee Shetland Islands Council	Date: 19 December 2018 Date: 19 December 2018					
Report Title:		nent Accounts for Community Health and Social Care te 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2					
Reference	F-078						
Number:							
Author /	Jamie Manson, Executive Manager - Finance						
Job Title:							

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

- 1.1 The Policy and Resources Committee RESOLVES to review the Management Accounts for the Community Health and Social Care Directorate showing the projected outturn position at Quarter 2.
- 1.2 The Policy and Resources Committee RECOMMEND to the Council that it approves an increase in the payment for 2018/19 to the Community Health and Social Care Partnership Integration Joint Board of £130k, recognising the transfer of Cost Pressure and Contingency budget held by the Council and miscellaneous budget changes, as detailed at 4.2 below. This will increase the payment for 2018/19 to £20.955m.
- 1.3 That the Policy and Resources Committee agree the actions set out by the Director of Community Health and Social care in paragraph 4.5 to mitigate the projected overspend.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to enable the Policy and Resources Committee to monitor the financial performance of services within the Community Health and Social Care (CH&SC) Directorate to ensure that Members are aware of the forecast income and expenditure and the impact that this will have with regard to delivering the approved budget. This report shows the projected financial consequences of the service performance detailed in the CH&SC Directorate performance reports, and allows the Committee the opportunity to provide instruction to officers to address any forecast overspends in order that the budget is delivered by year-end.
- 2.2 On 14 February 2018 (SIC Min Ref: 5/18) the Council approved the 2018/19 revenue and capital budgets for the Council (including the General Fund, Harbour Account, Housing Revenue Account and Spend to Save) requiring a draw from reserves of £11.734m. It is vital to the economic wellbeing of the Council that the financial resources are managed effectively and expenditure and income is delivered in line with the budget, as any overspends will result in a further draw on reserves and would be evidence that the Council is living beyond its means.

- 2.3 This report forms part of the financial governance and stewardship framework which ensures that the financial position of the Council is acknowledged, understood and quantified on a regular basis. It provides assurance to the Corporate Management Team and the Committee that resources are being managed effectively and allows corrective action to be taken where necessary.
- 2.4 Since the approval of the 2018/19 budget, revisions to the budget have been incorporated for the Council's budget carry-forward scheme. Therefore this report refers to the revised budget that is now in place for each of the services.
- 2.5 The Council delegated the functions of the CH&SC Directorate to the Integration Joint Board (IJB). The Council and NHS Shetland approve a contribution to the IJB, and then receive a distribution of those resources from the IJB to carry out services as directed by it. Management accounts showing the financial position for all delegated functions of the IJB are prepared and presented by the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) to the IJB on a quarterly basis to ensure adequate financial monitoring can be performed by the IJB.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 There is a specific objective in the Corporate Plan that the Council will have excellent financial management arrangements to ensure that it continues to keep a balanced and sustainable budget, and is living within its means; and that the Council continues to pursue a range of measures which will enable effective and successful management of its finances over the medium to long term. This involves correct alignment of the Council's resources with its priorities and expected outcomes, and maintaining a strong and resilient balance sheet.
- 3.2 The IJB's vision, aims and strategic objectives are set out in the Integration Scheme and the Strategic Plan 2017-20. The IJB is provided with quarterly financial monitoring reports to enable the IJB to manage in year financial performance of the integrated budget and to monitor performance against its Strategic Commissioning Plan.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 This report presents the projected outturn position for 2018/19 as at the end of the second quarter for revenue and capital. The forecasts have been determined by Finance Services after consultation with the relevant budget responsible officers. The capital budgets are not delegated to the IJB.
- 4.2 The Council approved a contribution to the IJB of £20.807m in February 2018, forecasting that it would receive £22.070m in order to deliver the range of services, as defined by the IJB's Strategic Plan. An increase of £18k was approved to recognise carry-forward funding allocated as per the Council's budget carry-forward scheme. A further increase to the contribution of £130k is now proposed recognising the transfer of Cost Pressure and Contingency budget, which will increase the contribution to the IJB to £20.955m.
- 4.3 The projected revenue outturn position against revised budgets delegated to the IJB is an overspend of £445k, which means the services in the CH&SC Directorate are collectively projected to spend more than their approved revenue budget.

- 4.4 Included within the budget is the following service redesign proposal:
 - Redesign Mental Health (£200k) the saving is not anticipated to be realised during 2018/19. A project team has been established and a timetable agreed to undertake the work, however implementation is not expected until February 2019.
- 4.5 The Director of CH&SC Directorate has instructed a review be undertaken of the current operational decision to provide 50% back-fill of senior social care workers' time allocated in residential care rotas, for which there is no budget in 2018/19. In order to mitigate the later arrival of savings through Mental Health Redesign and projected cost pressures, there are short term measures also being instigated. These include delays to recruitment where this is manageable, and more forensic examination of vacancies that are not front line delivery. Whilst redesign around these vacancies is considered, non-recurrent savings will be generated by having them unfilled. Every effort will be made to limit non pay expenditure and ensure all income is secured.
- 4.6 The projected capital outturn position for the CH&SC Directorate is an underspend of £289k in 2018/19, which means the services in this Committee area are collectively projected to spend less than their Council approved capital budget.
- 4.7 See appendices 1 and 2 (attached) for detailed information on the revenue and capital outturn positions.
- 4.8 Provision was made in the Council's 2018/19 Budget for cost pressures and contingencies. It is held centrally by the Executive Manager Finance.
- 4.9 Cost pressures are recurring in nature and increase the base cost of the service being delivered, eg apprenticeship levy, whereas contingency items are deemed non-recurring and likely to vary year on year eg ferry breakdowns.
- 4.10 This approach assists the Council to mitigate any spending risks. However, it is expected that services will endeavour, in the first instance, to meet any additional costs from within existing resources.
- 4.11 Contingency budget of £130k has been applied to Community Health and Social Care Directorate's budgets in Quarter 2. This is to cover the increase in costs for sleep ins following a change in legislation on 1st September 2018, which requires that national minimum living wage is paid, instead of a sleep in allowance.
- 4.12 The strategic planning and distribution of funding for the services of the CH&SC Directorate for 2018/19 has been delegated to the IJB. The focus of this report is to allow Members to understand the Council's performance in managing the financial aspects of service delivery. This is different from the overall financial position of the IJB. The overall position of the IJB is relevant however in terms of the impact that the financial position might have on the Council. An example of this is where overspending has occurred by one, or both the partners, then with reference to the Integration Scheme there is a process that required to be followed. This is of relevance to the Council, as a partner and a funder.

- 4.13 The projected outturn position at Q2 for the IJB overall is attached at Appendix 3 for reference.
- 4.14 Members will note there is a projected overspend in the NHS Shetland (NHSS) arm of the IJB budget (£4.955m) and an overspend of (£445k) in the Council arm of the IJB budgets, as detailed above.
- 4.15 The Integration Scheme sets out how over/under spends affecting the budgets allocated for the delegated functions will be addressed.
- 4.16 The IJB has a Recovery Plan in place (see Appendix 4) to address the efficiency savings required in both the NHSS and Council arms of the budget in 2018/19. Savings of £2.277m are required by the Plan but no savings have been identified against this target for the year-to-date.
- 4.17 Any overspend in the NHSS arm of the operational budget will be funded from NHSS underspends in other directorates and/or its central contingency budget as a one-off additional payment to the IJB. If NHSS cannot achieve overall financial balance it may need to seek Brokerage from the Scottish Government.
- 4.18 Any overspend in the Council arm of the operational budget will be initially sought from non-recurrent savings within CH&SC Directorate budgets and if that is unsuccessful will be met from the Council's central contingency budget as a one-off additional payment to the IJB.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None.

6.0 Implications :						
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	None					
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	The workforce issues referred to in this report are being actively managed and monitored to ensure that there is minimal impact on staff and on services they provide. Recruitment continues to be a priority focus for the management team working closely with HR.					
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	None					
6.4 Legal:	There are legal implications with regard to the delegation of statutory functions of the Council and NHSS to the IJB by each Party in order to deliver the delegated functions for that Party. These are set out in the Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014, the associated Regulations and Guidance. The Council, NHSS and the IJB must adhere to the terms of the Integration Scheme approved by the Scottish Government under the terms of the Public Bodies Act. This includes a section on Finance with details regarding the treatment of under/overspends.					

6.5 Finance:	The 2018/19 Council Budget does not require a draw on reserves in excess of the returns that the fund managers can make on average in a year, and therefore demonstrates that the Council is living within its means. For every £1m of reserves spent in excess of a sustainable level will mean that the Council will have to make additional savings of £73k each year in the future as a result of not being able to invest that £1m with fund managers to make a return. It is therefore vital that the Council delivers its 2018/19 budget. This report demonstrates that the services within the Community Health and Social Care Directorate are collectively projecting to spend more than their Council approved budget.
6.6 Assets and Property:	None
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	None
6.8 Environmental:	None
6.9 Risk Management:	There are numerous risks involved in the delivery of services and the awareness of these risks is critical to successful financial management. From a financial perspective, risks are an integral part of planning for the future, as assumptions are required to be made. These assumptions can be affected by many internal and external factors, such as supply and demand, which may
	The most significant financial risk for services within the Community Health and Social Care Directorate relate to unexpected demand for services, which may be costly depending on the circumstances.
	There are other risks which arise as a result of the integrated approach that is now required, particularly where it may impact on the Council financially.
	The Recovery Plan in place due to the projected overspends of both parties, poses a risk to the Council. If CH&SC Directorate are unable to find the required savings within their delegated budgets, the Council will be required to make a one-off payment to balance its arm of the budget. The overspends inherent in NHSS delegated budgets also pose a risk to the Council as a partner, because the level of savings

required has not been achieved in successive years, with reliance on non-recurring savings each year in order for NHSS to breakeven. The risk was mitigated in previous years as NHSS agreed to make additional contributions to cover this overspends, however NHSS have indicated that they may not be able to do so in future years.

This report is part of the framework that provides assurance, or recognition of any deviation from the budget that may place the Council in a financially challenging position and requires remedial action.

The Council makes provision within its budget for cost pressures and contingencies that may arise. This approach provides additional confidence for the Council to be able to mitigate any adverse financial circumstances.

A strong balance sheet and the availability of usable reserves ensure that the Council is prepared for significant unforeseen events.

Any draw on reserves beyond the Council's sustainable level would have an adverse impact on the level of returns from the Council's long-term investments. This situation would require to be addressed quickly to ensure no long term erosion of the investments.

The Community Health and Social Care Directorate maintains its own Risk Register.

The Integration Scheme includes a dispute resolution mechanism which should be followed where either of the Parties fails to agree with the other on any issue related to the Integration Scheme, including financial issues.

6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:

Section 2.1.2(3) of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations states that the Committee may exercise and perform all powers and duties of the Council in relation to any function, matter, service or undertaking delegated to it by the Council. The Council approved both revenue and capital budgets for the 2018/19 financial year. This report provides information to enable the Committee to ensure that the services within its remit are operating within the approved budgets.

The Council's Financial Regulations state that the Executive Manager - Finance has a responsibility to ensure that detailed monitoring by Directors and Executive Managers is carried out and that the Council will determine the reporting content, timescale, frequency and receiving committee(s) required for monitoring statements and the Executive Manager - Finance will be responsible for ensuring compliance with this.

6.11	n/a	n/a
Previously		
considered by:		

Contact Details:

Sheila Duncan, Management Accountant, sheila.duncan@shetland.gov.uk, 14 November 2018

Appendices:

Appendix 1 – Community Health and Social Care Directorate Projected Revenue Outturn Position 2018/19

Appendix 2 – Community Health and Social Care Directorate Projected Capital Outturn Position 2018/19

Appendix 3 – Overall Projected Outturn Position for the Integration Joint Board for 2018/19 Appendix 4 – Projected Outturn Position for the IJB Recovery Plan.

Background Documents:

SIC Budget Book 2018/19, SIC 14 February 2018

http://www.shetland.gov.uk/coins/submissiondocuments.asp?submissionid=22032

1. Projected Revenue Outturn Position 2018/19

2018/19 Approved Delegated Budget £000	Applied			2018/19 Revised Delegated Budget £000	Projected Outturn	Outturn
618		1	Mental Health	619	559	60
185 804 78	-	(122)	Substance Misuse Directorate Pensioners	185 682 78	178 717 78	7 (35)
5,166 2,520	110		Adult Services Adult Social Work Community Care	5,308 2,525	5,235	73 (166)
11,001 27	20	72 1	Resources	11,093 28	11,290 40	(197) (12)
1,463	-	11	Therapy Government	1,474	1,449	25
426 (200)	- -	-	Additionality Redesign - Mental Health	426 (200)	426	(200)
22,088	130	-	Total Controllable Costs	22,218	22,663	(445)

The above table shows the projected outturn variance as at Quarter 2, contingency has been applied in Q2 to cover the increased costs of sleep ins after the change in legislation from 1st September 2018 increasing the overall budget by £130k.

The Council delegated a budget of £22.088m to the IJB in August 2018 as detailed in column 1 of the table. Application of the contingency increases the budget to £22.218m.

An explanation of the significant projected outturn variances by service at quarter 2 are set out below:

1.1 Adult Services – projected underspend of £73k (1%)

The projected underspend is due to vacant posts at Eric Gray Resource Centre & Supported Living and Outreach in the first half of the year. Recruitment for these posts is at an advanced stage.

1.2 Adult Social work – projected overspend of (166k) (7%)

The projected overspend is mainly related to:

- An estimated increase in grants payments to individuals for Self Directed Support, based on the current level of agreed packages (£148k). This is however difficult to predict as packages can vary greatly in value, so the addition of further packages or changes to existing packages can have a significant financial impact;
- An advised uplift in one of the Off-Island Placements this year (£30k).

1.3 Community Care Resources – projected outturn overspend of (£197k) (2%)

The projected overspend is mainly due to:

- Increased costs of Off-Island Placements following the addition of 2 new packages of care this year (136k);
- The cost of employing agency staff to provide cover for long term sickness and recruitment and retention difficulties in areas of the service, (£327k);
- Overall projected underspend in employee costs for the year, £110k. This is related to underspending at various locations, significantly £113k at Care at Home Central due to vacant posts, which it has been possible to manage as a result of current reduced demand for services. North Haven and Overtonlea are also underspending due to difficulties in recruitment and retention, leading to agency staff requirement, and Islehavn have projected underspend as a result of care home capacity being reduced to 7 beds (budgeted 10 beds) due to inability to staff the unit to the correct level. Projected underspending in employee costs is offset by the unbudgeted costs of senior social care workers working off the floor part of their time (£160k), currently under review, together with the overspending at Montfield and Wastview in the early part of the year where the rota was increased for specific packages of care (£55k);
- Board and Accommodation charging income is projected to overachieve against budget by £186k. Charging income can fluctuate significantly during the year, dependent on the individual financial circumstances of those receiving care.

1.4 Scottish Government Additionality Funding – projected breakeven

The IJB was allocated £1.474m 'Additionality Funding' from the Scottish Government (SG) for 2018/19, which has been added to NHS Shetland's baseline funding. As per SG guidance, £852k of the overall funding will be used to help meet a range of continuing cost pressures faced by local

authorities in the delivery of effective and high quality health and social care services. This allocation represents a reduction to the proposed payment to the IJB from the SIC for 2018/19. The remaining £592k will support additional spend on expanding social care to support the objectives of integration. In 2018/19, £426k of the remaining funding has been allocated to the Council.

It was agreed that £348k of this funding would be used to support the increased demand for Self-Directed Support packages. It is currently estimated that Self-Directed Support packages in 2018/19 will exceed budget, so this funding is expected to be spent in full.

A further £78k allocation of this funding has been allocated to cover the cost of one full-time social worker and one full-time administration worker who specifically focus on expediting timely hospital discharges. It is anticipated that this funding will be fully spent.

1.5 Redesign – Mental Health – projected overspend of (£200k) (100%)

IJB Members considered and approved the Strategic Outline Case for the Mental Health Services Redesign on 20 June 2018. A Project Team was established in January 2018 and a timetable to undertake the work has been agreed with outcomes planned to be reported in December 2018 and an expectation that implementation will begin in February 2019. Given this timetable of work, none of the £200k estimated savings are expected to be made in 2018/19.

2. Projected Capital Outturn Position 2018/19

Service	2018/19 Revised Budget Qtr 2 £000	Projected		Required in	Outturn Variance Qtr 2
Adult Services	1,724	1,402	322	0	322
Community Care Resources	0	33	(33)	0	(33)
Total Controllable Costs	1,724	1,435	289	0	289

An explanation for the main projected outturn variances by service are set out below.

2.1 Adult Services - projected outturn underspend of £322k (19%)

The Eric Gray Replacement build project is on schedule with the overall project on track to be delivered on budget. The projected outturn variance recognises that there was an overspend of 322k in 2017/18 due to the project running ahead of schedule, which is not reflected in the 2018/19 approved budget.

2.2 Community Care Resources – projected outturn overspend of (£33k) (100%)

The projected overspend relates to the Edward Thomason and Taing House Final Account being higher than anticipated and Capital Programme time allocated to the project for snagging and preparation of the final account. The overspend is to be funded as part of the spend to save project.

3. Projected Overall Outturn Position for the Integration Joint Board

Service Headings	2018/19	2018/19		
	Approved	Revised	Projected	Budget v
	Delegated	Delegated	Outturn	Proj. Outturn
	Annual	Annual	at	Variance
	Budget	Budget	Quarter 2	(Adv)/ Pos
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Mental Health	1,993	2,058	2,730	(672)
Substance Misuse	582	587	580	` ₇
Oral Health	3,177	3,124	3,124	-
Pharmacy & Prescibing	6,229	6,665	6,665	-
Primary Care	4,405	4,356	5,460	(1,104)
Community Nursing	2,591	2,849	3,005	(156)
Directorate	1,027	753	788	(35)
Pensioners	78	78	78	-
Sexual Health	40	45	45	-
Adult Services	5,209	5,365	5,292	73
Adult Social Work	2,489	2,525	2,691	(166)
Community Care Resources	10,989	11,093	11,290	(197)
Criminal Justice	26	28	40	(12)
Speech & Language Therapy	85	89	89	-
Dietetics	118	116	116	-
Podiatry	234	236	236	-
Orthotics	135	138	138	-
Physiotherapy	599	595	595	-
Occupational Therapy	1,601	1,658	1,633	25
Health Improvement	212	204	204	-
Unscheduled Care	2,800	2,903	3,789	(886)
Renal	194	201	201	-
Intermediate Care Team	43	42	42	-
Scottish Government Additionality				
Funding	592	592	592	-
Integrated Care Funding	410	410	410	-
Reserve	541	221	44	
Recovery Plan	(2,277)	(2,277)	-	(2,277)
Total Controllable Costs	44,122	44,654	49,877	(5,400)

3.1 Projected outturn overspend at 30 September 2018 (£5.400m) (12%)

The current projected outturn at the end of September 2018 for the IJB is an overall adverse variance of £5.400m which represents a projected overspend of (£445k) in the Council arm of the budget, and a projected overspend in NHS Shetland arm of (£4.955m).

4. Draft Outturn Position for the IJB Recovery Plan for 2018/19

	Directly Managed Services £000	Services	
Full savings required by Recovery Plan Savings achieved	2,136	141	2,277
Unachieved savings	2,136	141	2,277

- 4.1 The IJB has a Recovery Plan in place to address the efficiency savings required in both the NHSS and Council arms of the budget in 2018/19.
- 4.2 NHSS need to identify £2.077m savings in 2018/19, but to-date no recurrent or non-recurrent savings have been found. NHSS began a Scenario Planning exercise in January 2018 to look at alternative models for the delivery of health and social care services in Shetland. The exercise recognises that identifying and implementing savings and efficiency targets is increasingly challenging and aims to take a whole system approach to establish a best value, safe and sustainable model which can inform the development of the IJB Strategic Plan for 2019-2022 and beyond.
- 4.3 The draft IJB Strategic Plan 2018-21 was approved for consultation on 21st September. A report on providing sustainable Primary Care services in Shetland will be presented to the IJB on 23rd January 2019 with further redesign projects aligned to the Strategic Plan expected in early 2019/20.
- 4.4 Any overspend in the NHSS arm of the operational budget will be funded from NHSS under spends in other directorates and/or its central contingency budget as a one-off additional payment to the IJB. If NHSS cannot achieve overall financial balance it may need to seek Brokerage from the Scottish Government, which will involve borrowing further funding, which then will have to be repaid in future years.
- 4.5 The Council incorporated several service redesign projects in their 2018/19 budgets, including a projected £200k savings from the redesign of mental health services. A project team has been established and a timetable agreed to undertake a review of current provision to identify options for service redesign, however implemention of any change is not expected until February 2019. There is therefore currently no expectation of these savings being found in 2018/19.
- 4.6 As no savings from Redesign Mental Health are anticipated, the £200k efficiency savings target will initially be sought from non-recurrent savings in

the CH&SC Directorate budgets in 2018/19. Any overspend in the Council arm of the operational budget will need to be repaid to the IJB, so if savings cannot be found within the Directorate budgets, this cost will be met from Council's Contingency Budget.

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

4

Meeting(s):	Policy & Resources Committee	19/12/2018
Report Title:	Management Accounts for Policy & Resources 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	Committee:
Reference Number:	F-090-F	
Author / Job Title:	Jamie Manson, Executive Manager - Finance	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 The Policy & Resources Committee RESOLVES to review the Management Accounts showing the projected outturn position at Quarter 2.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to enable the Policy & Resources Committee to monitor the financial performance of services within its remit to ensure that Members are aware of the forecast income and expenditure and the impact that this will have with regard to delivering the approved budget. This report shows the projected financial consequence of the service performance detailed in the Executive and Corporate Directorates' performance reports, and allows the Committee the opportunity to provide instruction to officers to address any forecast overspends in order that the budget is delivered by year-end.
- 2.2 On 14 February 2018 (SIC Min Ref: 5/18) the Council approved the 2018/19 revenue and capital budgets for the Council (including the General Fund, Harbour Account, Housing Revenue Account and Spend to Save) requiring a draw from reserves of £11.734m. It is vital to the economic wellbeing of the Council that the financial resources are managed effectively and expenditure and income is delivered in line with the budget, as any overspends will result in a further draw on reserves and would be evidence that the Council is living beyond its means.
- 2.3 This report forms part of the financial governance and stewardship framework which ensures that the financial position of the Council is acknowledged, understood and quantified on a regular basis. It provides assurance to the Corporate Management Team and the Committee that resources are being managed effectively and allows corrective action to be taken where necessary.
- 2.4 Since the approval of the 2018/19 budget, revisions to the budget have been incorporated for the Council's budget carry-forward scheme. Therefore this report refers to the revised budget that is now in place for each of the services.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 There is a specific objective in the Corporate Plan that the Council will have excellent financial management arrangements to ensure that it continues to keep a balanced and sustainable budget, and is living within its means; and that the Council continues to pursue a range of measures which will enable effective and successful management of its finances over the medium to long term. This involves correct alignment of the Council's resources with its priorities and expected outcomes, and maintaining a strong and resilient balance sheet.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 This report presents the projected outturn position for 2018/19 as at the end of the second quarter for revenue and capital. The forecasts have been determined by Finance Services after consultation with the relevant budget responsible officers.
- 4.2 The projected revenue outturn position for the Policy and Resources Committee is an overspend of £16k (0.13%) on controllable revenue, which means the services in this Committee area are collectively projected to spend more than their approved budget. Fund Manager Fees are non controllable and are projected to be £55k (6.1%) under spent.
- 4.3 The Director of Corporate Services will continue to work hard with the Executive Manager Capital Programme to maximise income and reduced expenditure on properties.
- 4.4 Included within the budget is the following service redesign proposals:
 - Accomodation Rationalisation (£750k) work on this proposal is still on going.
 - Insurance Redesign (£500k) the service redesign to move the Council
 to self-insuring has now been completed. Budgets have been reduced to
 meet the target saving.
- 4.5 The projected capital outturn position for the Policy & Resources Committee is an underspend of £1,588k, with a requirement for budget carry-forward for slippage of £1,589k to 2019/20 resulting in a projected overspend of £1k against the revised budget.
- 4.6 The projected revenue outturn position of the collective Council budgets for training are included in this report for review by the Policy & Resources Committee. Although these budgets are dispersed throughout all service areas of the Council, including Harbour Account and HRA, they are budgeted, monitored, and the outturn projected by Corporate Services.
- 4.7 See appendices 1 and 2 attached for detailed information on the revenue and capital outturn positions.
- 4.8 Provision was made in the Council's 2018/19 Budget for cost pressures and contingencies. It is held centrally by the Executive Manager Finance.

- 4.9 Cost pressures are recurring in nature and increase the base cost of the service being delivered, eg apprenticeship levy, whereas contingency items are deemed non-recurring and likely to vary year on year, eg ferry breakdown costs.
- 4.10 This approach assists the Council to mitigate any spending risks. However, it is expected that services will endeavour, in the first instance, to meet any additional costs from within existing resources.
- 4.11 In order to support Business Transformation and the development of the Islands Deal, the following allocations were made from the cost pressures and contingency budget during 2018/19:
 - •£204k Corporate Services Redesign of Audit.
 - •£48k Business Transformation Programme Customer First Project Management Support.
 - £45k Our Islands Our Future Campaign Support.
 - •£30k Installation of Civica OPENRevenues Workflow Module.
 - £20k Business Transformation Programme Admin Support.
 - £12k Workforce Strategy Digital Learning.
 - £3k Funding for the Local Government Benchmarking Framework (LGBF)

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None.

6.0 Implications :			
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.4 Legal:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		

6.5 Finance:	The 2018/19 Council Budget does not require a draw on reserves in excess of the returns that the fund managers can make on average in a year, and therefore demonstrates that the Council is living within its means.		
	For every £1m of reserves spent in excess of a sustainable level will mean that the Council will have to make additional savings of £73k each year in the future as a result of not being able to invest that £1m with fund managers to make a return. It is therefore vital that the Council delivers its 2018/19 budget.		
	It is therefore vital that the Council delivers its 2018/19 budget. This report demonstrates that the services under the remit of the Policy and Resources Committee are collectively projecting to spend more than their Council approved budget.		
6.6 Assets and Property:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.8 Environmental:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.9 Risk Management:	Any implications in relation to the actions and service provision in this report will be included in the Executive and Corporate Services Performance Management report also presented at this meeting.		
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	Section 2.1.2(3) of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations states that the Committee may exercise and perform all powers and duties of the Council in relation to any function, matter, service or undertaking delegated to it by the Council. The Council approved both revenue and capital budgets for the 2018/19 financial year. This report provides information to enable the Committee to ensure that the services within its remit are operating within the approved budgets.		
	The Council's Financial Regulations state that the Executive Manager - Finance has a responsibility to ensure that detailed monitoring by Directors and Executive Managers is carried out and that the Council will determine the reporting content, timescale, frequency and receiving committee(s) required for monitoring statements and the Executive Manager - Finance will be responsible for ensuring compliance with this.		

6.11	n/a	n/a
Previously		
considered by:		

Contact Details:

Steven Brown, Senior Assistant Accountant, steven.brown@shetland.gov.uk, 10 December 2018

Appendices:

Appendix 1 – Policy & Resources Committee Projected Revenue Outturn Position 2018/19 Appendix 2 – Policy & Resources Committee Projected Capital Outturn Position 2018/19

Background Documents:

SIC Budget Book 2018/19, SIC 14 February 2018 http://www.shetland.gov.uk/coins/submissiondocuments.asp?submissionid=22032

Policy & Resources Committee

1. Revenue Draft Outturn Position 2018/19

Budget v		2018/19		Budget v
Proj. Outturn			Projected	Proj. Outturn
Variance		Annual		Variance
	Service Area	Budget	Quarter 2	Quarter 2
(Adv)/Pos				(Adv)/ Pos
000£		£000	£000	£000
0	Executive Services	1,194	1,156	38
0	Council Members	602	604	(2)
37	Director of Corporate Services	(218)	(236)	18
(137)	Capital Programmes	1,981	2,113	(132)
4	Finance	2,802	2,779	23
16	Joint Valuation Board	325	318	7
0	Governance & Law	1,483	1,414	69
(5)	Human Resources	1,431	1,458	(27)
0	ICT	1,480	1,464	16
3	Audit, Risk & Improvement	392	372	20
	Collective Council Budgets:			
0	Training	510	556	(46)
	Less: Collective Council			
	Budgets recharged to Harbour			
	Account, Pension Fund, HRA &			
0	VJB	70	70	0
(82)	Total Controllable Costs	11,912	11,928	(16)
55	Fund Manager Fees	895	840	55
55	Total Non-Controllable Costs	895	840	55

An explanation of the significant outturn variances by service at Quarter 2 are set out below:

1.1 Capital Programmes – Projected Outturn overspend £132k (6.66%)

The main reasons for the projected outturn variance are:

- Lease arrangement for Viewforth ending has resulted in a loss of income and a transfer of costs to the Council (£89k).
- A rent review, dating back to 2015, and an increase in the rental charge for 6 North Ness has resulted in an additional cost to the Council (£57k).

1.2 Fund Manager Fees – Projected Outturn underspend £55k (6.15%)

Projected underspend is due to one fund manager reducing their fee structure.

Policy & Resources Committee

1. Capital Draft Outturn Position 2018/19

Service Area	Revised Annual Budget £000	Outturn Quarter 2	Variance	Required in 2018/19	` , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Capital Programme ICT	1,704 647			1,589 0	
Total Controllable Costs	2,351	763	1,588	1,589	(1)

An explanation of the main variances by service is set out below:

1.1 Capital Programme – Projected Outturn Breakeven

No significant variances.

Slippage

A total of £1,589k budget will be slipped into 2019/20 as follows:

- Lerwick Library Redevelopment Delay to project as a new business case is being prepared £739k.
- Knab Site Redevelopment Delay to project as work to complete the masterplan for the site continues £850k.

1.2 ICT – Projected Outturn - Breakeven

No significant variances.

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Policy & Resources Committee	19 December 2018
	Shetland Islands Council	19 December 2018
Report Title:	SIC Overall Management Accounts 2018/19	
	Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	
Reference	F-076-F	
Number:		
Author /	Jamie Manson	
Job Title:	Executive Manager - Finance	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

- 1.1 The Policy & Resources Committee RECOMMENDS that the Council RESOLVE:
 - 1.1.1 To review the Management Accounts showing the overall projected outturn position at Quarter 2.
 - 1.1.2 To note that each Director will continue to monitor spend and take actions to mitigate any projected overspends as set out in the service committee reports.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 The report sets out the overall Council projected financial position as at quarter 2.
- 2.2 On 14 February 2018 (SIC Min Ref: 5/18) the Council approved the 2018/19 revenue and capital budgets for the Council (including the General Fund, Harbour Account, Housing Revenue Account and Spend to Save) requiring a draw from reserves of £11.734m. It is vital to the economic wellbeing of the Council that the financial resources are managed effectively and expenditure and income is delivered in line with the budget, as any overspends will result in a further draw on reserves and would be evidence that the Council is living beyond its means.
- 2.3 This report forms part of the financial governance and stewardship framework which ensures that the financial position of the Council is acknowledged, understood and quantified on a regular basis. It provides assurance to the Corporate Management Team and the Committee that resources are being managed effectively and allows corrective action to be taken where necessary.
- 2.4 Since the approval of the 2018/19 budget, revisions to the budget have been incorporated for the Council's budget carry-forward scheme and spend to save, and changes to the Asset Investment Plan this in total amounts to £9.3m resulting an additional budgeted draw on reserves of £7.931m for both revenue and capital. Therefore this report refers to the revised budget that is now in place for each of the services.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 There is a specific objective in the Corporate Plan that the Council will have excellent financial management arrangements to ensure that it continues to keep a balanced and sustainable budget, and is living within its means; and that the Council continues to pursue a range of measures which will enable effective and successful management of its finances over the medium to long term. This involves correct alignment of the Council's resources with its priorities and expected outcomes, and maintaining a strong and resilient balance sheet.
- 3.2 The Medium Term Financial Plan also includes a stated objective to achieve financial sustainability over the lifetime of the Council.

4.0 Key Issues:

4.1 At quarter 2 the combined revenue and capital outturn projections as set out in detail in Appendices 1,2 and 3 results in a projected overspend after slippage of £613k as follows:

			Variance	Slippage	Variance
	Revised	Projected	under/	Required	under/
Fund	Budget	Outturn	(over)	in 2019/20	(over)
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
General Fund incl.	130,111	125,316	4,795	5,765	(970)
Spend to Save					
Harbour Account	(9,126)	(10,663)	1,537	1,267	270
Housing Revenue					
Account	1,290	1,078	212	125	87
TOTAL	122,275	115,731	6,544	7,157	(613)

- 4.2 From the cost pressures and contingency items budget, £747k has been applied to meet change fund projects, ferry fuel price increase and the new rate for sleep-in payments. This is included in the table above.
- 4.3 Included in the revenue budget is £1.89m of service redesign savings, of which £570k will not be achieved in 2018/19. Progress on the individual service redesigns are as follows:

Description	Budget £000	Saving £000	Variance £000	Notes
Insurance Redesign	(500)	(537)	37	Achieved.
Promote Shetland Redesign	(40)	(33)	(7)	Achieved.
Accommodation Rationalisation	(750)	(750)	0	To be achieved in 2018/19
Mental Health Redesign	(200)	0	(200)	Will not be achieved in 2018/19
Tertiary Sector Redesign	(250)	0	(250)	Will not be achieved in 2018/19
Waste Recycling Redesign	(150)	0	(150)	Will not be achieved in 2018/19
TOTAL	(1,890)	(1,320)	(570)	

- 4.4 The General Fund revenue expenditure is over by £1.287m whilst capital expenditure is under by £317k (after taking account of slippage). The Harbour Account and the Housing Revenue Account are close to budget for both revenue and capital (after taking account of slippage).
- 4.5 The 2018/19 projected total draw from reserves on both revenue and capital expenditure is £16.024m which is under the revised budgeted draw of £19.666m by £3.642m (Appendix 4). This is the combined position for the General Fund (including Spend to Save), Harbour Account and Housing Revenue Account.
- 4.6 Appendices 1-4 set out this information in detail. Analysis of the variances have been included in Service Committee reports.
- 4.7 However, circumstances may change between now and the year-end which could adversely or favourably alter the outturn position. The risks are set out in Section 6.9 below.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None.

6.0 Implications:

6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.4 Legal:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.5 Finance:	Overall the Council is projected to be under the 2018/19 revised budget by £6.544m however slippage of £7.157m is required for capital projects. The area of overspending is on the General Fund revenue expenditure which is projecting an overspend of £1.287m. The overall draw on reserves at quarter 2 is projected to be £16.4024m which is £3.642m less than the revised draw of £19.666m. The projected draw equates to a daily draw on reserves of £44k.

	Directors are continuing to monitor their budget positions and to take action to mitigate their projected overspends as set out in the Service Committee reports.
6.6 Assets and Property:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.8 Environmental:	There are no implications arising from this report.
6.9 Risk Management:	There are numerous risks involved in the delivery of services and the awareness of these risks is critical to successful financial management.
	From a financial perspective, risks are an integral part of planning for the future, as assumptions are required to be made. These assumptions can be affected by many internal and external factors, such as supply and demand, which may have a detrimental financial impact.
	The main variable assumptions are around anticipated income levels, returns on investments and cost pressures and demands.
	This report is part of the framework that provides assurance, or recognition of any deviation from the budget that may place the Council in a financially challenging position and requires remedial action.
	The Council makes provision within its budget for cost pressures that may arise. This approach provides additional confidence for the Council to be able to mitigate any adverse financial circumstances.
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	Section 2.1.2(3) of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations states that the Committee may exercise and perform all powers and duties of the Council in relation to any function, matter, service or undertaking delegated to it by the Council. The Council approved both revenue and capital budgets for the 2018/19 financial year.
	The Policy & Resources Committee has delegated authority for securing the co-ordination, control and proper management of the financial affairs of the Council, and has referred authority to make recommendations to the Council as to the level of any expenditure not provided for in the annual budgets.
	The Council's Financial Regulations state that the Executive Manager - Finance has a responsibility to ensure that detailed monitoring by Directors and Executive Managers is carried out

	and that the Council will determine the reporting content, timescale, frequency and receiving committee(s) required for monitoring statements and the Executive Manager - Finance w be responsible for ensuring compliance with this.	
6.11 Previously considered by:	n/a	

Contact Details:

Hazel Tait, Team Leader Accountancy, Hazel. Tait@Shetland.gov,uk, 20 November 2018

Appendices:

- Appendix 1 General Fund Projected Revenue and Capital Outturn Position for 2018/19
- Appendix 2 Harbour Account Projected Revenue and Capital Outturn Position for 2018/19
- Appendix 3 Housing Revenue Account Projected Revenue and Capital Outturn Position for 2018/19

Appendix 4 - Use of Reserves 2018/19

Background Documents:

SIC Budget Book 2018/19, SIC 14 February 2018 http://www.shetland.gov.uk/coins/submissiondocuments.asp?submissionid=22032

Shetland Islands Council F-076 Appendix 1

General Fund Revenue - Projected Outturn Position for 2018/19

2018/19 Projected Variance	General/Support	2018/19 Revised Budget	2018/19 Projected Outturn	2018/19 Projected Variance
Qtr 1		Qtr 2	Qtr 2	Qtr 2
£000		£000	£000	£000
_	Chief Executive	1,795	1,760	36
, ,	Children's Services	42,273	43,136	(863)
, ,	Community Care	19,737	20,173	(436)
(83)	Corporate Services	9,676	9,681	(4)
(264)	Development	14,237	14,509	(272)
(312)	Infrastructure	14,554	14,941	(387)
55	Fund Managers Fees	895	840	55
0	Energy	2,609	2,660	(51)
0	Water	350	350	0
0	Building Maintenance	2,304	2,303	1
0	Grass Cutting	143	143	0
0	Fleet Management Unit	663	646	17
0	Training	510	556	(46)
1,720	Contingencies & Cost Pressures	1,457	974	483
	Financing Costs	1,580	1,405	175
0	Economic Development Investment Income	(1,035)	(1,035)	0
0	Interest on Revenue Balances	(14)	(14)	0
0	Spend to Save (Unallocated)	149	149	0
0	Net Recharges to Other Fund	(1,731)	(1,735)	5
3,488	Other Investment Income*	0	(4,007)	4,007
(3,488)	Other Investment Income transfer to Reserves*	0	4,007	(4,007)
0	Total Net Expenditure/(Income)	110,155	111,443	(1,287)
	Funded by:			
0	Government Grants	(80,451)	(80,451)	0
0	Council Tax	(9,363)	(9,363)	0
0	Spend to Save	(674)	(674)	0
0	Contribution from General Fund Reserve	(19,667)	(20,954)	1,287
0	Total Funding/Contribution	(110,155)	(111,443)	1,287
0	Balanced Budget	0	0	0

^{*} This income is transferred to Reserves and is used as part of the contribution from General Fund Reserve which funds the Revenue Budget.

Shetland Islands Council F-076 Appendix 1 (cont)

General Fund Capital - Projected Outturn Position for 2018/19

Overall Projected Outturn Variance	General Fund	2018/19 Revised Budget	2018/19 Projected Outturn	2018/19 Projected Variance	Slippage Required in	Overall Projected Outturn Variance
Qtr 1		Qtr 2	Qtr 2	Qtr 2	2019/20	Qtr 2
£000		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
0	Children's Services	3,192	2,247	945	945	0
307	Community Care	1,724	1,435	289	0	289
0	Corporate Services	2,351	763	1,588	1,588	0
36	Infrastructure	12,688	9,428	3,260	3,232	29
338	Total Costs	19,955	13,873	6,082	5,765	318
	Funded by:					
0	General Capital Grant	(6,612)	(6,612)	0		0
0	Capital Grants Unapplied	(48)	(48)	0		0
0	External Grants	(3,890)	(915)	(2,975)		(2,975)
0	External Borrowing	(1,494)	(1,470)	(23)		(23)
0	Spend to Save Reserve	(594)	(594)	0		0
986	Capital Fund Reserve	(6,722)	(3,639)	(3,084)	(5,765)	2,681
(12)	Capital Receipts	(596)	(596)	0		0
(338)	Total Funding & Financing	(19,955)	(13,873)	(6,082)	(5,765)	(318)
0	Balanced Budget	0	0	0	0	0

Shetland Islands Council F-076 Appendix 2

Harbour Account Revenue and Capital- Projected Outturn Position for 2018/19

2018/19 Projected Variance Qtr 1 £000	Harbour Account	2018/19 Revised Budget Qtr 2 £000	2018/19 Projected Outturn Qtr 2 £000	2018/19 Projected Variance Qtr 2 £000	Slippage Required in 2019/20 £000	
	REVENUE:					
208	Sullom Voe	(9,446)	(9,437)	(9)		(9)
(253)	Scalloway	64	70	(6)		(6)
(91)	Other Piers	(2)	177	(179)		(179)
0	Jettties & Spur Booms	0	0	0		0
143	Terminals	(1,427)	(1,620)	193		193
8	Ports & Harbours Net Expenditure/(Income)	(10,811)	(10,810)	(1)		(1)
0	Shetland Gas Plant	(1,024)	(1,300)	276		276
0	Other Income	(1,024)	(1,300)	276		276
8	Total Net Revenue Expenditure/(Income)	(11,835)	(12,110)	275	0	275
	CAPITAL:					
1,312	Capital Expenditure	13,654	12,461	1,193	1,267	(74)
323	Capital Receipts	(21)	(21)	0	0	0
0	External Borrowing	(10,924)	(10,993)	69	0	69
1,635	Total Net Capital Expenditure/(Income)	2,709	1,447	1,262	1,267	(5)
(1,643)	Contribution to/(from) Reserve Fund	9,126	10,663	(1,537)	(1,267)	(270)
0	Balanced Budget	0	0	0	0	0

Shetland Islands Council

Housing Revenue Account Revenue and Capital- Projected Outturn Position for 2018/19

2018/19		2018/19	2018/19	2018/19		2018/19 Overall
Projected		Revised	Projected	Projected	Slippage	
•	Housing Revenue Account	Budget	Outturn		Required in	Variance
Qtr 1		Qtr 2	Qtr 2	Qtr 2	2019/20	Qtr 2
£000		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
	REVENUE:					
23	Supervision & Management	854	818	35		35
24	Repair & Maintenance	2,164	2,160	4		4
(10)	Void Rents & Charges	167	188	(20)		(20)
0	Garages	31	31	0		0
0	Capital Charges - Dwellings	1,330	1,268	62		62
36	Total: Expenditure	4,545	4,465	80		80
0	Interest on Revenue Balances	(1)	(1)	0		0
0	Rents - Dwellings	(6,730)	(6,730)	0		0
2	Rents - Other ie garages/sites etc	(229)	(236)	6		6
2	Total: Income	(6,960)	(6,966)	6		6
39	Total Net Revenue Expenditure/(Income)	(2,415)	(2,501)	87	0	87
	CAPITAL:					
0	Capital Expenditure	3,735	3,610	125	125	0
1	Capital Receipts	(31)	(31)	0	0	0
1	Total Net Capital Expenditure/(Income)	3,704	3,579	125	125	0
(40)	Contribution to(from) HRA Reserve	(1,290)	(1,078)	(212)	(125)	(87)
0	Balanced Budget	0	0	0	0	0

Shetland Islands Council F-076 Appendix 4

Use of Reserves in 2018/19 (included General Fund/Harbour Account/Housing Revenue Account/Spend to Save reserves)

2018/19 Projected Variance Qtr 1 £000	Draw on Reserves	2018/19 Original Budgeted £000	C/Forwards from 2017/18 Revisions	Capital Budget Revisions	Revised Budgeted Qtr 2	Projected Outturn Qtr 2	Projected Variance Qtr 2
- T	Revenue & Capital Draw on Reserves	11,734	6,571	1,361	19,666	16,024	3,642
3,972	Total Budgeted Draw on Reserves	11,734	6,571	1,361	19,666	16,024	3,642

Agenda Item

6

Meeting(s):	Policy and Resources Committee	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Council Investments - 2018/19 Mid Year Perfo	ormance Review
Reference Number:	F-086-F	
Author / Job Title:	Report Presented by Executive Manager - Fir	nance

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Policy and Resources Committee NOTE the outcome of this Mid Year review.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 This report will allow the Policy and Resources Committee to review the 2018/19 mid year investment position and performance of the Council's long term external investments, managed on its behalf by fund managers.
- 2.2 The Council's investments increased in value by £9 million over the first six months of the 2018/19 financial year and now have an overall value at the end of September of £354 million.
- 2.3 Over the first six months of 2018/19 BlackRock were close to their benchmark aim, while Baillie Gifford were above their benchmark and Insight were below their benchmark. The combined investment return over the six month period was 7.6%, which was 0.1% above the benchmark return. See additional information in Appendix 1.
- 2.4 The conclusion of the Mid Year review is that Fund Manager performance has been mixed but the overall total return is above the benchmark and there is no immediate action recommended to be taken.
- 2.5 A review of the overall investment strategy was carried out with a new investment strategy agreed by the Council on 22nd August 2018 (min ref: 45/18). A tender process for two new mandates is in progress, and will be concluded during the 2018/19 financial year.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 The Council's overall investment strategy is important to the Council's Reserves, which play a key role in helping the Council deliver its corporate objectives, as described in the Community Plan, the Corporate Plan and other strategic documents.

4.0 Key Issues:

4.1 This report is only a six month snapshot of how the markets and fund managers have performed. Over the remainder of the financial year the performance of the Council's investments could easily increase or decrease depending on economic and investment circumstances.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None

6.0 Implication	ons :
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	The performance of the Council's investments has a direct impact on the level and volume of services that it can afford to provide to the people and communities of Shetland. Therefore monitoring of performance provides assurance that the additional funding which is created through the investments is sustainable.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	None
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	None
6.4 Legal:	This report complies with the consent issued by the Scottish Ministers under the Local Government Investments (Scotland) Regulations 2010, to give a Mid Year Report on the investment position to the Council.
6.5 Finance:	It is recognised that the actual investment performance each year will be different to what is expected or required however over the long term this will be monitored and reviewed to ensure that the Council is working towards meeting its long term investment objectives.
	It is not likely that the Council can expect a positive investment return from its investments every year but having robust governance and monitoring in place, alongside a diversified investment strategy, mitigates the financial risks and enables the Council to take action at appropriate times to address poor performance by the fund managers. This report is part of that governance and monitoring framework, and complies with the reporting requirements of the CIPFA Code of Treasury Management that requires a Mid Year Review report and an Annual Year End Performance Review Report.
6.6 Assets and Property:	Long term investments are assets of the Council and represent money given to fund managers to manage on its behalf for

	sustainable long term benefits. The Council relies upon each fund manager's fiduciary duty to buy and sell appropriate assets in accordance with the mandate swarded to them and to report
	in accordance with the mandate awarded to them and to report regularly on the value and performance of the fund in which Council money is invested. The value of long term investments under these mandates can go down as well as up.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	None
6.8 Environmental:	Whilst the fund managers have delegated powers for the acquisition and realisation of investments, fund managers will be expected as part of their investment process to consider all factors, including the social, environmental and ethical policies of companies in which they may invest, to the extent that these may materially affect the long term prospects of such companies. The fund managers will also be expected to enter into dialogue with companies in which they invest, in relation to the pursuance of socially responsible business practices, and report on these activities. Corporate Governance is a key responsibility for institutional shareholders and as a matter of principle the Council will seek to exercise all of its voting rights in respect of its shareholdings. It is recognised however that in practical terms this may not always be possible for overseas holdings. However for UK stocks all voting rights will be exercised in a positive fashion, i.e. no abstentions.
	The fund managers, who will act in accordance with this policy, will exercise voting.
	All of the Council fund managers have signed up to the United Nations Principles on Responsible Investment. The principles reflect the view that environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues can affect the performance of investment portfolios, and therefore must be given appropriate consideration by investors, if they are to fulfil their fiduciary (or equivalent) duty. The Principles provide a voluntary framework by which all investors can incorporate ESG issues into their decision-making and ownership practices, and so better align their objectives with those of society at large.
6.9 Risk Management:	All investments carry risk. Risks, such as market risk are mitigated and actively managed through diversification of fund managers, asset classes, markets, size of holdings and through performance monitoring against benchmarks.
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	In accordance with Section 2.2.1(7) of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations, the Policy and Resources Committee has delegated authority to secure the coordination,

	control and proper management of the Council.	financial	affairs	of the
6.11	None			
Previously				
considered by:				

Contact Details:

Colin Bain, Treasury Accountant Telephone 01595 744616

E-mail colin.bain@shetland.gov.uk

Appendices:

Appendix 1 - 2018/19 Mid Year Performance Review Report

Background Documents:

None

2018/19 Mid Year Performance Review Report

1.0 Investment Position and Market Performance

- 1.1 This report complies with the consent issued by the Scottish Ministers under the Local Government Investments (Scotland) Regulations 2010, and with the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management in Public Services 2011, in respect of the requirement to report the mid year investment position to the Council.
- 1.2 This report concentrates on the six-month period from April to September 2018. The report looks at the performance of the Council's fund managers, the overall investment performance relative to the markets, the physical movement of funds, any changes from the investment strategy, and any other relevant issues relating to the investments over the period.
- 1.3 The Council has three fund managers with total investments under management at the end of September 2018 of £354 million. The funds, type of mandate and market values at the end of September 2018 are as follows:

Manager	Mandate	% of	Market Value
		Reserves	(£m)
Baillie Gifford	Equity and	55%	195
	Diversified Growth		
BlackRock	Equity	34%	118
Insight	Bonds and Cash	11%	41

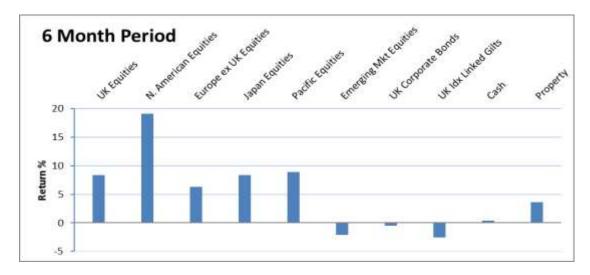
1.4 Individual fund manager performance is detailed later but there is the need to consider the effect of the markets themselves and of any cash withdrawals or injections into the funds. The following table shows the effect on the overall investments of these factors during the six-month period.

SIC Funds

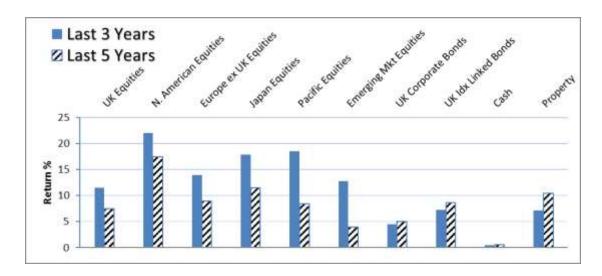
	£ Million
Market value as at 31/03/18	345
(Withdrawals) / Additions	(18)
Investment Return	<u>27</u>
Market value as at 30/09/18	<u>354</u>

1.5 The figures show a £27 million positive investment return over the six month period. The increase in investment returns is due to investment returns from various asset classes, with equities being the best returning asset class over the period.

- 1.6 Over the six month period £18 million was withdrawn from the Council's investments. This withdrawal was required to support the purchase of Shetland Leasing and Property Limited.
- 1.7 The Council's Reserves have therefore increased in overall value by £9 million over the first six months of this financial year.
- 1.8 Over the six month period to September 2018 the US equity markets shrugged off concerns from the ongoing trade wars between the US and China, to see the US market surge ahead based on good company earnings and strong economic data. Tariffs were also imposed by the US on Mexico, European Union and Canada, although the US has now reached agreement with Mexico and Canada. Encouraged by signs of strength in the US economy the US Federal Reserve have increased interest rates twice in this period.
- 1.9 In the UK Brexit talks continued throughout the period with no clear result, along with a lack of clarity on post Brexit trade but the UK stock market remained in positive territory with sterling weakness boosting overseas profits. The Bank of England increased interest rates in August 2018 due to low unemployment and concerns about wage pressure. In Europe concerns over the Italian deficit and the new coalition government's planned budget dampened European equities.
- 1.10 The investment markets performance, over the main asset classes the Council invests into, over the six month period looked like this:



1.11 This is only a six month snapshot of how the various investment classes and sectors have performed and it shows how, in the short term you can have volatility that produces both positive and negative returns. History shows that investments in these asset classes over the long term are usually positive, which is the reason the investment strategy is based on a long term investment horizon. As an example of the differences in market returns over a slightly longer time period the following graph shows the same asset classes returns per annum over the last three and five years.



1.12 The fund manager has negligible influence over the market return but they may be required by the mandate agreement to invest into these markets. The main constituent of a fund's performance is the market return, where the fund is invested. A fund manager with an active mandate is asked to outperform the market return by a certain percentage, whereas a fund manager with a passive mandate is aiming to match the market return.

2.0 Fund Manager Performance

- 2.1 The Council invests in various asset classes for the long term, generally five years or more. This report looks at just the performance of the fund managers and the investment return over a six month period.
- 2.2 The Council's fund managers have, over the six month period to the end of September 2018, performed as follows:

Manager	Fund Return	Benchmark	% Return
		Return	Against
			Benchmark
Baillie Gifford	7.7	7.3	0.4
BlackRock	10.6	10.5	0.1
Insight	-1.8	-0.9	-0.9

2.3 Baillie Gifford's fund is split between an active equity fund (60%) and a Diversified Growth Fund (40%). Over the six month period to the end of September the UK equity fund was above its benchmark, but both the global equity fund and the diversified growth fund were both below their respective benchmarks. UK equities were the best performing sector over the six months returning 15.0% against a benchmark of 8.4%. The global equity

- fund returned 11.2% with the diversified growth fund slightly negative at -0.9%. The overall combined fund has returned 7.7% over the six month period and outperformed the benchmark by 0.4%.
- 2.4 The fund with BlackRock is invested passively in equities, split between a global equity fund (75%) and an emerging market equity fund (25%). The overall fund is aiming to equal the benchmark return. BlackRock were very close to this aim over the six month period, while producing a return of 10.6%, which is a reflection of the mixture of returns from the various equity markets the fund invests into.
- 2.5 The bond fund with Insight is invested equally in three sub funds, which are corporate bonds, index linked bonds and a bonds fund with a cash plus benchmark. Insight underperformed the benchmark in a slightly falling investment market, with a negative return of 1.8%. The only investment area that produced a positive return over the six month period was UK Index linked bonds.
- 2.6 The overall Council investment return for the six-month period to end September 2018 was 7.6%, which was 0.1% above the benchmark return.

3.0 After the end of September 2018

- 3.1 Since the end of September 2018 equity markets have been falling on fears of higher interest rates in the US combined with worries about the US/China trade war. The large technology stocks which have been driving the US market were the hardest hit due to valuation concerns. All of the major equity markets fell during October as US concerns spread.
- 3.2 At the end of November 2018 the Council investments had a value of £338 million (unaudited).

Agenda Item

7

Meeting(s):	Policy & Resources Committee	19 December 2018		
Report Title:	Business Transformation Programme Phase 2 U	pdate		
Reference Number:	CRP-19-18-F			
Author / Job Title:	Christine Ferguson, Director of Corporate Service	es		

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

That the Policy & Resources Committee

- 1.1 NOTES and CONSIDERS the information set out in this report and the Appendices;
- 1.2 ADVISES the Director of Corporate Services of their views on the draft Project Initiation Document (PID) for Work Stream 9 – Performance Management and Reporting; and
- 1.3 APPROVES nominations for the Sounding Board as set out in the PID.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 Policy and Resources Committee considered a report on 28 August 2018 (Min. Ref. P&R 70/18) which provided an update on progress across all strands of the Business Transformation Programme (BTP).
- 2.2 The BTP Phase 2 programme structure is attached at Appendix 1.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 Shetland Islands Council's "Our Plan 2016 2020" aspires for services to work together in a smarter way to achieve the highest possible standards. The BTP contributes towards the following objectives in the Plan:
 - "Modern IT equipment and systems will be supporting new ways of working, helping services run efficiently and effectively."
 - "We will be working in a more effective way, allowing us to cope with reduced resources. Processes that add no obvious value will have been replaced with more proportionate approaches based on effectively managing risks."
 - "People who use our services will experience excellent standards of customer care."

4.0 Key Issues:

4.1 Customer First

 The Project Manager has been meeting with Executive Managers across the Council, seeking signed agreement to a Customer Service pledge to embed the values of the Customer Strategy and Charter. Photographs of Executive

- Managers signing the Pledge will be used in future editions of The Leadership Team Bulletin and staff magazine In Touch.
- CMT met for the first time as the Learning Board and the Customer First survey results were presented for discussion.
- Attendance at management team meetings will revisit the strategy and charter and discussion will focus on how service areas can implement excellent customer service.
- A new customer-care training programme for staff will be available via iLearn in 2019 in conjunction with Workforce Development.
- A staff recognition initiative focusing on excellent customer service has been organised by the Chief Executive and is taking place on Wednesday 6 December.
- Initial discussions have taken place to purchase a new large TV screen for installation in the reception area at 8 North Ness, which will display performance information for customers and staff. Content will be managed by the Customer First Project Manager.
- The 2017-18 SIC Public Performance Report will deliver on the management response to Deloitte's annual audit comments regarding the 2016-17 public performance report.

4.2 Commissioning and Procurement Framework

- A summary of the detailed guidance was drafted by April 2018 and circulated to staff involved in commissioning.
- The summary guidance is available on the Council's Intranet.
- The Council's overall Procurement Strategy (2017-20) was approved in December 2016 (Min. Ref. SIC 82/16). Where a Business Justification Case is approved it is recommended that a Procurement Strategy/PID be developed on a case-by-case basis.
- The Action Plan referred to in the Procurement Strategy is currently undergoing annual review.
- Work is ongoing with commissioning officers with regard to training and implementing the framework. This is currently focused on a small number of commissioning officers with the aim to produce best practice documents from this work.

4.3 Workforce Strategy

- The Management Network session in September 2018 focused on employee wellbeing following a refresh of the Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy.
- The Council has signed up to the See Me at Work Programme, which aims to tackle stigma and mental health discrimination at work. A small group of volunteers have come together to promote and issue a workplace survey, and they will develop an action plan.
- Implementation and launch of a new platform for the Learning Management System (LMS) iLearn that has led to a significant increase in access by staff.
- A Workforce Planning workshop for the Leadership Team was delivered by the Improvement Service. Follow-up sessions with each Directorate will take place early in the New Year. The Digital Leadership ePathways programme was launched.
- The Career Break Policy and refreshed Flexible Working Policy have been approved (Min Ref.: 81/18). These policies are part of a framework for improving agile working across the Council aiming to improve recruitment and retention.

4.4 Accommodation Rationalisation

- 7N Architects expect to complete Knab Masterplan by the end of January 2019. A statutory consultation period will then apply.
- Plans to reoccupy the building are complete. Remedial works are being undertaken and energy efficient lighting is being installed. Capital Programme staff, HR and Planning have returned to the building.
- The reception area has been redesigned and once work has been completed the final moves back to the building will take place.

4.5 Broadband and Connectivity

- Opportunities were taken to Lobby the Cabinet Secretary and Ministers, through CoHI, Islands Deal, and regular updates from the R100 project manager.
- In relation to 4G mobile coverage, roll out of masts and infrastructure in Shetland is progressing.
- A full Business Case bid for a fibre network to Yell, Unst, Fetlar, costing circa £1.7m was submitted to UK Government Fibre Network Funding Programme. Work on the Digital Strategy for Shetland, structured around the Shetland Partnership Plan priorities is ongoing, with decision expected in December.

4.6 Digital First

- Firmstep Forms continue to be developed by a number of services in conjunction with a small team at ICT, who are holding weekly meetings to improve and develop the platform.
- The team is currently exploring database integration, with a view to allowing Firmstep to interact with other key council systems. This has the potential to allow forms to 'pre-populate' with data we already hold in CHRIS and other systems – saving staff time when completing internal forms, cutting down on "data silos" and improving form accuracy.
- ICT recently demoed Firmstep to Safety and Risk, with Audit in attendance.
 Audit have volunteered to promote the platform during inter-departmental visits.
- Following an options appraisal of proposals from web site developers, procurement of the preferred option is being undertaken. Implementation of the new website will promote on-line transactions for many Council services.

4.7 Information Management & Improvement

- Steady progress made some final Departmental Information Asset Registers (IARs) and personal information data flow registers are still being worked on.
- Work to complete the Corporate IAR commenced in October, and the draft Corporate IAR, Business Classification Scheme and Retention and Destruction schedule early in January 2019.

4.8 Performance Management & Reporting

• The draft Project Initiation Document (PID) for Work Stream 9 – Performance Management and Reporting is attached at Appendix D. The Project Structure was agreed by the BTP Board. The aim is to produce one performance management approach for the Council, NHS Shetland and the IJB and for this to be compatible with performance reporting for the Shetland Partnership. The Senior Responsible Officer and Joint Project Managers have discussed and agreed the draft PID and collated existing documentation and outputs from previous work in Planning and Performance Management Frameworks (PPMFs) as a basis for discussion at meetings with colleagues across the

- Council, the IJB and the Health Board.
- A Sounding Board for this workstream would be established the proposed membership is included in the draft PID. Policy and Resources Committee is asked to approve the Councillor nominations for the Sounding Board.
- This work stream will link with Workstream 2 Commissioning and Procurement with strong ties to the Information Management and Improvement and Digital First work streams.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None

6.0 Implication	ons :			
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Service users and their communities have an expectation that the Council will make best use of resources. A streamlined approach to service delivery will be enabled by the progression of the BTP.			
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	There are no Human Resources or Organisational Development implications arising directly from this report.			
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	There are no equality, diversity or human rights implications arising directly from this report.			
6.4 Legal:	There are no legal implications arising directly from this report.			
6.5 Finance:	There are no direct financial implications arising from this report. In order to create a sustainable budget, the Council must make savings of £20m over the next five years. To date, recurring savings of £2.2M per annum have been achieved through major change projects including the review of insurance and the acquisition of SLAP. A further £52k will be realised from 2022 through changes in the management arrangements of Audit, Risk and Improvement. The BTP will deliver processes and systems that will facilitate the Service Redesign Programme (SRP). The SRP is the subject of a separate report on today's agenda.			
6.6 Assets and Property:	There are no assets and property implications arising directly from this report.			
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	There are no ICT implications arising directly from this report.			

6.8 Environmental:	There are no environmental implications arising directly from this report.		
6.9 Risk Management:	Risks have been identified and are actively monitored by SROs using the JCAD Core system. The BTP Risk Register is updated regularly and considered on a quarterly basis by the BTP Board and the BTP Sounding Board.		
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	In accordance with Section 2.2.1(7) of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations, the Policy and Resources Committee has delegated authority to secure the coordination, control and proper management of the financial affairs of the Council.		
Previously considered by:	N/A		

Contact Details:

Christine Ferguson, Director of Corporate Services, christine.ferguson@shetland.gov.uk
11 December 2018

Appendices

Appendix A: Business Transformation Programme Phase Two

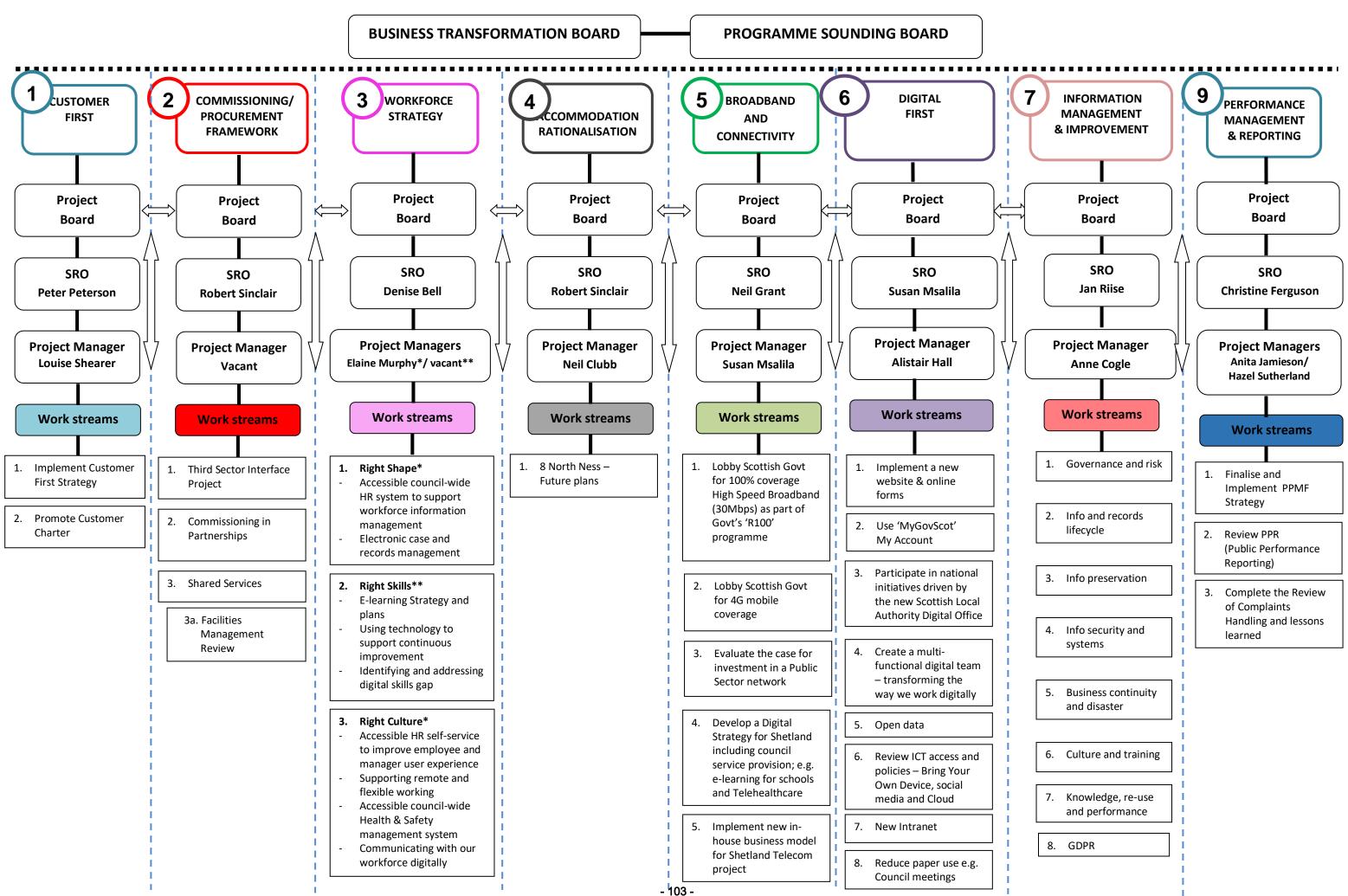
Appendix B: Pentana Report for the Business Transformation Programme

Appendix C: BTP Risk Register

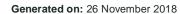
Appendix D: Work Stream 9 – Performance Management and Reporting Project Initiation

Document

BUSINESS TRANSFORMATION PROGRAMME 2016-20 PHASE TWO



Business Transformation Programme - Phase 2





Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progres	ss Statement
BTP2-05	1. Lobby Scottish Government for 100% coverage High Speed		Planned Start				A new bid for UK Government LFFN funding for a public sector fibre network
Broadband and Connectivity	Broadband (30Mbps) as part of Government's 'R100'		Actual Start	01-Apr-2017	45%		to yell and Unst has been submitted to the DCMS (Dept Digital, Culture, Media
,	programme.		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Expected success		and Sport) and we are awaiting decision
Lead	2. Lobby Scottish Government for 4G mobile coverage.		Due Date	31-Mar-2021	©	•	in December Scottish Government R100 programme
Neil Grant (Director)	 Evaluate the case for investment in a Public Sector Network Develop a Digital Strategy for Shetland including council service provision; e.g. elearning for schools and Telehealthcare. Implement new in-house business model for Shetland Telecom project. 		Completed Date		Likely to meet target	•	completion. However there are concerns that this will not be achieved. In the meantime roll out of Mobile masts continues, however most masts do not have good backhaul.
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progres	ss Statement
BTP2-07	Governance and risk Info and records lifecycle		Planned Start				
Information Management &	3. Info preservation4. Info security and systems		Actual Start		0%		
Improvement	Business continuity and		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Expected success		
Lead	disaster 6. Culture and training		Due Date	31-Mar-2020			
Jan-Robert Riise	7. Knowledge, re-use and performance 8. GDPR		Completed Date				

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
Management & PPMF Strategy 2 Review PPR (Public	Finalise and implement	and the Shetland	Planned Start		•	Project Initiation Document prepared and planning meetings held by the joint project managers with the SRO. Information from previous work across the Council and NHS has been collated and is being reviewed.
	PPMF Strategy 2. Review PPR (Public		Actual Start	26-Nov-2018	20%	
Reporting	Performance Reporting) 3. Complete the Review of Complaints Handling and lessons learned.		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	30-Jun-2019		
Christine Ferguson			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP035 Future use of existing AHS site at Knab	AHS site Investigate options for future use of existing AHS site at Knab	Continuity of use of site and retained buildings	Planned Start	01-Apr-2014		Legal issues clarified. Master planning work is nearing completion with 7N Architects and Architecture and Design Scotland. Once agreed at Committee the Plan will go out for a period of public consultation.
			Actual Start	10-Apr-2015	60%	
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2016	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-May-2019	©	
Robert Sinclair			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP075 Work to	band By liaising and coordinating the activities of the ICT Service, Economic Development's "Shetland Telecom" Project, HIE BDUK Next Generation Broadband Project and	Ale and Ole and are al	Planned Start	01-Apr-2014		Discussions ongoing with SG, particularly regarding how R100 will address the most remote areas. BT are still to make some additional provision available through extra cabinets at the end of the HIE contract. A bid has
availability and bandwidth to SIC			Actual Start	01-Apr-2014	60%	
sites			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2015	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2020	_	been made for LFFN (Local Full Fibre Network) funding, through the DCMS, for fibre to Unst and
Susan Msalila	Community Broadband Scotland through the ICT Network Strategy Programme Board	increasing number of bandwidth-intensive services that use broadband as a delivery mechanism.	Completed Date		Experiencing issues, risk of failure to meet target	Yell, the result of this bid will be known in December

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP151 Customer First	Embed strategy and charter to ensure that the Council is a customer focused organisation	People who use our services will experience excellent standards of care.	Planned Start	01-Apr-2017	•	New strategy and charter agreed at Policy and Resources on 18 June 2018. Stage 2 of implementation plan ('embed') is in progress. Customer pledge has been created, which executive managers are signing to indicate their support. Public performance action plan completed for 2018/19 is in progress. Project on track to deliver required outcomes.
			Actual Start	01-Apr-2017	50%	
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2018	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Ø	
Peter Peterson			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP152 Commissioning & Procurement Framework	Establish new procedures to maximise efficient procurement	robust, effective and efficient procurement and commissioning that delivers best value in relation to the goods and services the council	Planned Start	16-Apr-2018	>	Initial discussions held regarding commissioning and procurement and the scope of revised/new
			Actual Start		0%	procedures/guidance notes
			Original Due Date	22-Mar-2019	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	22-Mar-2019	>	
Robert Sinclair			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP153 Implement Workforce Strategy	Implement the strategy across the council and to carry out a review of the workforce requirements in corporate and executive services.	affordable	Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		A workforce planning event is taking place on 18 September 2018 that will enable a council-wide approach to be put in place for workforce and succession planning. This will be followed up to ensure plans at service/directorate and organisation wide are in place to deliver the actions set out in the workforce strategy.
			Actual Start	25-Oct-2016	70%	
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2020	Ø	
Denise Bell			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP155 Digital First		We will be working in a more effective way, allowing us to cope with reduced resources. We	Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		A number of processes have been identified which are suitable for implementation on the Firm Step platform. Forms have already been designed, some of which will be live by the start of 2018/19, and the expectation is that, as Services engage with the Service Redesign process more and more transactions will be identified that can be carried out digitally. Plans are being developed for the replacement of the Council website. The Paperless Council workstream has been amalgamated into the Digital First stream, as the work is closely linked.
			Actual Start	11-Apr-2017	70%	
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2018	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Jul-2019	©	
Susan Msalila			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP162 Property rationalisation	Service redesign project to rationalise and make best use of the properties which the Council operates	understanding of the number of assets we can afford with the resources we have available, and will have reduced the number of buildings we have staff	Planned Start	01-Mar-2017	•	Review of space requirements has resulted in one external lease not being renewed from April 2018 and further work is being undertaken on business cases to take advantage of other opportunities, including the options in relation to returning 8 North Ness to operational use.
			Actual Start	01-Mar-2017	10%	
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2021	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2021	>	
Robert Sinclair			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
	Work with Scottish Government to influence rollout of		Planned Start	01-Apr-2017		UK Government Full Fibre Challenge Fund bid for fibre network to North Isles is currently being
DP204 Digital and mobile connectivity	broadband and mobile services in Shetland under the		Actual Start	17-Aug-2017	50%	considered by DCMS (Dept for Digital, Culture, Media) for decision in December 2018. April
	Government R100 plan, and	A - Li 4000/ LiL	Original Due Date	01-Apr-2021	Expected success	2020 is the target date for the completion of the
Lead	identify where there are business cases for council	Achieve 100% high speed broadband and	Due Date	01-Apr-2021	_	North Isles Fibre network. April 2021 is the target date for R100.
	engagement in provision of services and infrastructure. a) Find means to develop fibre network in Yell Unst and Fetlar. b) Develop a Digital Strategy for the Council	mobile coverage throughout Shetland	Completed Date		Experiencing issues, risk of failure to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP216 Complete		Embed a culture of robust, effective and	Planned Start	01-Mar-2017		Summary document produced and circulated to managers and commissioning officers. More
Commissioning	Create concise commissioning	efficient procurement and commissioning that	Actual Start	01-Mar-2017	80%	work required on on-line templates.
	and procurement guidance	delivers best value in	Original Due Date	27-Jun-2018	Expected success	
Lead		relation to the goods and services the council	Due Date	31-Mar-2019	②	Discussions with Scotland Excel planned to
Robert Sinclair		needs	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	ensure congruence with national frameworks
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
DP221 General			Planned Start	01-Dec-2017	•	Work is progressing to complete a first draft Information Register for the Council. Privacy
Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)	Prepare the council for the	People who use our services know what	Actual Start	01-Dec-2017	20%	Impact Notices drafts are being completed.
rtogulation (OD) 1ty	implementation of the General Data Protection Regulation in		Original Due Date	30-May-2018	Expected success	
Lead	May 18	hold and how it will be used	Due Date	30-May-2018	Ø	
Susan Brunton; Jan-Robert Riise			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SP009 Information		5 Year outcome: A cohesive approach to	Planned Start	01-Apr-2018		Steady progress made - some final
Management and Improvement Programme – Year		46	Actual Start	16-Jan-2018	35%	Departmental IARs and personal info data flow registers still being worked on.
2	Information Management and Improvement Programme	Year 2 Outcomes:	Original Due Date	06-Mar-2019	Expected success	
Lead	under the Council's Records	. Completed Information Asset	Due Date	06-Mar-2019	©	Work to complete the corporate Information
Anne Cogle	Management Plan, designed to achieve compliance with the Public Records (Scotland) Act 2011.	Register . 25% completion of Action Plan [Including: Business Classification Scheme, Records Retention Policy and RM Policy and Procedures]	Completed Date		Likely to meet target	Asset Register will commence in October, and expect draft Corporate IAR, Business Classification Scheme and R&D schedule early in January 2019.
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
00000 D	The proposed development	Best value	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		First draft Strategic Outline Case prepared and discussed at CMT. Minimal cash savings
	would be to "go paperless" for all Council/Committee		Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	anticipated (approx. £1k per annum) so work has been prioritised on other projects.
	meetings as a high profile statement and commitment on	• Increase awareness of digital and confidence in	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead	aspiring to be a paperless	digital solutions	Due Date	31-Mar-2022	②	
Christine Ferguson	Council.		Completed Date		Likely to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome			Flogless	
CDD04 Charad	T	Best value	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Facilities Management Review has been added to this work stream
SRP04 Shared Services	The proposed development would be to explore the	house service provision	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	
	opportunities for shared service solutions for a range of Council		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead	services.	Shared risks	Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Christine Ferguson			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Dates Pi		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP13			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Progress will be reported under Accommodation Rationalisation work stream in future reports		
Receptions/Single	The proposed development	Reduction in cost.Simplified access to	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	·		
	reception point in Lerwick for all		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success			
Lead	Council services.	public.	Due Date	31-Mar-2022	②			
Christine Ferguson			Completed Date		Likely to meet target			

Shetland Islands Council Date: 20 November 2018

Risk Register - Business Transformation Programme

						•				
Risk & Details	Trigger	Consequences	Likelihood	Current Impact	Risk Profile	Current and Planned Control Measures	Probabilty	Target Impact	Risk Profile	Responsible Officer
There is a risk that the BTP will fail to deliver the objectives set out in the PID. This will have an effect on the SRP which is dependant on the success of the BTP. The full level of savings cannot be realised without the SRP. Risk type: Deadlines - failure to meet Reference - BTP010008	Workload pressures Increased Service need Loss of key staff Further reduction in funding from Scottish Government Brexit	Failure to support SRP objectives Failure to achieve quantifiable, recurring financial savings Reduction in resources Increased pressure on other Services to make savings in order to achieve a sustainable budget position	Likely	Major	High	SRP Control Measures -Move towards early implementation for Digital First using Firmstep Discuss/provide updates at HRPG and Management Network Encourage Services to contact BTP workstreams to promote their service redesign projects	Unlikely	Minor	Low	Christine Ferguson Corporate Services
The Programme needs to deliver quantifiable, recurring financial savings with the first savings achieved in 2017/18. There is a risk of failure to meet timescales - the financial pressures are such that quantifiable, recurring financial savings need to be achieved in 2017/18. Risk type: Budget control failure Reference - BTP010001	Workload pressures Increased Service need Loss of key staff Further reduction in funding from Scottish Government Brexit	Failure to achieve quantifiable, recurring financial savings Reduction in resources Increased pressure on other Services to make savings in order to achieve a sustainable budget position	Possible	Significant	Medium	Budget accountability for Programme resources through Spend to Save, Funding for Change and carry forwards from 2016/17 Programme Sounding BoardProgramme Sounding Board including Leader and Depute Leader to provide challenge and support Regular informal meetings of the Programme BoardInformal meetings of the Programme BoardInformal meetings of the Programme Board are held on a monthly basis.	Unlikely	Minor	Low	Christine Ferguson Corporate Services
The successful delivery of the BTP requires support and buy-in across the organisation. Lack of support for the Programme and/or individual change projects within the Council Risk type: Staff number/skills shortage Reference - BTP010003	Workload pressures Staff absences Loss of key staff Low morale Fear of change Poor staff management Unwillingness from staff and/or Members Limited access to electronic systems/broadband No investment in new technologies	Delays or failure to deliver BTP in timescales set Processes not being followed Failure to achieve savings Pressure on all Service Areas to make additional savings Continuing need for filing/storage/archive facility for paper records or additional resource/cost to convert to digital Failure to achieve efficiencies in some processes Opportunity costs due to the involved process of paper records Need for change is not recognised or understood, and hence becomes more difficult to initiate and implement, challenge to motivate becomes greater	Almost Certain	Significant	High	Engagement Strategies for BTP in place□ BTP Managers cascading information to colleagues Involvement of staff in working groups Secondments available for staff to work on BTP Engaging with the national Digital Transformation Programme including the Chief Digital Officer for Scottish local government Maintaining ICT systems up to date with changes in technologies to enable digital solutions to be implemented	Likely	Minor	Medium	Christine Ferguson Corporate Services
For the BTP to succeed, the co-operation of key partners is essential. There is a risk of lack of co-operation from partner agencies; the most significant in this regard will be NHS Shetland and the IJB. There is a risk of lack of co-operation from Third Sector, e.g. with regard to charges in joint commissioning and partnership arrangements. Risk type: Other bodies - relations with Reference - BTP010005	Lack of priority given to the BTP Delays in decision making Lack of understanding Conflicting priorities from external/national bodies	Failure to achieve savings/streamline processes Additional pressure on all departments both in terms of workload and the need to make savings Duplication of processes	Possible	Significant	Medium	Aligning workstreams with community planning initiatives set out in the LOIP INHS InvolvementNHS Shetland colleagues on the BTP Programme Board and involved in the various work streams	Unlikely	Minor	Low	Christine Ferguson Corporate Services
The BTP requires to be delivered within existing resources. There is a risk that a change in focus or priorities, or changes in financial resources available e.g. from external organisations or through a change in priorities for expenditure within the Council, will impact upon the progress or delivery of the BTP Risk type: Govt. Funding issues Reference - BTP010006	Brexit Further reduction in funding from Scottish Government settlement Service need Legislation changes Additional savings required on top of the £16m already identified	Failure to deliver the BTP Lack of funded resources Additional savings required on top of the £16m already identified	Likely	Major	High	Financial initiatives to maximise income from other sources e.g. investments being considered/proposed ENational Level DiscussionInvolvement in discussion on finance at a national level Support for elected Members negotiating at COSLA and with Scottish Government	Possible	Significant	Medium	Jamie Manson Corporate Services

High speed connectivity; the national broadband project R100, aims to have high speed Broadband connections available to all households by 2021. However, Scottish Government has stated that there will be an "outside-in" approach, which should mean earlier implementation in Shetland Risk type: Technological - Other Reference - BTP010007	Lack of funding for R100 Lack of investment in new technologies e.g. handheld devices Technical infrastructure inadequate Change in approach Difficulties in connecting outlying households Withdrawal of support from Scottish Government Last workstream in the programme i.e. not achieved until 2021	Delays or failure to deliver BTP digital objectives Additional funding required from Shetland Islands Council	Unlikely	Extreme	j	Funding bid for UK Challenge Fund to install fibre in Unst, Yell and Fetlar EMbbile CoverageBT are currently upgrading mobile coverage in Shetland EArticulate Needs of Remote and Rural LocationWorking with Chief Digital Officer and others to articulate needs of remote and rural location. Shetland is the furthest "outside" so should be first if SG policy is "outside in". OIOF influencing SG to islands policies	Unlikely	Significant	Medium	Neil Grant Corporate Services
The Council's annual external audit report made a number of observations around Business Transformation; including; approach to change, resources, setting of targets and milestones to more effectively demonstrate delivery of savings and outcomes. The Council has provided a number of 'management responses'. Risk type: Professional - Other Reference - BTP010009	Management responses to the audit recommendations are not delivered	Negative comment in 2018-19 external audit report, leading to damage to BTP as a concept	Possible	Significant		SRO for BTP will ensure management responses are delivered, including: Effective programme planning and clear reporting to demonstrate savings and outcomes achieved for each BTP project strand.	Possible	Minor	Medium	Christine Ferguson Corporate Services



Project Initiation Document (PID)

Business Transformation Programme 2016-2020

Work Stream 9

Performance Management and Reporting

PROGRAMME INITIATION DOCUMENT	BTP 9 – Performance Management & Reporting		
Author: Christine Ferguson,	Stage:		
Programme Executive			
Date: 6 November 2018	Version Number: 1.2	Page 2 of 13	

1. Programme Initiation Document Authorisation

This document requires approval from the Business Transformation Programme (BTP) Performance Management and Reporting (PMR) Work Stream 9 Senior Responsible Officer (SRO) representing the PMR Project Board.

	Signature	Date
Christine Ferguson, SRO for PMR Work Stream Project Board	CLEFor	23 November 2018

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Programme Executive	_		
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BTP Vision

The Council will champion ways of working that will revolutionise how public services support everyone who lives and works in our community.

We will become digitally able and enabled.

We will embrace new technology and make information and services readily available on-line and on-air with our "New Rule of Thumb" making information and services available at a stroke.



Every citizen will be able to help themselves to services and information through electronic means.

Every member of staff will seek to make their area of work simple, efficient and effective.

We will strive to transform our business through partnership with the community. Every citizen will have the opportunity to be involved in shaping how public services look and feel as well as what those services should be.

We will work with community planning partners and make sure everything we do is consistent with the Shetland Partnership Local Outcomes Improvement Plan.

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Programme Aim:

To implement a range of measures that will revolutionise how we work with and for our community, responding to and anticipating a digital cultural paradigm.

Programme Objectives:

- To develop and implement a Customer Focus Strategy across the Council; to make the Strategy available and able to be adopted by other agencies across Shetland.
- 2. To implement the Commissioning and Procurement Framework approved in June 2016
- 3. To implement the Council's Workforce Strategy making sure that it is compatible/integrated with the workforce strategies of NHS Shetland, Shetland's Health and Social Care Partnership IJB and other community planning partners through the Shetland Partnership Resources Group.
- 4. To develop a Digital Strategy for the Council and community planning partners looking at business needs and identifying priorities for digital business solutions.
- 5. To implement technical solutions that will support digital service delivery and our aspiration to be paperless.
- 6. To implement a comprehensive Information and Records Management Framework for the Council.
- 7. To identify early implementer projects that will show the way so that continually challenging what we are doing and how we do it becomes the norm throughout the organisation.
- 8. To deliver quantifiable, recurring financial savings by 2017/18.

The BTP complements the Council's Service Redesign Programme (SRP).

Work Stream 9 Objectives

- 1. To develop and implement a new Planning and Performance Management Framework (PPMF) for the Council in partnership with NHS Shetland.
- To review Public Performance Reporting (PPR) arrangements; developing a comprehensive system for publishing information making it accessible to everyone in our community.
- 3. To review SIC complaints handling; making sure that the Council's system can work collaboratively with those of partner agencies, ensuring a seamless approach to any complaints involving more than one agency.
- 4. To develop a system for ensuring lessons learned are shared as part of a wider systematic approach to using all available data, information and practice based evidence to inform decision making and to support our strategic aims and our development as learning organisations in the wider Shetland Partnership.

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2. Project Brief

Background:

The Council approved its corporate plan "Our Plan 2016-2020" on 22 September 2015

The Plan sets out the Council's priorities over 5 years and includes commitments as to **how** the Council will work in the community to deliver those priorities¹.

The "20 by '20" commitments underpin the Business Transformation Programme (The Programme or BTP).

The Programme was approved by the Council in February 2017 as part of the Council's Corporate and Executive Services Directorate Plan. The Council's Director of Corporate Services is the Programme Executive and Chair of the Programme Board.

Initially, the Programme comprised eight work streams:

- 1. Customer First
- 2. Commissioning and Procurement Framework
- 3. Workforce Strategy
- 4. Asset Strategy
- 5. Broadband and Connectivity
- 6. Information Management and Improvement
- 7. Digital First
- 8. Paperless Council

The work streams were pulled together as the BTP in order to:

- Make the links explicit so that there would be no gaps or duplication of effort
- 2. To align timescales and understand the interdependencies of the different work streams
- To raise the profile and priority of the work streams as a key contribution to making the Council sustainable, making the best use of our resources to achieve the outcomes required by our community.

Progress is reported to the Council's Policy and Resources Committee at each PPMF cycle.

In June 2018, the Programme was revised with the continuing work on Work Stream 8 - Paperless Council incorporated into Work Stream 7- Digital First. Performance Management and Reporting was introduced as a new Work Stream 9, thereby keeping the original numbering of the Work Streams.

¹ Shetland Islands Council "Our Plan 2016-2020" http://www.shetland.gov.uk/documents/OurPlan2016-20final.pdf

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In November 2014, the Council and the Health Board agreed that:

"..the committees, sub-committees and governance groups that are needed for the Body Corporate should all be joint, looking at all the business of the Council and the (Health) Board unless there is a specific reason why this cannot be done e.g. legal impediment".

"..... we should seek to learn from the practices across the organisations involved in the partnership with a view to developing models of best practice that wherever possible, would apply to all activities across the Council and the Health Board"

We are consequently committed to developing ways of working that will be joint across the Council and the Health Board locally and we have sought to develop strategies that can be adopted not just by the Council and the Health Board but also by other agencies through the work of the Shetland (Community Planning) Partnership.

In practice, it is recognised that there are some areas of business where, although we can and should do this jointly/"Once for Shetland", not all agencies are at an equal stage of readiness for this approach. Through this Programme we will propose timescales for a "Once for Shetland" solution where this cannot be achieved immediately through the work of the Programme.

NHS Shetland is in the process of reviewing their performance management and reporting systems. This work is well advanced led by their Head of Planning and Modernisation who is a member of the BTP Programme Board ensuring links at that level.

The Head of Planning and Modernisation has agreed to be joint Project Manager for this new BTP Work Stream together with the Council's Executive Manager for Housing.

Principles for Change

Any change proposals will be assessed to see if they deliver against the following principles:

- A focus on outcomes
- Impact assessment involving customers
- Evolution, building on what has been achieved so far
- Improved efficiency and value for money
- Reduction in bureaucracy; eliminating duplication and improving the speed of decision making
- Adoption of one system and using national systems where they provide Best Value

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Scope	Within Scope
	 Systems and processes used by the Council and NHS Shetland for service planning, performance management and reporting including public performance reporting. Performance monitoring and reporting systems that contribute to and support community planning activities and the activities of other partnerships e.g. Shetland's Health and Social Care Partnership Integration Joint Board, Shetland Community Safety and Resilience Board. Systems for identifying and sharing lessons learned from performance monitoring; ensuring this contributes to the commissioning and procurement cycle. SIC complaints and comments handling (NHS Shetland recently updated their complaints handling in line with Scottish Government Guidance). Local implementation of the Scottish Government National Performance Framework. Content and timing of regular performance reports for the Scottish Government, Council, NHS Shetland, the IJB and their committees. Outwith Scope Strategic and service planning governance arrangements e.g. roles and responsibilities of strategic planning groups such as Integrated Children and Young People's Strategic Planning Group. Commissioning and Procurement Framework (see BTP Work Stream 2). Information Governance (see BTP Work Stream 6). Internal and external audit plans and activities.
Business Case	 Benefits include: Improved outcomes for customers through better informed planning and decision making Continuous service improvement, learning from experience and from our mistakes ensuring Best Value Open, transparent approach to our accountability to the public, building confidence in public services Better, more timely production of information required for public scrutiny of performance
Constraints:	 Budget constraints and increasing pressure on financial resources anticipated over the lifetime of the Programme Limited project resources, in particular project management and project team resources National systems and legislation, including the Scottish

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	Government National Performance Framework, national
	systems for performance reporting and complaints handling
Customers:	The Shetland Community
	People using public services in Shetland
	Shetland Islands Council Members and staff
	NHS Shetland Board Members and staff
	Shetland's IJB
	Other Community Planning Partners in Shetland
Deliverables:	The Project will deliver
	 An overarching Policy document, namely a "Performance Framework for Shetland"
	A Joint Performance Management Strategy for the Council
	and NHS Shetland that can be adopted by other community
	planning partners
	 A Performance Communications and Reporting Framework Systems and templates for performance reports for a wide
	range of audiences including the public
	 A revised Complaints Handling System for the Council
	7 Trovided Complainte Flanding System for the Council
Method of	The Project will be delivered through a number of project
delivery	activities as directed by the Project Managers.
	These will include:
	A review of all current PPMF systems and reporting
	arrangements
· ·	A review of current complaints handling and lessons
	learned systems
	3. A review of recent work undertaken in these areas
	4. A review of systems used in other public services
	identifying best and worst practice examples to inform the development of a Performance Framework for
	Shetland
	5. A review of the ICT systems used for performance
	management and reporting and for SIC complaints
	handling
	Proposals for change will be developed in consultation with
	representatives of all stakeholders and in collaboration with
	colleagues working to deliver other BTP and SRP work
	streams, in particular the work streams identified as Linked
	Projects below.
Linked Projects:	BTP Work Stream 2 –
	Commissioning and Procurement Framework
	BTP Work Stream 6 –
	Information Management and Improvement

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Risks:	 Project Resources - Lack of staff time, financial resources and ICT facilities to complete the work required on time. The target date for completing the project and implementing new systems is April 2019. If the proposals include procurement of additional ICT, then it is likely that implementation will be phased over a longer period. Opportunity costs impeding overall progress on transformational change and the success of the BTP and SRP Lack of support for the Project - e.g. from departments and services too busy with the day job Failure to reach agreement on proposals for change; Failure to implement change and resistance to change Inadequate Systems for performance monitoring and reporting and consequent failure to demonstrate Best Value and failure to learn from our own performance and that of others A Risk Register will be maintained for the project. This will highlight any risks to other elements of the BTP and SRP.
Assumptions	 Staff will ensure "business as usual" as the project goes forward so that there will be no adverse impact on services Staff, including senior managers, will be able to dedicate time and energy to the project as a priority. There will be additional resources available to support the project; e.g. ICT technical support/systems and support for the work force to implement new systems and working practices.
Resources:	 Director of Corporate Services as SRO and chair of the Project Board NHS Head of Planning and Modernisation and SIC Executive Manager Housing as joint Project Managers Project officer resources from the Council's Performance and Improvement Team Project Team members drawn from the Council, NHS Shetland and other partner agencies as appropriate Staff time in SIC Corporate and Executive Services including Communications, HR, Finance, Capital Programme, ICT, Governance and Law, Risk Management, Performance and Improvement to support the project activities and as key stakeholders; Support services staff from NHS Shetland, Input from elected members and staff of the Council, representatives and staff of Shetland NHS Board and the IJB and representatives of service users and the wider public.

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	 Input from external specialists is not anticipated in this Work Stream. Any changes in the costs of proposals for change must be met from within existing approved budget allocations.
Budget:	 Dedicated project resources and any external support may be funded from the Council's Funding for Change and /or Spend to Save Budgets. This will be subject to the normal application process through the Executive Manager Finance. All other costs will be met from within existing resources across the Council and partner agencies as appropriate and agreed as part of the work going forward.
Communications	"A Performance Communications and Reporting Framework" is one of the Deliverables identified in this PID. The BTP Communications and Reporting Framework includes the formal reporting requirements to the Council and other agencies as well as a commitment to providing regular information about the BTP to staff and other stakeholders. Separate reporting arrangements for this Work Stream will be discussed and agreed by the Project Board.

3. Organisation and Reporting Structure

ROLES	
Shetland Islands Council	 To lead the Project making sure that it is consistent with and supports the outcomes of the Council and the Shetland Partnership To implement the decisions of the Council with regard to the Project
Policy and Resources Committee	 To consider any policy and resources issues arising from the Project for the Council. To receive reports on the progress made against the objectives of the Project To ensure any recommendations for change have been properly consulted upon with relevant stakeholders including staff To make decisions on recommendations for change within the delegated authority of P&R To advise the Council regarding the work of the Project and make recommendations for approval by the Council where these are outwith the authority of P&R

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NHS Shetland	 To receive reports on the progress made against the objectives of the Project To advise the Project SRO of implications for the NHS and agree proposals for the implementation of shared/joint proposals.
Shetland's IJB	 To receive reports on the progress made against the objectives of the Project To advise the Project SRO of implications for the IJB and agree proposals for the implementation of shared/joint proposals.

Project Sounding Board	 To maintain an overview of the Project To support and advise the Project SRO.
Steven Coutts	Leader SIC
TBC	Chair of SIC functional Committee
Allison Duncan	Chair SIC Audit Committee
Maggie Sandison	Chief Executive, SIC
Gary Robinson	Chair NHS Shetland
Natasha Cornick	Chair NHS Audit Committee
Ralph Roberts	Chief Executive NHS Shetland
Marjorie Williamson	Chair IJB
Emma MacDonald	Chair IJB Audit Committee
Simon Bokor-Ingram	Chief Officer IJB
Christine Ferguson	Director of Corporate Services, SIC Project SRO in attendance
Hazel Sutherland	Head of Modernisation and Planning NHS Shetland Joint Project Manager in attendance
Anita Jamieson	Executive Manager Housing, SIC Joint Project Manager in attendance

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Project Board	Responsible for: Oversight and delivery of the Project Providing support and advice to the Project Managers Taking key decisions within delegated authority for the Project
Project Board Chair	The Senior Responsible Officer will chair the Project Board. The Chair may nominate a depute to cover any absence.
Christine Ferguson	Director Corporate Services, SIC

Project Board Membership	
Robert Sinclair	EM Assets, Commissioning and Procurement SIC and SRO for BTP Work Stream 2, Commissioning & Procurement Framework
Jan Riise	EM Governance and Law and SRO for Work Stream 6, Information Management & Improvement
Lorraine Hall	Director Human Resources and Support Services, NHS Shetland
In attendance at the Project Board	Joint Project Managers
Project Managers	The Project Managers will chair the Project Team.
Hazel Sutherland	Head of Planning and Modernisation, NHS Shetland
Anita Jamieson	EM Housing, SIC
Project Team	The project managers in consultation with the SRO will determine the membership of the project team.

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4. Project Authority

Schedule	Planned (Y/N)	Comments
Business Transformation Programme Phase 2 incorporating a new Work Stream 9 Performance Management and Reporting	Ý	Formally approved by the Council June 2018.
Project Plans	Y	Project plans that set out the work schedule for the Project activities will be developed and maintained by the Project Managers
Update reports: 1. Policy and Resources Committee and 2. The Council	Y	Dates to be determined by the Project Managers in consultation with the SRO in order to meet project and committee deadlines
Project Board	Y	Each meeting of the Project Board, dates TBA by Project Managers
Programme Sounding Board	Y	Each meeting of the Project Sounding Board, dates TBA by Project Managers
3. SIC Policy and Resources Committee	Y	All PPMF meetings of the Committee and as required for decisions to meet project deadlines
4. SIC	Y	Where decisions required are outwith authority of P&R
5. NHS Board	Y	As required for decisions to meet project deadlines.
6. IJB	Y	As required for decisions to meet project deadlines
7. SIC, NHS and IJB Audit Committees	Y	For assurance regarding any changes to performance management arrangements

Agenda Item

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Meeting(s):	Policy & Resources Committee	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Service Redesign Programme Update	
Reference Number:	CRP-20-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Christine Ferguson, Director Corporate Services	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Policy & Resources Committee NOTE the information presented in this report and its appendices, COMMENT on progress and ADVISE the Chief Executive and senior managers of their views regarding where the focus and priorities of the Service Redesign Programme (SRP) should lie in the medium term.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 This report presents information regarding the Council's Service Redesign Programme (SRP).
- 2.2 The need for the SRP has been discussed with the Council on a number of occasions including at the 2018/19 budget setting meeting on 14 February 2018 (Min Ref SIC 5/18).
- 2.3 An update on progress was presented to Policy and Resources Committee on 28 August 2018 (Min Ref P&R 71/18). This report presents the latest information on progress including the updated summary diagram showing all the major service redesign projects planned for implementation in the next 3 years by departments.
- 2.4 Information from the SRP informs the 2019/20 budget setting process.
- 2.5 The SRP is complemented and supported by work on the Council's Business Transformation Programme (BTP). The BTP is the subject of a separate report on today's agenda.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 Shetland Islands Council's "Our Plan 2016 2020" aspires for services to work together in a smarter way to achieve the highest possible standards. The SRP and BTP will contribute towards the following objectives in the Plan:
 - "Modern IT equipment and systems will be supporting new ways of working, helping services run efficiently and effectively."
 - "We will be working in a more effective way, allowing us to cope with reduced resources. Processes that add no obvious value will have been replaced with more proportionate approaches based on effectively managing risks."
 - "People who use our services will experience excellent standards of customer

care."

- 3.2 The Shetland Partnership Plan 2018-2028 has, at its heart, the key aspirations of prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities through partnership working.
- 3.3 A separate Transformation Programme is being managed by NHS Shetland and it is essential that we maintain strong links across all our transformation activities to make the best use of all our resources.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 In the current financial year, the projects that have been prioritised in terms of service redesign are:
 - The review of tertiary education in Shetland
 - The review of bus contracts
 - The review of internal air service contracts
 - Work on Fair Funding for Ferries
 - Early learning and child care
 - Mental Health Review
 - Learning Disability Services
 - Community Care Resources and
 - Community Area Structures
- 4.2 Work on the Islands Deal and the implementation requirements of the Islands (Scotland) Act 2018 are also a priority.
- 4.3 Many of these projects will continue to require significant project resources in 2019/20. Our capacity to resource projects and maintain service delivery is a key risk at this time. A new graduate placement scheme is being developed and will be advertised in January 2019. The focus will be to recruit graduates to work as Project Officers on BTP and SRP projects funded by the Council's Change Fund and Spend to Save budgets. Project Officers will support projects undertaking research and analysis and facilitating consultation with a wide range of audiences. Secondments will also be used with backfill to ensure senior professional time is also available for key projects.
- 4.4 There have been no savings realised from the SRP projects to date.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None

6.0 Implications:

6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:

Service users and their communities have an expectation that the Council will make best use of resources. A streamlined approach to service delivery will be enabled by the progression of the BTP.

Service redesign will be done in consultation with service users, stakeholder representatives and communities as proposals are being developed recognising that co-production will ensure innovative community-led solutions are at the heart of service

	vo do ciero
	redesign.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	Reduced revenue spending on the scale required will inevitably mean fewer jobs in the Council. Service redesign will mean jobs will be different. Staff engagement will be key to the success of the SRP and BTP and these programmes will be discussed regularly at departmental forums and with union representatives at the Council's Human Resources Partnership Group (HRPG). The Workforce Strategy will support service redesign projects looking at workforce requirements in terms of, "Right Shape, Right Skills, Right Culture". A key priority will be the retention of existing staff, retraining staff as job requirements change and using the natural turnover of staff numbers to prevent compulsory redundancies. The Council's Organisational Restructure Policy is currently being revised in consultation with trade unions.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	There are no equality, diversity or human rights implications arising directly from this report. These issues will be considered for each service redesign proposal.
6.4 Legal:	There are no legal implications arising directly from this report. However, as proposals and options are considered, legal advice and assistance will be obtained from Governance & Law as necessary.
6.5 Finance:	There are no direct financial implications arising from this report. In order to create a sustainable budget, the Council must make savings of £20m over the next five years. As part of the budget setting process for 2018/19, service redesign savings of £1.9m were identified, of these savings £0.6m will not be achieved in 2018/19.
6.6 Assets and Property:	There are no assets and property implications arising directly from this report, however, it is anticipated that there will be fewer buildings/infrastructure used for service delivery as service redesign projects are implemented and the number of buildings required by the Council for office accommodation in Lerwick will reduce as staff return to 8 North Ness.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	There are no ICT implications arising directly from this report however, the changing use of ICT as the work on "Digital First" goes forward will make a significant contribution to the SRP.
6.8 Environmental:	There are no environmental implications arising directly from this report.
6.9 Risk Management:	The Business Transformation Programme Risk Register is regularly updated and considered on a quarterly basis by the Business Transformation Board and the Business Transformation Programme Sounding Board. A separate Risk Register has been developed for the SRP and

	is attached at App C.					
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	In accordance with Section 2.2.1(7) of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations, the Policy and Resources Committee has delegated authority to secure the coordination, control and proper management of the financial affairs of the Council. The SRP is required to deliver significant reductions in Council spend over the next 5 years and therefore this report is being presented to Policy and Resources Committee for their consideration.					
Previously considered by:	N/A					

Contact Details:

Christine Ferguson, Director of Corporate Services, christine.ferguson@shetland.gov.uk

10 December 2018

Appendices

Appendix A: Service Redesign Programme Structure

Appendix B: Service Redesign Programme Progress Summary Appendix C: Service Redesign Programme Risk Register

SERVICE REDESIGN PROGRAMME 2018-22

SRP BOARD - CMT



SRP SOUNDING BOARD - SIC CHAIRS

CHILDREN'S SERVICES

Northern Alliance

Collaborative working across 8 LAs in North & West of Scotland

Closing the Attainment Gap

Responding to national priorities & targets

Digital / e-schools

Remote teaching and on-line learning

Emotional wellbeing

Promoting resilience and tackling the impact of adverse childhood experiences

Early Learning & Childcare

Increasing provision from 600 hours to 1140 hours by 2020

Looked After Children: Accommodation

Increasing provision in Shetland reducing the need for placements off island

School Estate

10 year plan for population growth linked to Shetland Partnership outcome targets

DEVELOPMENT

Internal Ferries

Sustainable funding secured for internal ferry services and exploration of fixed links as a viable alternative

Internal Air Services

Sustainable network of inter-island air services and supporting infrastructure in the longer term

Bus Services

Best value review of School and Public
Bus Networks

Colleges Review

Option appraisal and redesign of Shetland Tertiary Education, Research and Training Sector

Shetland Partnership

Facilitating the work of the Partnership; identifying outcome targets and benchmarking to identify outliers

HEALTH & SOCIAL CARE

Adult Services

Review services for adults with learning disabilities, autism, complex needs and of unpaid carers

Mental Health Services

Review of services provided at

Annsbrae in the context of all mental
health care services provided under the
direction of the IJB

Community Care Services

Further investment in prevention and early intervention services to enable people to live at home for longer reducing the need for long term care in institutional settings

Community Area Structures

Strengthening the cohesiveness of locality working through multi-agency collaborative working across Shetland enabling people to continue to live in their local communities

INFRASTRUCTURE

Gritting Review

Including investment in storage barns for road salt reducing waste

Waste Services and Recycling

Comprehensive recycling and waste disposal strategy reducing landfill and our carbon footprint

Scalloway Harbour

Major capital project responding to industry needs

Oil & Gas

Future of Sullom Voe Terminal

Fleet Review

Using telematics data to improve efficiency, developing car pool schemes

Service Redesign Programme





Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP Service	To implement an ambitious programme of service		Planned Start	16-Aug-2016		
Redesign Programme	redesign that will mean the Council can achieve the		Actual Start	16-Aug-2016	22%	
	outcomes required in order to	·	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead	support and protect the most vulnerable people in our		Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Maggie Sandison	community and deliver excellent universal services as required by statute in a way that is financially sustainable in the long term.		Completed Date			

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		'Shetland Transport Programme Board' has been formed to manage this and other Transport
SRP01.1 Internal Ferries			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	50%	Projects
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	Funding ask for Revenue and Capital, for next
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2020		3 years has been provided to Scottish Government and Transport Scotland as agreed.
Neil Grant (Director)	The proposed development would be to establish a means of ensuring revenue and capital funding is available to support the continued provision of inter-island ferry services and, where proven to be a viable alternative, the provision of fixed links.	Sustainable services providing transport links between the islands currently without fixed links	Completed Date			 (Ferries Fair Funding Sounding Board meets regularly to pursue this matter with Government.) Matters are being progressed through Interisland Transport Group meetings with SG, TS, SIC, OIC, HiTrans and ZetTrans. Current focus on confirmation by SG, TS of 2019/20 SIC revenue ask of £7.9m. Outline Business Cases for Revenue case, and Whalsay and Fair isle capital have been are being progressed and will be completed by March 2019.

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates	Dates		Progress Statement
			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		'Shetland Transport Programme Board' has been formed to manage this and other Transport
SRP01.2 Internal Flights			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	25%	Projects Projects
	The proposed development would be to establish what is		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	Inter-island Air Service OBC has been prepared, but is currently being reviewed to consider new information. Licencing of Island Airstrips, is being progressed to the same timeline
Lead	required in terms of a sustainable network of inter-	Sustainable system of internal air services	Due Date	31-Mar-2020	_	
Neil Grant (Director)	- sustainable network of interisland air services and supporting infrastructure in the longer term.	which complements other transport systems	Completed Date		Experiencing issues, risk of failure to meet target	
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
		Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		'Shetland Transport Programme Board' has been formed to manage this and other Transport	
SRP01.3 Bus contracts	ontracts	Sustainable system of bus services, both public and for schools and care groups, as required to meet needs and complement other transport systems	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	50%	Projects
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	A Consultant will be procured to assist with
Lead	opportunities for reducing the costs of providing public bus		Due Date	31-Aug-2019		development of the OBC for Public and School Bus network.
Neil Grant (Director)	services in Shetland.		Completed Date			A one year extension to existing contracts will be required to accommodate this work moving start date from August 2019 to August 2020.
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
	Approval is sought for the	Better value procurement options. Able to ensure accountability Less waste from leaching	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Strategic Outline Case being developed
SRP02 Gritting Review	potential investment of up to an estimated 800,000 to		Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	
	provide salt barns to store the road salt used for the gritting of Shetland's roads during the		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
John Smith	winter months.		Completed Date			

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates	Dates		Progress Statement
SRP05 Facilities			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Review in progress with external facilitation from APSE (Association of Public Sector Excellence)
Management Review	Review of "hard" and "soft" Facilities Management,	• Reduced cost.	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	15%	7
Itoviow	Energy, Procurement and	 Removal of duplication 	Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead	Fleet services		Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Maggie Sandison			Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP06 Northern	The Northern Alliance is a collaboration between eight		Planned Start	16-Aug-2016		
Alliance (Education)	local authorities, across the North and West of Scotland:		Actual Start	16-Aug-2016	0%	
(Eddcalloll)	Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshire,		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead	Argyll and Bute, Eilean Siar [Western Isles], Highland,		Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge	Moray, Orkney Islands and Shetland Islands. Our shared vision is to improve the educational and life chances of our children and young people. To remove the barriers to learning and improve children's outcomes, the collaborative seeks to build on the strengths of shared service development, create professional networks and deliver continuous professional development. The Northern Alliance exists to make a difference to the lives of children and young people by ensuring that the professionals who work with them collaborate for improvement and impact.		Completed Date			

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP07 Closing the		Closing the attainment gap for Shetland's young people	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		
Attainment Gap (Education)	Response to national priorities		Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	
	and targets		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead) - ag p p	Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge			Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
	Remote Teaching and Online Learning forms Work Stream 4		Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		SOC discussed at CMT
SRP08 Digital/ e- Schools	of the Children's Services Quality Improvement		Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	10%	
	Framework (QIF). The QIF		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge			Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP09 Emotional	This project aims to tackle the impact of adverse childhood		Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Project in progress.
Well-being (Education)	experiences on the children, and consequently, the adults in the Shetland Community.	Prevention and early intervention reducing poor outcomes for children and young people and families.	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	15%	SOC discussed at CMT.
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge			Completed Date			

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP10 Early	The Scottish Government has		Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Project in progress.
Learning and	ning and committed to fund the	Government policy	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	15%	Funding requirements and capital projects under consideration
Orindeare	increase in entitlement for		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	ocholadiation
Lead	each eligible child, from 600 hours to 1140 hours by 2020.	milativo/targoto:	Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge			Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
	The proposed development	Reduced numbers of	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Strategic Outline Case developed for discussion.
	placements for children and young people who are looked	Shetland. Improved performance	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	15%	Business Case well advanced.
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge			Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Strategic Outline Case to be developed, linked to Strategic Plans including Community Plan.
SRP12 Sustaining Rural Education		Improved outcomes, better use of community space, and reduction of inequalities	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	to strategic rians including community rian.
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Helen Budge	1		Completed Date			

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP14 "Outliers"			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Outliers currently identified: • Promote Shetland Service: Reviewed, options
			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	75%	
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	considered and new contract now in place.
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2020	_	
Neil Grant (Director)	benchmarking to identify areas		Completed Date		issues, risk of failure to meet target	 Museum and Archive. Tertiary Education & Research: Currently being reviewed. Review/update of benchmarking information required.

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
	The purpose of the project is to review the Council funded Adult Services for adults with learning disability (LD), autism	Reviewed Adult Services (Learning Disability and Autism) arrangements that meet eligible need; reduce inequality; support people to maintain and improve their own health and wellbeing and quality of life; meet base value objectives.	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Analysis of all individuals receiving service has commenced to ensure that best outcomes can be achieved. Detailed work to take place over next 12 months.
SRP15 Learning Disability services			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	10%	
	(ASD), complex needs and		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead	unpaid carers, and redesign where necessary to;		Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Simon Bokor- Ingram	• ensure fair and equitable access to resource and service where eligible need has been assessed; • ensure sustainable resource and services delivery in an area of demographic rise; • consider support for adults with assessed need not related to LD or ASD e.g. acquired brain injury (ABI)		Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
		Reduced cost	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Whole service review undertaken. Matched capacity to demand. Efficiencies to be identified
SRP16 Mental Health services	The purpose of the Project is to review and redesign the Council funded community mental health support services, provided from Annsbrae.	leading to better outcomes for individuals and less reliance on services.	Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	50%	in next phase.
			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022	②	
Simon Bokor- Ingram			Completed Date		Likely to meet target	

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
	This Business Case seeks approval to invest an estimated £500-600,000 of revenue funding in support of	Sustainable services across Shetland supporting people to be independent and able to live at home in the community.	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Strategic Outline Case discussed at CMT.
Community Care Resources			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	20%	Business Case being prepared for investment in earlier implementation projects as tests of
	early intervention and		Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	change that will deliver better outcomes at less
Lead	preventative services, to further develop the objective of enabling people to live independently in their own home for as long as it is safe to do so.		Due Date	31-Mar-2022		cost.
Simon Bokor- Ingram			Completed Date			
Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP18	between health & social care,	Sustaining people to continue living in their communities and in their own homes.	Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Services exploring how they can increase their presence at locality level.
Community Area Structures			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	0%	,
Cirdotaroo			Original Due Date	31-Mar-2022	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	31-Mar-2022		
Simon Bokor- Ingram			Completed Date			

Code & Title	Description	Desired Outcome	Dates		Progress	Progress Statement
SRP19 Colleges Review			Planned Start	14-Feb-2018		Full Business Case for a single Tertiary Education, Research and Training Organisation to be finalised for decision by Council and stakeholders by October 2018, with proposed vesting date September 2020.
			Actual Start	14-Feb-2018	50%	
			Original Due Date	30-Sep-2018	Expected success	
Lead			Due Date	30-Sep-2019	<u> </u>	OBC approved by Council in May 2018
Neil Grant (Director)	This concerns the future option for the Shetland Tertiary Education, Research and Training sector.	Maintain local tertiary education, research and training programme supporting Community Planning outcomes.	Completed Date		Experiencing issues, risk of failure to meet target	Project Team and Project Board formed and work on FBC is nearing completion. Regular project oversite being provided by College Integration Liaison Group comprising current board members and SFT and UHI representatives.

Shetland Islands Council Date: 27 September 2018

Risk Register - Service Redesign Programme

				Current				Target		
Risk & Details	Trigger	Consequence	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Profile	Current and Planned Control Measures	Probabilty	Impact	Risk Profile	Responsible Officer
The successful delivery of the SRP requires support and buy-in across the organisation. Lack of support within the Council for the Programme and/or individual projects. Risk type: Professional - Other Reference - PROJ 0160002	Workload pressures Staff absences Loss of key staff Low morale Poor staff management Unwillingness from staff and/or management No investment in new technologies	Delays or failure to deliver the SRP in the timescales set Processes not being followed Failure to achieve savings Pressure on all service areas to make additional savings Need for change is not recognised or understood, and hence becomes more difficult to initiate and implement, challenge to motivate becomes greater	Likely	Major	High	The challenges for the Council and the need for SRP projects to deliver is promoted through CMT, Leadership Team and management meetings. Information will be reported to Members in PPMF cycles.	Possible	Minor	Medium	Maggie Sandison Corporate Services
Lack of priority/direction Lack of staff and resources Failure to recognise the need for/unwilling to pursue change from senior management - not able to identify meaningful change Risk type: Deadlines - failure to meet Reference - PROJ 0160004	Asked to produce and deliver service redesign Workload pressures Increased service need Loss of key staff Further reduction in funding from Scottish Government Brexit	There is a risk that the SRP will fail to deliver the objectives set out in the PID which will have an effect on the full level of savings that can be achieved Failure to achieve the quantifiable, recurring savings required Reduction in resources Increased pressure on other services to make savings in order to achieve a sustainable budget position	Possible	Significant	Medium	CMT Away Days are being used to develop the SRP plans. These will be SMART - Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Resourced and Time bound.	Unlikely	Significant		Maggie Sandison Chief Executive
There is a risk that a change in focus or priorities, or changes in financial resources available e.g. from external organisations or through a change in priorities for expenditure within the Council, will impact upon the progress and delivery of the SRP Risk type: Professional - Other Reference - PROJ 0160003	Brexit Further reduction in funding from Scottish Government Service need Legislation changes Additional savings required on top of the £20m already identified Change in political influences/direction	Failure to deliver the SRP Lack of funded resources Additional savings required on top of the £20m already identified	Unlikely	Major	Medium	 Service plans, developmental plans, the Corporate Plan and the Shetland Community Plan recognise the need for significant change in services and how they are provided. These set out the strategic direction and priorities of the Council and support the SRP. 	Unlikely	Significant		Maggie Sandison Chief Executive
Failure of the Business Transformation Programme to deliver changes in systems, policies and procedures to support the SRP. Risk type: Change management failure Reference - PROJ 0160001	Failure to deliver the SRP SRP objectives being communicated and actively managed Workload pressures e.g. new legislation Increased service need Reduction in resources Loss of key staff Further reduction in funding from Scottish Government Brexit	Failure to achieve quantifiable recurring financial savings Reduction in resources Increased pressure on other Services to make savings in order to achieve a sustainable budget position	Unlikely	Minor	Low	Budget accountability for BTP resources through Spend to Save, Funding for Change and any carry forwards Business Transformation Programme Sounding Board including Leader and Depute Leader to provide challenge and support.	Unlikely	Minor		Christine Ferguson Corporate Services

Agenda Item

9

Meeting(s):	Audit Committee Policy & Resources Committee Shetland Islands Council	13 December 2018 19 December 2018 19 December 2018
Report Title:	External Audit Annual Report 2017/18 Update on Recommendations	
Reference Number:	CRP-21-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Christine Ferguson, Director of Corporate Service	es

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Council's Audit Committee:

- 1. CONSIDERS the information presented in this report and in the appendices attached below:
- 2. ADVISES the Director of Corporate Services of any additional information required in order for the Committee to be able to provide assurance to the Council regarding the issues covered in this report; and
- 3. ADVISES Policy and Resources Committee and the Council of the Committee's views in this regard

1.2 That the Policy & Resources Committee

- CONSIDERS the information presented in this report, in the appendices attached below and the views of the Council's Audit Committee in this regard; and
- 2. ADVISES the Council accordingly.

1.3 That the Council

1. CONSIDERS the information presented in this report, in the appendices attached and the views of the Committees in this regard.

2.0 High Level Summary:

2.1 The audited Annual Accounts 2017/18 for Shetland Islands Council were approved by the Council on 19 September 2018. The Council's external auditor, Deloitte LLP, also presented their Annual Audit Report 2017/18 to the Council on 19 September 2018 confirming their unmodified opinion on the accounts. (Min Ref SIC 57/18).

- 2.2 The Annual Audit Report included an Action Plan containing a number of recommendations for improvement and a copy of the Action Plan is attached at Appendix 1. The Council approved the Action Plan noting the management responses to the recommendations (Min Ref SIC 57/18).
- 2.3 An update on progress made to address each recommendation is included in Appendix 2.
- 2.4 Many of the recommendations are being addressed by the planned activities in the Council's Business Transformation Programme (BTP), which is the subject of a separate report on the Policy and Resources Committee agenda.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 The preparation and presentation of the Audited Annual Accounts is a key element of the Council's overall governance and reporting arrangements.
- 3.2 The Council has a duty to ensure Best Value across all its activities. The Annual Audit Report makes a number of recommendations in this regard.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 The Annual Audit Report summarises Deloitte's findings and conclusions in relation to:
 - The audit of the financial statements;
 - Consideration of the four audit dimensions -
 - Financial sustainability
 - Financial Management
 - Governance and transparency
 - Value for money; and
 - Best Value.
- 4.2 Deloitte LLP's findings confirm their unmodified opinion of the Council's annual accounts.
- 4.3 Deloitte's detailed findings are presented in their Annual Audit Report, which was presented to the Council on 19 September 2018. The Annual Audit Report includes an Action Plan comprising a number of recommendations for improvement categorised using the four audit dimensions listed in paragraph 4.1 above.
- 4.4 The recommendations reflect actions from the 2016/17 Action Plan where the recommendations have not been fully implemented, for example with regard to aligning the Council's corporate and strategic plans with the Shetland Partnership Plan.
- 4.5 The Action Plan is included below at Appendix 1. Following discussions with the Chief Executive and senior managers, the updates on the recommendations at Appendix 2 show:
 - Changes in the named responsible officer reflecting the delegation and / or reassignment of responsibility;
 - Links to the relevant work streams in the Business Transformation Programme; and
 - Progress in completing the management responses.

5.0 Exempt and/or confide	ntial information:
None	
6.0 Implications :	
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Service users and their communities have an expectation that the Council will make best use of resources while continuing to deliver high quality services. The proposals in this report will support the work of the Council and maintain a focus on Best Value.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	None arising directly from this report.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	None arising directly from this report.
6.4 Legal:	The Council has a duty of Best Value. The Annual Audit Report and Action Plan provide important information and recommendations in this regard.
6.5 Finance:	The pressure on public sector finance is increasing. The Council's Medium Term Financial Plan has challenging targets for a reduction in spend over the lifetime of this Council The level of change required to meet the Council's targets is significant and Deloitte's report and Action Plan reflect this and the need for the pace of change to increase in order to secure a sustainable future for the level of services that the community require.
6.6 Assets and Property:	There are no assets and property implications arising directly from this report. The specific recommendation in the Action Plan with regard to valuations is being addressed following the successful recruitment to vacant posts in Corporate Services.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	There are no ICT implications arising directly from this report.
6.8 Environmental:	There are no environmental implications arising directly from this report.
6.9 Risk Management:	There is a risk that the recommendations in the Action Plan will not be followed through, however, there will be regular updates to CMT so that progress can be monitored.

6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	The remit of the Council's Audit Comconsideration of audit matters; overs any actions taken in relation to audit assurance to the Council in this regardance and Resources Committee has	eeing and reviewing activity and providing rd.
	Policy and Resources Committee hat for advising the Council in the developriorities. The Committee also has densuring the Council's work, standar service are discharged in accordance.	ppment of its lelegated authority for ds and levels of
	The Council has reserved authority fany plan which is part of the Council Performance Management Framewo	s Planning and
Previously considered by:	N/A	

Contact Details:

Christine Ferguson, Director of Corporate Services, christine.ferguson@shetland.gov.uk 6 December 2018

Appendices

Appendix 1: Deloitte's Annual Audit Action Plan 2017/18

Appendix 2 Annual Audit 2017/18 Action Plan – progress update

Action plan Recommendations for improvement

Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date	Priority
Valuation of property assets	The Council should ensure that the post of Valuer, independent of the Team Leader of Estates and Assets, is filled for 2018/19 and that sufficient segregation of duties exist between the person carrying out the valuation of property assets and the person carrying out the technical review of that work.	Management have confirmed that the post has been filled for 2018/19.	Executive Manager – Capital Programmes	31 December 2018	High
	(Iveres to page to secure)				
Financial Sustainability: Workforce planning	The Council should develop a Council-wide workforce plan. This should include details on succession planning, recruitment and retentions. (Refer to page 30 for details)	The Council has confirmed that a facilitated session on workforce planning is to be held with the senior management team in September 2018.	Executive Manager – HR	31 December 2019	High
Financial Sustainability: Savings target	Additional work needs to be done to determine the feasibility of the Council savings target of 3.4% across the board and how these savings will be delivered. Business Transformation and Service Redesign projects need to include clear targets and milestones against which to measure performance. In addition, progress on these projects and against savings targets in general should be clearly reported to Members as part of the quarterly monitoring reports. (Refer to page 26 for details)	Management has confirmed the Business Transformation and Service Redesign projects are to continue to be reported regularly to monitor and measure performance. Members had been asked where focus and priorities should be in the medium term and management will continue to work with members to deliver these projects.	Executive Manager – Finance	31 March 2019 High	High

Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date	Priority
Financial Sustainability: Transformation programme	The Council needs to consider how it delivers services as a whole through a single, unified transformation programme which includes a medium-term plan for addressing the funding gap, rather than taking an adhoc approach to transformation. This must involve a high level of community and Member engagement given the nature of services in Shetland. The Council is in the fortunate position of having a high level of reserves and should use the existence of this buffer to take the necessary steps to change its service delivery model so that it is fit for the future given anticipated demographic and financial changes. The Council must further consider the infrastructure in place to deliver such a programme, including significant Member involvement, a PMO, its change management approach and access to relevant tools and templates to assess performance. (Refer to page 26 for details)	The Policy and Resources Committee receives updates on the Business Transformation and Service Redesign programmes quarterly. The programmes are linked and seen as inter-dependent rather than as one programme. The programmes and individual projects are managed using PRINCE2 methodologies. There are Sounding Boards for each programme with elected members as core members. The Corporate Management Team regularly reviews performance and savings targets. The Council is currently exploring ways of providing additional staffing resources to take forward projects using Spend to Save and Service Change budgets established for this purpose.	Director – Corporate Services	31 March 2019	H d d
Value for Money: Local government benchmarking	The Council should consider its priority areas compared with it's areas of poor performance in the LGBF and LGBF data is reported to the Council compare what is being carried out locally with what is and functional Committees. One of the being done at other Councils which sit at the higher priority areas in the Service Redesign end of the scale. The Council has far greater resources Programme is the consideration of available to it than other Councils nationally, and "outliers" where the Council's LGBF should have the ability to carry out the necessary data is at odds with similar Council's changes to improve performance in the areas which data this includes fully understanding are historically poor performing. (Refer to page 42 for details)	LGBF data is reported to the Council and functional Committees. One of the priority areas in the Service Redesign Programme is the consideration of "outliers" where the Council's LGBF data is at odds with similar Council's data this includes fully understanding the data and whether the service outcomes being delivered explain the difference in Shetland's data.	Chief Executive	31 March 2019	High

Action plan Recommendations for improvement (continued)

Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date	Priority
Financial Sustainability:	In line with best practice, the Long-Term Financial Plan should include additional detail on how the Council can continue to provide services and deliver outcomes in line with its current and anticipated objectives, given anticipated longer-term demographic and technological changes. This should include a long-term capital plan (with this clearly linked to the Business Transformation Programme).	The current LTFP covers a 35-year period to 2050. Work on the next iteration of the LTFP is expected to	Executive Manager -	gust	H G C
financial	The Council should also consider at the next revision of the LTFP whether community engagement would result in better information for Members on the longer-term aspirations and expectations of the community (in line with best practice), as we have noted that there was no community engagement in the development of the current LTFP.	commence in 2019/20 and community engagement will be considered as part of this process.	Finance	2019	- - - -
	(Refer to page 28 and 29 for details)				
	There is a need to improve integration of the IJB budget, rather than viewing it as two separate budgets from the Council and NHS. Steps also need to be taken to close the funding gap at the IJB.	Work has commenced on a self-evaluation of the IJB's			
Governance & Transparency:	Given the lessons learned in the previous number of years, the Council (in conjunction with the NHS) should consider reviewing the Integration Scheme to ensure it is fit for purpose.	governance framework and production of a Code of Corporate Governance. This evaluation will consider the	Executive Manager –	31 March	2. 2. I
social care integration	Separately, the Council also needs to consider whether its internal mechanisms for identifying disputes at an early stage and implementing appropriate remedies are sufficient. We have also found that there is scope for the governance arrangements between the Council and IJB to be improved to ensure that the respective roles and responsibilities are clear.	recommendations made, including the need for a review of the Integration Scheme and its supporting governance and reporting arrangements.	Governance & Law	2019	- - - -
	(Refer to page 38 for details)				

Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date	Priority
	The Council should adopt a priority-based approach to budget setting, whereby resources are focused on the Council's priority areas. Applying a 4.5% savings target across the board (a 'salami slice' approach) is difficult to put into practice and not achievable in the long term, is vague in how savings will actually be achieved and does not protect priority areas.				
<i>Financial</i> <i>Management:</i> Budget setting	The Council should carry out self-evaluation on completion of projects, to confirm whether the project achieved its stated aims, delivered value for money, and how it performed against budget (in terms of cost and time).	Management recognise the difficulty with this approach and promotes that a more selective approach in line with Council priorities is the way forward.	Executive Manager – Finance	31 March 2019	High
	As highlighted in 'Best Value' audits conducted at other councils, the Council needs to demonstrate how its actions actually make a difference to the lives of residents - the Council should ensure such a section is included on any post-completion evaluation of projects.				
	(Refer to page 29 and 32 for details)				
Value for Money:	The Annual Performance Report should be clearly linked to the Council's strategic priorities and the Partnership Plan, with appropriate analysis given - especially in areas of poor performance (including the impact this has on achievability of the objective and remedial work taken).	A recent Council Customer First survey asked the public for views on how the Council provides performance information. Executive Services will	Executive Manager –	31	
Performance reporting	The Council also needs to reconsider how the report is presented in future years to ensure that the message presented to the public is fair and balanced.	ensure that feedback from that exercise, together with the recommendations in this Action Plan, is taken		March 2019	High
	(Refer to page 41 for details)	into account in producing the next annual public performance report.			

d d ig	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date Priority	Priority
Financial Reporting calendar Copre	The Council should reconsider its reporting calendar for reporting to Committee and Council, narrowing the gap between the time the monitoring reports are prepared and when they are presented to Members. We also recommend that the Council consider reporting on a more risk-based approach, with higher risk areas being reported more regularly and lower risk areas less frequently.	Work is due to commence on the reporting calendar for 2019/20. This will take account of the recommendations made in relation to performance and financial reporting timescales, alongside the needs of other business and reporting requirements and timescales.	Executive Manager – Governance & Law	31 March 2019	Medium
<u>\$</u>	(Refer to page 32 for details)				
As reference & Further of the planning engine incomplete incomplet	As the Council is currently refreshing the Council Plan, we recommend that it is made clear within the Council Plan how the strategic priorities and plans of the Council align with and help achieve the priorities in the Partnership Plan. Further, it is important that comprehensive delivery plans are developed in the near future to ensure that the aims of the Partnership Plan are achieved. These delivery plans need to include measurable milestones to allow monitoring of performance.	The Shetland Partnership is commencing the development of delivery plans. The Partnership is also developing the governance structure to ensure the plans are monitored against the milestones for changing individual and community outcomes. The Council's Corporate Plan halfway review is being reported to the Council in September. Directorate Performance reports now refer to both the Corporate Plan performance and the Directorate's links to the partnership plan. This will be made clearer in the revised Directorate plans developed as part of the budget preparation process between September 2018- February 2019.	Chief Executive	31 March 2019	Medium

Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date	Priority
<i>Governance &</i> <i>Transparency:</i> Committee framework	The Council should consider rationalising its Committee structure to ensure that there are enough Committees to provide effective governance and scrutiny, but no more than that as additional Committees require additional Member and management time and detract from time which can be spent elsewhere. As part of this rationalisation, the Council should consider if the responsibilities of any Committees can be merged to reduce the number of Committees whilst maintaining the overall responsibilities, given that this will reduce the administrative time in preparing papers for and attending differing Committees without the loss of any scrutiny.	Work has commenced on a self-evaluation of the Council's governance framework. This evaluation will consider the recommendations made, recognising the need to reduce Member and management time at meetings, but will balance this with the overall need to ensure the decision-making framework supports sound and effective corporate governance.	Executive r Manager – Governance & Law	31 March 2019	Medium
	(Refer to page 36 for details)				
<i>Governance &</i> <i>Transparency:</i> Performance monitoring	Performance monitoring reports should give more qualitative descriptions, which highlight and draw out what the challenges are. Further, although performance reports are generally sufficiently detailed, they should include comparative information by benchmarking to other Councils.	Benchmarking data is already reported as part of Performance reports- APSE reports, LGBF, audit reports. Performance Management is a key strand in the Business Transformation Programme and this issues will be picked up by targeted work during the next 6 months.	chief Executive	31 March 2019	Medium
	(Refer to page 37 for details)				

Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Responsible person	Target Date	Priority
Value for Money: Participatory budgeting	The Council is not currently on track to meet the 1% target for 2020 set by the Scottish Government. More emphasis needs to be placed on this area in 2018/19 to identify areas where participatory budgeting can be improved in order to achieve, or exceed, the national target by 2020. (Refer to page 39 for details)	Management note that there is a Council desire to improve engagement with the community, with Members considered to be on board, however there are currently capacity issues in making this the highest priority. As and when services are reviewed, the relevance of community consultation will be considered.	Executive Manager – Finance	31 March 2019	Medium
Governance & Transparency: Community engagement	Given the findings in the Partnership Plan - that 41% of residents want to be more involved in decision making, while only 27% feel they can currently influence local decisions - there is scope for improvement in community engagement. This is a new way of delivering local government and will require a change in mindset from Members and management to allow the community to drive decisions, rather than the Council.	Participation is a key strand in in the Partnership Plan and the Corporate Plan which are focused on Community Empowerment. A number of initiatives have been developed to enhance participation, including the "Voices for Equity" mentoring scheme and promotion of Community Council roles through a film and publicity programme. The Council supports Participatory Budgeting. Opportunities for community engagement are built into the Service redesign projects. The Council continues to explore the appropriate balance between participatory and representative democracy in its decision making processes.	Chief Executive	31 March 2019	Medium

External Audit - List of Audit Actions



Generated on: 03 December 2018

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP01 Valuation of property assets	The Council should ensure that the post of Valuer, independent of the Team Leader of Estate and Assets, is filled for 2018/19 and that sufficient	Management have confirmed the post has been filled for 2018/19.		High	29-Nov-2018
Lead	segregation of duties exist between the person carrying out the valuation		30-Dec-2018	Progress	Latest Update
Robert Sinclair	of property assets and the person carrying out the technical review of that work.			0%	Posts filled and work is in hand
Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP02 Financial sustainability: Workforce Planning	The Council should develop a Council- wide workforce plan. This should include details on succession planning, recruitment and retentions.	facilitated session on workforce	_	High	03-Dec-2018
Lead			31-Dec-2019	Progress	Latest Update
Denise Bell			31-060-2019	25%	Following the facilitated session in September, HR staff are working with management teams across the Council to develop service specific and strategic plans to meet workforce needs into the future.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP03 Financial sustainability: Savings Target	Additional work needs to be done to determine the feasibility of the Council savings target of 3.4% across the board and how these savings will be delivered. Business transformation	Members had been asked where focus and priorities		High	03-Dec-2018
Lead	and Service Redesign projects need to include clear targets and milestones			Progress	Latest Update
Jamie Manson	against which to measure performance. In addition, progress on these projects and against savings targets in general should be clearly reported to Members as part of the quarterly monitoring reports.		31-Mar-2019	25%	On-going The BTP and SRP have been refreshed and used as part of the background to seminars with Members on budget setting and sustainability. BTP and SRP updates will be reported to Policy and Resources Committee in December 2018.
Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP04 Financial Sustainability: Transformatio n programme	term plan for addressing the funding	The Policy and Resources		High	29-Nov-2018
Lead	gap, rather than taking an ad-hoc approach to transformation. This must	programmes are linked and seen as inter-dependent rather		Progress	Latest Update
Christine Ferguson	involve a high level of community and Member engagement given the nature of services in Shetland. The Council is in the fortunate position of having a high level of reserves and should use the existence of this "buffer" to take the necessary steps to change its service delivery model so that it is fit for the future given anticipated demographic and financial changes. The Council must further consider the infrastructure in place to deliver such a programme, including significant Member, a PMO, its change management approach and access to relevant tools and templates to assess performance.	than as one programme. The programmes and individual projects are managed using PRINCE2 methodologies. There are Sounding Boards for each programme with elected Members as core members. The Corporate Management Team regularly reviews performance and savings targets. The Council is currently	31-Mar-2019	20%	PMO established in Corporate Services through the Director's office. Graduate Placement Scheme due to go live in January 2019 together with secondments and backfill to resource the programme using Spend to Save and Service Change budgets.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
Government	The Council should consider its priority areas compared with its areas of poor performance in the LGBF and compare what is being carried out locally with what is being done at other	Council and functional Committees. One of the priority areas in the Service Redesign Programme is the consideration		High	29-Nov-2018
Lead	Councils which sit at the higher end of the scale. The Council has far greater	LGBF data is at odds with		Progress	Latest Update
Christine Ferguson	resources available to it than other Councils nationally, and should have the ability to carry out the necessary changes to improve performance in the areas which are historically poor performing.	similar Council's data this includes fully understanding the data and whether the service outcomes being delivered explain the difference in Shetland's data.	31-Mar-2019	20%	Comparisons for high level outcomes are in the new Shetland Partnership Plan and will feature in SIC plans and strategies. The BTP workstreams on Commissioning & Procurement, Performance Management & Reporting and Information Governance will establish systems and practices that use comparative data to inform decisions ensuring best value outcomes delivery.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP06 Financial Sustainability: Long-term financial planning	In line with best practice, the Long- Term Financial Plan should include additional detail on how the Council can continue to provide services and deliver outcomes in line with its current and anticipated objectives, given	community engagement will be		High	29-Nov-2018
Lead	anticipated longer-term demographic and technological changes. This	considered as part of this process.		Progress	Latest Update
Jamie Manson	should include a long-term capital plan (with this clearly linked to the Business Transformation Programme). The Council should also consider at the next revision of the LTFP whether community engagement would result in better information for Members on the longer-term aspirations and expectations of the community (in line with best practice), as we have noted that there was no community engagement in the development of the current LTFP.		31-Aug-2019	10%	Participation is a priority in community planning. Community Choices project is established, looking at including the scope of participatory budgeting beyond the Scottish Government target looking to the long term and Shetland Partnership outcomes and targets.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP07 Governance and Transparency: Health and social care integration	There is a need to improve integration of the IJB budget, rather than viewing it as two separate budgets from the Council and NHS. Steps also need to be taken to close the funding gap at the IJB. Given the lessons learned in the previous number of years, the	JB budget, rather than viewing o separate budgets from the l and NHS. Steps also need to to close the funding gap at . Given the lessons learned in vious number of years, the evaluation of the IJB's governance framework and production of a Code of Corporate Governance. This evaluation will consider the recommendations made,		High	03-Dec-2018
Lead	Council (in conjunction with the NHS) should consider reviewing the	including the need for a review of the Integration Scheme and		Progress	Latest Update
Jan-Robert Riise	Integration Scheme to ensure it is fit for purpose. Separately, the Council also needs to consider whether its internal mechanisms for identifying disputes at an early stage and implementing appropriate remedies are sufficient. We have also found that there is scope for the governance arrangements between the Council and IJB to be improved to ensure that the respective roles and responsibilities are clear.	its supporting governance and reporting arrangements.	31-Mar-2019	10%	The Council is contributing to the RoLG at national level. Development session for the IJB and meetings of Liaison Group will discuss the challenges and opportunities. The Local Partnership Finance Team will continue to work on simplifying joint budget management.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP08 Financial management: Budget setting		Management recognise the difficulty with the 'salami slice' approach and promotes that a more selective approach in line		High	03-Dec-2018
Lead	4.5% savings target across the board (a 'salami slice' approach) is difficult to	with Council priorities is the way forward. Evaluation on		Progress	Latest Update
Christine Ferguson	put into practice and not achievable in the long term, is vague in how savings will actually be achieved and does not protect priority areas. The Council should carry out self-evaluation on completion of projects, to confirm whether the project achieved its stated aims, delivered value for money, and how it performed against budget (in terms of cost and time). As highlighted in 'Best Value' audits conducted at other councils, the Council needs to demonstrate how its actions actually make a difference to the lives of residents -the Council should ensure such a section is included on any post-completion evaluation of projects.	completion of projects is an integral part of the Building Better Business Cases methodology being applied to the Service Redesign programme.	31-Mar-2019	20%	Evaluation of performance on outcomes is a key area of work for the Shetland Partnership. Review and monitoring are key elements in the Commissioning and Procurement cycle. This work will be taken forward by Workstreams 2 and 9 in the BTP; Commissioning & Procurement Framework and Performance Management Reporting respectively.
Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP09 Value for Money: Performance reporting	The Annual Performance Report should be clearly linked to the Council's strategic priorities and the Partnership Plan, with appropriate analysis given - especially in areas of	A recent Council Customer First survey asked the public for views on how the Council provides performance information. Executive Services	-	High	29-Nov-2018
Lead	poor performance (including the impact this has on achievability of the	will ensure that feedback from that exercise, together with the		Progress	Latest Update
Christine Ferguson	objective and remedial work taken). The Council also needs to reconsider how the report is presented in future years to ensure that the message presented to the public is fair and balanced.	recommendations in this Action Plan, is taken into account in producing the next annual public performance report.	31-Mar-2019	30%	Performance Management and Reporting is the theme of BTP workstream 9. The Review report being prepared by Executive Services is one aspect of performance reporting and will inform work in this area.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP10 Financial Management: Reporting calendar	The Council should reconsider its reporting calendar for reporting to Committee and Council, narrowing the gap between the time the monitoring reports are prepared and when they Work is due to commence on the reporting calendar for 2019/20. This will take account of the recommendations made in relation to performance and		Medium	03-Dec-2018	
Lead	are presented to Members. We also recommend that the Council consider	financial reporting timescales, alongside the needs of other		Progress	Latest Update
Jan-Robert Riise	reporting on a more risk-based approach, with higher risk areas being reported more regularly and lower risk areas less frequently.	business and reporting requirements and timescales.	31-Mar-2019	60%	The reporting calendar for 2019/20 has been drafted taking account of this recommendation. Risk Management reports are exception based and show priority risk in areas for discussion at Risk Board and are included in the PPMF review.
Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP11 Governance and Transparency: Partnership planning		is currently refreshing n, we recommend that within the Council Plan pic priorities and plans The Shetland Partnership is commencing the development of delivery plans. The Partnership is also developing the		Medium	03-Dec-2018
Lead	Plan. Further, it is important that comprehensive delivery plans are	the milestones for changing individual and community		Progress	Latest Update
Christine Ferguson	developed in the near future to ensure that the aims of the Partnership Plan are achieved. These delivery plans need to include measurable milestones to allow monitoring of performance.	outcomes. The Council's Corporate Plan halfway review is being reported to the Council in September. Directorate Performance reports now refer to both the Corporate Plan performance and the Directorate's links to the partnership plan. This will be made clearer in the revised Directorate plans developed as part of the budget preparation process between September 2018-February 2019.	31-Mar-2019	20%	PPMF & PPR are features of BTP Workstream 9. This is a shared priority with the other four statutory partners. Work is being taken forward through four shared project teams each taking one of the Shetland Partnership Plan priorities: participation, people, money and place. Work in progress.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date	
AAAP12 Governance and Transparency: Committee framework	The Council should consider rationalising its Committee structure to ensure that there are enough committees to provide effective governance and scrutiny, but no more than that as additional Committees Work has commenced on a self-evaluation of the Council's governance framework. This evaluation will consider the recommendations made, recognising the need to reduce		rationalising its Committee structure to ensure that there are enough governance framework. This evaluation will consider the governance and scrutiny, but no more ensure that there are enough governance framework. This evaluation will consider the recommendations made,		Medium	29-Nov-2018
Lead	require additional Member and management time and detract from	Member and management time at meetings, but will balance this		Progress	Latest Update	
Jan-Robert Riise	time which can be spent elsewhere. As part of this rationalisation, the Council should consider if the responsibilities of any Committees can be merged to reduce the number of Committees whilst maintaining the overall responsibilities, given that this will reduce the administrative time in preparing papers for and attending differing Committees without the loss of any scrutiny.	supports sound and effective	31-Mar-2019	20%	Review of committees planned. Audit Committee self-assessment completed.	
Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date	
Transparency:	Performance monitoring reports should give more qualitative descriptions, which highlight and draw out what the challenges are. Further, although performance reports are	Benchmarking data is already reported as part of Performance reports-APSE reports, LGBF, audit reports. Performance Management is a key strand in	J	Medium	29-Nov-2018	
Lead	generally sufficiently detailed, they should include comparative	the Business Transformation Programme and this issues will	31-Mar-2019	Progress	Latest Update	
Christine Ferguson	information by benchmarking to other Councils.			40%	PPMF being reviewed as part of BTP workstream 9. Draft frameworks currently being	

Draft frameworks currently being evaluated.

Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP14 Value for Money: Participatory budgeting	The Council is not currently on track to meet the 1% target for 2020 set by the Scottish Government. More emphasis needs to be placed on this area in 2018/19 to identify areas where Management note that there is a Council desire to improve engagement with the community, with Members considered to be on board,	Ğ	Medium	03-Dec-2018	
Lead	participatory budgeting can be improved in order to achieve, or	however there are currently capacity issues in making this	31-Mar-2019	Progress	Latest Update
Jamie Manson	exceed, the national target by 2020.	the highest priority. As and when services are reviewed, the relevance of community consultation will be considered.		0%	In hand through change programmes, seeking to involve communities in more than 1% e.g. SRP projects on transport
Code & Area	Recommendation	Management Response	Target Date	Priority	Update Date
AAAP15 Governance & Transparency: Community Engagement	Plan -that 41% of residents want to be more involved in decision making, while only 27% feel they can currently focused on Community	Corporate Plan which are focused on Community Empowerment. A number of		Medium	29-Nov-2018
Lead	scope for improvement in community engagement. This is a new way of	initiatives have been developed to enhance participation,		Progress	Latest Update
Christine Ferguson	delivering local government and will require a change in mindset from Members and management to allow the community to drive decisions, rather than the Council.	including the "Voices for Equity" mentoring scheme and promotion of Community Council roles through a film and publicity programme. The Council supports Participatory Budgeting. Opportunities for community engagement are built into the Service redesign projects. The Council continues to explore the appropriate balance between participatory and representative democracy in its decision making processes.	31-Mar-2019	10%	Participation Priority Delivery Plan is being developed. The Council's Director of Corporate Services is the lead officer for the Shetland Partnership.

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Audit Committee Policy & resources Committee Shetland Islands Council	December 13 th 2018 December 19 th 2018 19 th December 2018
Report Title:	Risk Assessments Update	
Reference	HR-20-18 F	
Number:		
Author /		
Job Title:	Denise Bell, Executive Manager Human Resou	ırces

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

That the Audit Committee:

- 1.1 NOTES the information set out in this report and the Appendices;
- 1.2 ADVISES the Director of Corporate Services of any additional information required in order for the Committee to be able to provide assurance to the Council regarding the issues covered in the report; and
- 1.3 ADVISES Policy and Resources Committee and the Council of the Committee's views in this regard.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 During the discussions at the Audit Committee meeting held on 12th June 2018 (min. ref. 08/18) Members asked for an update on Risk Assessments including Fire Risk Assessments across the Council.
- 2.2 There are a range of formal arrangements in place across the Council to ensure that risks are identified at all levels of the Councils activities in order to protect services, service users, staff and assets. The Corporate Management Team carries out the role of a Risk Management Board to ensure that risk management activity within the organisation is carried out in an effective, consistent and cooperative manner.
- 2.3 A risk assessment is about identifying sensible measures to control the risks in the workplace to protect our employees and customers and to comply with health and safety law. This work is informed by the Council's Risk Management Strategy, Risk Management Policy, Premises Management Guide and Building Managers Guide. These activities are supported and monitored by programmes of risk and health and safety checks carried out by both Risk Management and Health and Safety.
- 2.4 A revised automated system of recording and monitoring Fire Risk Assessments is now in place. That system is managed and administered by Building Services in partnership with Health and Safety to ensure that all relevant council owned premises have an up to date Fire Risk Assessment in place.

2.5 Following the work carried out by the external service provider to review and update all fire risk assessments where required, all Council premises have in place an up to date and suitable fire risk assessment (Appendix 1).

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

- 3.1 The Council's Corporate Plan 2016-2020 includes as one if its key corporate priorities that "Our approach to managing the risks we face will have resulted in a more risk aware organisation that avoids high-risk activities".
- 3.2 The Council's Corporate Risk Register includes a risk that reflects the significance of partnership working to the council and the controls in place to avoid partnership failure.
- 3.3 The Joint Safety Forum in place across services within Health and Care provides an opportunity to share information and discuss issues and concerns relating to the management of health, safety and risk within the department.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 There are a number of strategies and policies in place in the Council that describe the framework of statutory and management responsibilities that exist. The Council's Risk Management Strategy and Policy describes the processes in place to ensure that risk management is "an integral part of all organisational processes". Directors are responsible for ensuring that these are fully implemented and complied with.
- 4.2 The Strategy for Effective Health and Safety Management and Health, Safety and Welfare Policy describes how risks relating to health and safety will be managed with a view to creating a positive safety culture amongst the workforce. To support this there is a system of health and safety consultation forums across the Council attended by staff and trades union representatives that is overseen by the Central Safety Consultative Committee which is chaired by the Director of Corporate Services.
- 4.3 The Premises Management Guide has been in place since 2015 and provides a comprehensive guide to the range of tasks involved in ensuring that a workplace premises is a safe environment for employees and others. This guidance includes information on premises risk assessments, health and safety inspections, fire safety management, premises, plant and equipment and shared use of premises. The Executive Manager, HR is currently leading work to update and refresh this Handbook which will then be promoted across the Council as well as forming part of a new Induction Training Programme for all Council managers.
- 4.4 All Executive Managers and/or Team Leaders are responsible for identifying and assessing risks to health and safety associated with all Council activities with the aim of eliminating or controlling those risks, so far as is reasonably practicable. They do this by completing a Health and Safety Risk Assessment for all work related activities which must be reviewed at least annually.
- 4.5 In common with many other Councils, this is a manual process with paper or electronic copies held in service areas and work locations. This means that monitoring services compliance with the need to have a suitable risk assessment in

place can only be carried out manually. A recent improvement has been the creation of a SharePoint site on the Council's intranet where these forms can be stored electronically and therefore accessible across the council.

- 4.6 However, work is now underway locally to explore and develop the possibility of using the Council's JCAD CORE system (which is currently used for risk registers) to automate the preparation and review of health and safety risk assessments. This will enable regular, remote digital monitoring of and reporting on risk assessments which will make a huge difference to the Councils ability to assure itself of the control measures in place to effectively manage health and safety risks.
- 4.7 Improving the Council's system of recording and monitoring Fire Risk Assessments has been a priority for Building Services and Health and Safety this year. The Fire Risk Assessment template ensures a comprehensive review of fire safety is carried out and is attached at Appendix 2. Building Services facilities and maintenance system, called Technology Forge (TF) stores information for all council owned property excluding council houses which is managed by the Housing Service. TF Is used to record and monitor Fire Risk Assessments and Action Plans. The Council has 116 buildings that require Fire Risk Assessments. Each building is assigned one of four Building Maintenance Officers who acts as the key contact person for all building related matters and who is responsible for carrying out the Fire Risk Assessment accompanied by either the Health and Safety Manager or the Health and Safety Officer.
- 4.8 Fire Risk Assessments can only be completed by a trained and competent person and the training to achieve the legally acceptable level requires several days classroom attendance and successful completion of exams. As a result there are approximately 12 people in the Council who are accredited Fire Risk Assessors.

Each building is now categorised as 1, 2 or 3 depending on the level of risk associated with its use.

Category 1 = All residential properties including care homes and the AHS Hostel Reviewed annually

Category 2 = All schools, nurseries and ASN workplaces

Reviewed every 2 years

Category 3 = All office locations

Reviewed every 3 years

- 4.9 In setting up this new system, work was commissioned from an external service provider to review and update all fire risk assessments where required. This means that all Council premises have in place an up to date and suitable fire risk assessment (Appendix 1). The Council has been congratulated on the quality of its fire risk assessment and health and safety management during an annual audit visit of Edward Thomason and Taing House by Scottish Fire and Rescue.
- 4.10 There have been some concerns raised in the past regarding the lack of automatic life safety fire suppression systems, such as sprinkler systems, in our residential care homes. Since May 2005, new or altered residential care buildings are provided with one of these systems to comply with Building Regulations. The Scottish Government document *Practical Fire Safety Guidance for Care Homes 2014* advises that retrofitting such systems in existing buildings may be an appropriate solution where other fire safety measures cannot be improved. In the case of the Council's residential care homes, all have adequate fire safety

measures already in place, such as limitation of surface spread of fire, appropriate structural protection and sufficient compartmentation (separation of rooms within each building). This enables staff to achieve an effective evacuation if required and as such, automatic life safety fire suppression systems are not necessary. These measures enable staff to carry out a progressive evacuation of residents, where vulnerable clients are moved to places of safety within the building rather than an immediate evacuation of the premises. In addition, all staff in residential care homes receive comprehensive training, including all being trained as fire wardens.

- 4.11 Other control measures in place include the requirement for all residents to have a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP) which is reviewed at least annually, or following any change in circumstances regarding the individuals' condition or change in the building that might affect the PEEP.
- 4.12 In addition to the council led risk checks and health and safety inspections, Scottish Fire and rescue carry out regular liaison visits and complete annual fire safety audits of residential care homes.

5.0 Exempt and/or Confidential Information

5.1 None

6.0 Implication	ons :
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Identifying and controlling the risks in the Council's workplaces enables us to identify what might harm our service users and to take reasonable steps to prevent that harm.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	The Council provides a wide range of health and safety courses and risk assessment training to enable and ensure managers and staff understand their responsibilities, managed and supported through the Council's Workforce Development service. Risk management staff and health and safety staff also carry out workplace visits throughout the year to provide face to face coaching and support as well as reviewing and monitoring the risk assessments in place across service areas and work locations.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	None arising from this report.
6.4 Legal:	The Management of Health and Safety at Work Act places a duty on the Council to provide a safe environment for all employees and members of the public who interact with our services and activities or have cause to access our premises.
6.5 Finance:	There are no financial implications arising directly from this report.

6.6 Assets and Property:	Risk Registers and Risk Assessments are completed to ensure that the Council's workplaces and premises are safe and that any potential risks are identified and measures taken to remove or reduce and control those risks.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	Digital solutions are being actively sought to improve the ways in which the Council manage and administer its risk management processes.
6.8 Environmental:	None arising from this report
6.9 Risk Management:	Risks are identified and recorded on the Council's dedicated risk register system with the agreed risk matrix used to rate those risks, in line with the Risk management Policy and Risk management Strategy. A comprehensive range of control measures are in place in order as part of the Risk Assessment process.
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	The SIC Constitution Part C, Scheme of Administration and Delegations parts 1 & 2 sets out the remit of the Audit Committee. The remit comprises, "To promote good internal control, financial management, risk, governance and performance management, in order to provide reasonable assurance of effective and efficient operation, and compliance with laws and regulations, including the Council's Code of Corporate Governance, Financial Regulations, Contract Standing Orders and accounting codes of practice" and includes specifically, "To monitor the effective development and operation of risk management and corporate governance in the Council". Policy and Resources Committee has delegated authority and responsibility for health and safety matters. As part of the Planning and Performance Management Framework (PPMF) cycle, this report is presented to Council to ensure all Members are informed and involved in discussing the high level and strategic risks facing the Council alongside other performance information.
6.11 Previously considered by:	NONE

Contact Details:

Denise Bell, Executive Manager, Human Resources (includes Health and Safety & Risk Management) 30.11.2018

Appendices:

Appendix 1: Fire Risk Assessment Register

Appendix 2: Fire Risk Assessment

Background Documents:

Risk management Strategy - http://intranet2.shetland.gov.uk/Policy/Shared Documents/Risk Management Strategy July 2015.doc

Risk Management Policy - http://intranet2.shetland.gov.uk/Policy/Shared Documents/Risk Management Policy.doc

Premises Management Guide - http://intranet2.shetland.gov.uk/Policy/Shared Documents/PremisesManagersHandbook.pdf

Building Managers Guide - http://intranet2.shetland.gov.uk/Policy/Shared Documents/Building Manager guide Dec13.doc

Corporate Management Team Risk Board Terms of reference - http://intranet2.shetland.gov.uk/Policy/Shared Documents/Risk Board Terms of Reference 1.1 2017.docx



FIRE (SCOTLAND) ACT 2005 FIRE SAFETY (SCOTLAND) REGULATIONS 2006

FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT

Employer or Person having control of the premises:
Address of Premises:
Person(s) Consulted:
Assessor(s):
Date of Fire Risk Assessment:
Date of Previous Fire Risk Assessment:
Suggested Date for Review ¹ :
The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of the risk to life from fire, and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to ensure compliance with fire safety legislation. The report does not address the risk to property or business continuity from fire.
¹ This fire risk assessment should be reviewed by a competent person by the date indicated above or at such earlier time as there is reason to suspect that it is no longer valid, or if there has been a significant change in the matters to which it relates, or if a fire occurs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

1.	THE PREMISES
1.1	Number of floors:
1.2	Approximate floor area:
1.3	Brief details of construction:
1.4	Level of Fire Detection System:
1.5	Occupancy:
2	THE OCCUPANTS
2.	THE OCCUPANTS
2.1	Approximate maximum number:
2.2	Approximate number of employees at any one time:
2.3	Maximum number of members of public at any one time:
3.	OCCUPANTS ESPECIALLY AT RISK FROM FIRE
3.1	Sleeping occupants:
3.2	Disabled occupants:
3.3	Occupants in remote areas:
3.4	Young persons:
3.5	Others:
4.	FIRE LOSS EXPERIENCE

		Γ INFORMATION
5.		

6. RELEVANT FIRE SAFETY LEGISLATION

6.1	The following fire safety legislation applies to these premises:
6.2	The above legislation is enforced by:
6.3	Other legislation that makes significant requirements for fire precautions in these premises (other than the Building (Scotland) Regulations 2004):
6.4	The legislation to which 6.3 makes reference is enforced by:
6.5	Comments:

FIRE HAZARDS AND THEIR ELIMINATION OR CONTROL

7.	ELECTRICAL SOURCES OF IGNITION			
7.1	Reasonable measures taken to prevent fires of electrical origin?		Yes	No
7.2	More specifically:			
	Fixed installation periodically inspected and tested?		Yes	No
	Portable appliance testing carried out?		Yes	No
	Suitable policy regarding the use of personal electrical appliances?	N/A	Yes	No
	Suitable limitation of trailing leads and adapters?		Yes	No
7.3	Comments and hazards observed:			
•	Staff and pupils are discouraged from taking personal electrical equipment into the school			
8.	SMOKING			
8.1	Reasonable measures taken to prevent fires as a result of smoking?		Yes	No
8.2	More specifically:			
	Smoking prohibited in the building?		Yes	No
	Smoking prohibited in appropriate areas?	N/A	Yes	No
	Suitable arrangements for those who wish to smoke?		Yes	No
	This policy appeared to be observed at time of inspection?		Yes	No
8.3	Comments and hazards observed:			
•	Smoking is banned within the school grounds			

WILFUL FIRE RAISING			
Does basic security against wilful fire raising by outsiders appear Reasonable? ²		Yes	No
Is there an absence of unnecessary fire load in close proximity to the premises or available for ignition by outsiders?		Yes	No
Comments and hazards observed:			
² Note: Reasonable only in the context of this fire risk assessment. If specific advice on security (including security against wilful fire raising) is required, the advice of a security specialist should be obtained.			
PORTABLE HEATERS AND HEATING INSTALLATIONS			
Is the use of portable heaters avoided as far as practicable?		Yes	No
If portable heaters are used,			
is the use of the more hazardous type (e.g. radiant bar fires or lpg appliances) avoided?	N/A	Yes	No
are suitable measures taken to minimize the hazard of ignition of combustible materials?	N/A	Yes	No
Are fixed heating installations subject to regular maintenance?	N/A	Yes	No
Comments and hazards observed:			
Are reasonable measures taken to prevent fires as a result of cooking?	N/A	Yes	No
More specifically:			
Filters changed and ductwork cleaned regularly?	N/A	Yes	No
Suitable extinguishing appliances available?		Yes	No
Comments and hazards observed:			
	Does basic security against wilful fire raising by outsiders appear Reasonable? Is there an absence of unnecessary fire load in close proximity to the premises or available for ignition by outsiders? Comments and hazards observed: Note: Reasonable only in the context of this fire risk assessment. If specific advice on security (including security against wilful fire raising) is required, the advice of a security specialist should be obtained. PORTABLE HEATERS AND HEATING INSTALLATIONS Is the use of portable heaters avoided as far as practicable? If portable heaters are used, is the use of the more hazardous type (e.g. radiant bar fires or lpg appliances) avoided? are suitable measures taken to minimize the hazard of ignition of combustible materials? Are fixed heating installations subject to regular maintenance? Comments and hazards observed: COOKING Are reasonable measures taken to prevent fires as a result of cooking? More specifically: Filters changed and ductwork cleaned regularly? Suitable extinguishing appliances available?	Does basic security against wilful fire raising by outsiders appear Reasonable? Is there an absence of unnecessary fire load in close proximity to the premises or available for ignition by outsiders? Comments and hazards observed: 2 Note: Reasonable only in the context of this fire risk assessment. If specific advice on security (including security against wilful fire raising) is required, the advice of a security specialist should be obtained. PORTABLE HEATERS AND HEATING INSTALLATIONS Is the use of portable heaters avoided as far as practicable? If portable heaters are used, is the use of the more hazardous type (e.g. radiant bar fires or lpg appliances) avoided? are suitable measures taken to minimize the hazard of ignition of combustible materials? Are fixed heating installations subject to regular maintenance? Comments and hazards observed: COOKING Are reasonable measures taken to prevent fires as a result of cooking? More specifically: Filters changed and ductwork cleaned regularly? N/A Suitable extinguishing appliances available?	Does basic security against wilful fire raising by outsiders appear Reasonable? Is there an absence of unnecessary fire load in close proximity to the premises or available for ignition by outsiders? Comments and hazards observed: 2 Note: Reasonable only in the context of this fire risk assessment. If specific advice on security (including security against wilful fire raising) is required, the advice of a security specialist should be obtained. PORTABLE HEATERS AND HEATING INSTALLATIONS Is the use of portable heaters avoided as far as practicable? Yes If portable heaters are used, is the use of the more hazardous type (e.g. radiant bar fires or lpg appliances) avoided? are suitable measures taken to minimize the hazard of ignition of combustible materials? Are fixed heating installations subject to regular maintenance? Comments and hazards observed: COOKING Are reasonable measures taken to prevent fires as a result of N/A Yes cooking? More specifically: Filters changed and ductwork cleaned regularly? N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Suitable extinguishing appliances available?

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12.	LIGHTNING			
12.1	Does the building have a lightning protection system?		Yes	No
12.2	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
13.	HOUSEKEEPING			
13.1	Is the standard of housekeeping adequate?		Yes	No
13.2	More specifically:			
	Combustible materials appear to be separated from ignition sources?		Yes	No
	Avoidance of unnecessary accumulation of combustible materials or waste?		Yes	No
	Appropriate storage of hazardous materials?	N/A	Yes	No
	Avoidance of inappropriate storage of combustible materials?		Yes	No
13.3	Comments and hazards observed:			
14.	HAZARDS INTRODUCED BY OUTSIDE CONTRACTORS AND BUILDING WORKS	5		
14.1	Are fire safety conditions imposed on outside contractors?		Yes	No
14.2	Is there satisfactory control over works carried out in the building by outside contractors (including "hot work" permits)?		Yes	No
14.3	If there are in-house maintenance personnel, are suitable precautions taken during "hot work", including use of hot work permits?	N/A	Yes	No
14.4	Comments:			
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15.	DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES
15.1	If dangerous substances are, or could be, used, has a risk assessment been carried out, as required by the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002?
15.2	Comments:
16.	OTHER SIGNIFICANT FIRE HAZARDS THAT WARRANT CONSIDERATION
16.1	Hazards:
16.2	Comments and deficiencies observed:
10.2	Comments and deficieles observed.
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FIRE PROTECTION MEASURES

17.	MEANS OF ESCAPE FROM FIRE		
17.1	It is considered that the building is provided with reasonable means of escape in case of fire.	Yes	No
17.2	More specifically:		
	Adequate design of escape routes?	Yes	No
	Adequate provision of exits?	Yes	No
	Exits easily and immediately openable where necessary?	Yes	No
	Fire exits open in direction of escape where necessary?	Yes	No
	Avoidance of sliding or revolving doors as fire exits where necessary?	Yes	No
	Satisfactory means for securing exits?	Yes	No
	Reasonable distances of travel:		
	Where there is a single direction of travel?	Yes	No
	Where there are alternative means of escape?	Yes	No
	Suitable protection of escape routes?	Yes	No
	Suitable fire precautions for all inner rooms?	Yes	No
	Escape routes unobstructed?	Yes	No
17.3	It is considered that the building is provided with reasonable arrangements for means of escape for disabled people.	Yes	No
17.4	Comments and deficiencies observed:		

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18. MEASURES TO LIMIT FIRE SPREAD AND DEVELOPMENT

18.1	It is considered that there is:		
	compartmentation of a reasonable standard. ³	Yes	No
	reasonable limitation of linings that may promote fire spread.	Yes	No
18.2	As far as can reasonably be ascertained, fire dampers are provided as necessary to protect critical means of escape against passage of fire, smoke and combustion products in the early stages of a fire? 4,5	Yes	No
18.3	Comments and deficiencies observed:		
19.	EMERGENCY ESCAPE LIGHTING		
			—
19.1	Reasonable standard of emergency escape lighting system provided? ⁶	Yes	No
19.2	Comments and deficiencies observed:		
20.	FIRE SAFETY SIGNS AND NOTICES		
20.1	Reasonable standard of fire safety signs and notices?	Yes	No
20.2	Comments and deficiencies observed:		
 Base A full Base 	d on visual inspection of readily accessible areas, with a degree of sampling when don visual inspection of readily accessible areas, with a degree of sampling when investigation of the design of HVAC systems is outside the scope of this fire risk don visual inspection, but no test of illuminance levels or verification of full compared carried out.	e appropriate. assessment.	: British

21.	MEANS OF GIVING WARNING IN CASE OF FIRE		
21.1	Reasonable manually operated electrical fire alarm system Provided? 6	Yes	No
21.2	Automatic fire detection provided? Yes (throughout building) building	Yes part of g only)	No
21.3	Extent of automatic fire detection generally appropriate for the occupancy and fire risk?	Yes	No
21.4	Remote transmission of alarm signals?	Yes	No
21.5	Comments and deficiencies observed?		
22.	MANUAL FIRE EXTINGUISHING APPLIANCES		
22.1	Reasonable provision of portable fire extinguishers?	Yes	No
22.2	Hose reels provided?	Yes	No
22.3	Are all fire extinguishing appliances readily accessible?	Yes	No
22.4	Comments and deficiencies observed:		
⁶ Based carried	d on visual inspection, but no audibility tests or verification of full compliance with relev out.	ant British Sta	ndard
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23.	RELEVANT [®] AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS
23.1	Type of system:
23.2	Comments:
24.	OTHER RELEVANT® FIXED SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT
24.1	Type of fixed system:
24.2	Comments:
24.3	Suitable provision of fire-fighters switch(es) for high voltage N/A Yes No luminous tube signs, etc
24.4	Comments:
⁸ Relev	ant to life safety and this risk assessment (as opposed purely to property protection).
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MANAGEMENT OF FIRE SAFETY

25. PROCEDURES AND ARRANGEMENTS

25.1	Fire safety is managed by: ⁹			
25.2	Competent person(s) appointed under Regulation 17 of the Fire Safety (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to assist the duty holder to implement fire safety measures is: Comments:		Yes	No
	Mrs F. Johnson, Health & Safety Manager, Shetland Islands Council Jane Evans, Health & Safety Officer, Shetland Islands Council			
25.3	Is there a suitable record of the fire safety arrangements?		Yes	No
	Comments:			
25.4	Appropriate fire procedures in place?		Yes	No
	More specifically:			
	Are procedures in the event of fire appropriate and properly documented?	N/A	Yes	No
	Are there suitable arrangements for summoning the fire and rescue service?		Yes	No
	Are there suitable arrangements to meet the fire and rescue service on arrival and provide relevant information, including that relating to hazards to fire-fighters?	N/A	Yes	No
	Are there suitable arrangements for ensuring that the premises have been evacuated?	N/A	Yes	No
	Is there a suitable fire assembly point(s)?	N/A	Yes	No
	Are there adequate procedures for evacuation of any disabled people who are likely to be present?	N/A	Yes	No
	s not intended to represent a legal interpretation of responsibility, but mement in place at the time of this risk assessment.	erely reflects th	ne managerial	
	Comments:			

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Shetlan	Page 14 of 22 d Islands Council			
	suitable intervals? Comments:			
26.2	Are all staff given adequate periodic "refresher training" at		Yes	No
•				
	Comments:			
26.1	Are all staff given adequate fire safety instruction and training on induction?		Yes	No
26.	TRAINING AND DRILLS			
	Comments:			
25.8	Routine in-house inspections of fire precautions (e.g. in the course of health and safety inspections)?	N/A	Yes	No
25.0			v 🗀	
	Comments:			
	and rescue service crews visiting for familiarization visits)?			
25.7	Appropriate liaison with fire and rescue service (e.g. by fire	N/A	Yes 🗔	No 🗔
	Comments:.			
25.0	including evacuation of disabled people?	N/A	res	No
25.6	Persons nominated and trained to assist with evacuation,	N/A	Yes 🗔	No 🗔
	Comments:			
25.5	Persons nominated and trained to use fire extinguishing appliances?	N/A	Yes	No

26.3	Does the above training and instruction provide information, instruction or training on the following			
	Fire risks in the premises?		Yes	No
	The fire safety measures in the building?		Yes	No
	Action in the event of a fire?		Yes	No
	Action on hearing the fire alarm?		Yes	No
	Method of operation of manual call points?		Yes	No
	Location and use of fire extinguishers?		Yes	No
	Meaning of fire safety signs?		Yes	No
	Means of summoning the fire and rescue service?		Yes	No
	Identity of persons nominated to assist with evacuation?		Yes	No
	Identity of persons nominated to use fire extinguishing appliances?		Yes	No
26.4	Are staff with special responsibilities (e.g. fire wardens) given additional training?	N/A	Yes	No
	Comments:			
26.5	Are fire drills carried out at appropriate intervals? Comments:		Yes	No
26.6	When the employees of another employer work in the premises:			
	Is their employer given appropriate information (e.g. on fire risks and fire safety measures)?	N/A	Yes	No
	Is it ensured that the employees are provided with adequate instructions and information?	N/A	Yes	No
	Comments:			
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27.	TESTING AND MAINTENANCE			
27.1	Adequate maintenance of relevant premises?		Yes	No
	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
27.2	Weekly testing and periodic servicing of fire detection and		Yes	No
	alarm system?			
	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
27.3	Monthly and annual testing routines for emergency escape lighting?		Yes	No
	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
27.4	Annual maintenance of fire extinguishing appliances?		Yes	No
	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
27.5	Periodic inspection of external escape staircases and gangways?	N/A	Yes	No
	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
27.6	Six-monthly inspection and annual testing of rising mains?	N/A	Yes	No
	Comments and deficiencies observed:			
27.7	Weekly and monthly testing, six monthly inspection and annual testing of fire-fighting lifts?	N/A	Yes	No
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Comments and deficiencies observed:			
Weekly testing and periodic inspection of sprinkler installations? Comments:	N/A	Yes	No
Routine checks of final exit doors and/or security fastenings? Comments:	N/A	Yes	No
Annual inspection and test of lightning protection system? Comments:	N/A	Yes	No
Other relevant inspections or tests: Comments:			
	installations? Comments: Routine checks of final exit doors and/or security fastenings? Comments: Annual inspection and test of lightning protection system? Comments: Other relevant inspections or tests:	Comments: Routine checks of final exit doors and/or security fastenings? N/A Comments: Annual inspection and test of lightning protection system? N/A Comments: Other relevant inspections or tests:	installations? Comments: Routine checks of final exit doors and/or security fastenings? N/A Yes Comments: Annual inspection and test of lightning protection system? N/A Yes Comments: Other relevant inspections or tests:

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28. RECORDS

28.1	Appropriate records of:			
	Fire drills?	N/A	Yes	No
	Fire training?		Yes	No
	Fire alarm tests?	N/A	Yes	No
	Emergency escape lighting tests?	N/A	Yes	No
	Maintenance and testing of other fire protection systems?	N/A	Yes	No

28.2 Comments:

FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT

The following simple risk level estimator is based on a more general health and safety risk level estimator of the type contained in BS 45001:2018

Potential consequences of fire ⇒ Likelihood of fire	Slight harm	Moderate harm	Extreme harm
Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk

·	<u> </u>			
Taking into account the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:				
Low	Medium High			
In this context, a def	înition of the above terms is as follows:			
Low:	Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.			
Medium:	Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to proper controls (other than minor shortcomings).			
High:	Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire.			
procedural arrangem	the nature of the building and the occupants, as well as the fire protection and nents observed at the time of this fire risk assessment, it is considered that the exafety in the event of fire would be:			
Slight harm	Moderate harm Extreme harm			
In this context, a def	finition of the above terms is as follows:			
Slight harm:	Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).			
Moderate harm:	Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.			
Extreme harm:	Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.			
Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:				

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Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate Substantial Intolerable
Comments:		

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk-based control plan is based on one advocated by BS 8800 for general health and safety risks:

Risk Level	Action and timescale
Trivial	No action is required and no detailed records need be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional controls required. However, there might be a need for improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the building is unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the building is occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Building (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

ACTION PLAN

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It is considered	that the following	recommendations	should be i	implemented	in order to
reduce fire risk t	to, or maintain it a	at, the following lev	∕el:		

† Priorities:

- 1. Breach of legislation, having the potential for serious injury to relevant persons.
- 2. Breach of legislation, but not considered to constitute a serious threat to relevant persons.
- 3. Bad practice, but unlikely to constitute a serious threat to relevant persons.

†† Suggested Timescale:

A. Immediately or as soon as reasonably practicable. In the case of items that require capital work, steps should be taken as soon as reasonably practicable to progress the work.

B. Short term. In the case of items that require capital expenditure, steps should be taken in the short term to progress the work.

- C. Medium term.
- D. Long term (e.g. at time of upgrading or refurbishment).

	Action Required	†Priority	†† Timescale	Responsible Person	Date Completed
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					

REFERENCES

Fire Detection and Fire Alarm Systems

BS 5839-1: 2002. Fire detection and fire alarm systems for buildings - Code of practice for system design, installation, commissioning and maintenance.

BS 5839-8: 1998. Fire detection and alarm systems for buildings - Code of practice for the design, installation and servicing of voice alarm systems.

BS 5839-9: 2003. Fire detection and fire alarm systems for buildings - Code of practice for the design, installation, commissioning and maintenance of emergency voice communication systems.

Fire Extinguishing Appliances

BS 5306-1: 2006. Code of practice for fire extinguishing installations and equipment on premises - hose reels and foam inlets.

BS 5306-3: 2003. Fire extinguishing installations and equipment on premises - Code of practice for the inspection and maintenance of portable fire extinguishers.

BS 5306-8: 2000. Fire extinguishing installations and equipment on premises - Selection and installation of portable fire extinguishers - Code of practice.

BS EN 3. Portable fire extinguishers.

Emergency Escape Lighting

BS 5266-1: 2005. Emergency lighting - Code of practice for the emergency lighting of premises.

BS 5266-7: 1999 (BS EN 1838: 1999). Lighting applications - Emergency lighting.

BS 5266-8: 2004 (BS EN 50172: 2004). Emergency escape lighting systems.

Fire Safety Signs

BS 5499-1: 2002. Graphical symbols and signs - Safety signs, including fire safety signs. Specification for geometric shapes, colours and layout.

BS 5499-4: 2000. Safety signs, including fire safety signs. Code of practice for escape route signing.

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BS 5499-5: 2002. Graphical symbols and signs - Safety signs, including fire safety signs. Signs with specific safety meanings.

BS 5499-10: 2006. Safety signs, including fire safety signs. Code of practice for the use of safety signs, including fire safety signs.

Lightning

BS 6651: 1999. Code of practice for protection of structures against lightning. (Being withdrawn August 2008.)

BS EN 62305-1: 2006. Protection against lightning. General principles.

BS EN 62305-2: 2006. Protection against lightning. Risk management.

BS EN 62305-3: 2006. Protection against lightning. Physical damage to structures and life hazard.

BS EN 62305-4: 2006. Protection against lightning. Electrical and electronic systems within structures.

Fixed Fire Extinguishing Systems and Equipment

BS 5306-2: 1990. Fire extinguishing installations and equipment on premises - Specification for sprinkler systems.

BS 9990: 2006. Code of practice for non-automatic fire fighting systems in buildings.

BS EN 12845: 2004. Fixed firefighting systems - Automatic sprinkler systems - Design, installation and maintenance.

Fire Safety Management

BS 5588-12: 2004. Fire precautions in the design, construction and use of buildings - Managing fire safety.

Miscellaneous

BS 476-7: 1997. Fire tests on building materials and structures - Method of test to determine the classification of the surface spread of flame of products.

BS 5588-8: 1999. Fire precautions in the design, construction and use of buildings - Code of practice for means of escape for disabled people.

BS 7176: 1995. Specification for resistance to ignition of upholstered furniture for non-domestic seating by testing composites.

BS 7273-4: 2007. Code of practice for the operation of fire protection measures - Actuation of release mechanisms for doors.

BS 7671: 2001. Requirements for electrical installations. IEE Wiring Regulations. Sixteenth edition.

PAS 79: 2007. Fire risk assessment - Guidance and a recommended methodology.

Instruction ID	Location	Description	Status	Print Date	Due Date	Target Date
PM23573	Wastview Care Centre (Walls) - 11060289	50 Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	09/08/2018	31/07/2018	20/08/2018 00:00
PM23572	Seaview - 11080027920 - Seaview	Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Printed	11/07/2018	05/12/2018	25/12/2018 00:00
PM23571	Nordalea Rural Care Centre - 1101024500	2 - Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018	29/06/2018	19/07/2018 00:00
PM23570	New Craigielea - 11207360305 - New Crai	gie Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018	21/05/2018	08/06/2018 00:00
PM23569	Isleshavn Rural Care Home (Yell) - 110203	19 Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018	29/06/2018	19/07/2018 00:00
PM23565	Laburnum House - 11201150573 - Laburn	un Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018	19/07/2018	08/08/2018 00:00
PM23564	37 Haldane Burgess Crescent - 112037305	575 Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018	25/07/2018	14/08/2018 00:00
PM23563	30 St Sunniva Street (SL&O) - 1120730027	70 · Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018	02/08/2018	22/08/2018 00:00
PM23562	Anderson High School Campus - 11207850	ว9เ Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	08/02/2019	28/02/2019 00:00
PM23561	Whiteness Primary School - 11100235001	\ Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	18/01/2019	07/02/2019 00:00
PM23560	Whalsay Secondary School - 11090193002	2 - Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	08/02/2019	28/02/2019 00:00
PM23559	Whalsay Primary & Nursery School - 1109	01 Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	08/02/2019	28/02/2019 00:00
PM23558	Urafirth Primary School - 11040282509 - U	Jra Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	25/01/2019	14/02/2019 00:00
PM23557	Tingwall Primary School - 11100100002 -	Tin Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	30/11/2018	20/12/2018 00:00
PM23556	Scalloway Primary School - 11100680006	- S Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	17/01/2019	06/02/2019 00:00
PM23555	Sandwick Junior High School - 111406059	14 Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	22/02/2019	14/03/2019 00:00
PM23554	Ollaberry Primary School - 11040151001 -	O Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	25/01/2019	14/02/2019 00:00
PM23553	North Roe Primary School - 11040038007	- NFire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	25/01/2019	14/02/2019 00:00
PM23552	Mid Yell School (New) - 11020319351 - M	id Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	23/01/2019	12/02/2019 00:00
PM23551	Lunnasting Primary School - 11080198000) - Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	08/02/2019	28/02/2019 00:00
PM23550	Dunrossness Primary School - 111401502	01 Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	18/01/2019	07/02/2019 00:00
PM23549	Brae Secondary School - 11050184082 - B	ra: Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	c) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	25/01/2019	14/02/2019 00:00
PM23548	Brae Primary School - 11050184082_A - B	ra Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	25/01/2019	14/02/2019 00:00
PM23547	Bells Brae Primary School - 11203452884	- B Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	10/01/2019	30/01/2019 00:00
PM23546	Baltasound School - 11010229004 - Baltas	sou Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018	18/01/2019	07/02/2019 00:00
PM23545	Aith Junior High School - 11070134201 - A	Aith Fire Risk Assessment (2 yearly	r) Carry out ar Printed	11/07/2018		19/02/2019 00:00
PM23544	Anderson High School Campus - 11207850	., ., .,	Carry out and Printed	11/07/2018		21/11/2018 00:00
PM23543	Windybrae - 11140129740 - Windybrae	Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Printed	11/07/2018	• •	13/12/2018 00:00
PM23542	Taing House - 11207363003 - Taing House		Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018		31/07/2018 00:00
PM23541	Rudda Park (SL&O) - 11207120112 - Rudd	., ,,	Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018		12/07/2018 00:00
PM23540	Overtonlea Rural Care Home (Levenwick)	(, ,,	Carry out and Printed	11/07/2018		05/12/2018 00:00
PM23539	Edward Thomason House - 11207362004		Carry out and Closed	11/07/2018		31/07/2018 00:00
PM23538	Banksbroo (ILP) - 11207850853 - Banksbro	., ,,	Carry out and Printed	11/07/2018		27/11/2018 00:00
PM23537	78 North Lochside - 11205862104 - 78 No	(, ,,	Carry out and Printed	11/07/2018	<u> </u>	13/08/2018 00:00
PM23536	North Haven Rural Care Centre (Brae) - 11		Carry out and Closed	13/06/2018		14/06/2018 00:00
PM23535	Fernlea Rural Care Centre (Whalsay) - 110	90 Fire Risk Assessment (yearly)	Carry out and Closed	13/06/2018	24/05/2018	13/06/2018 00:00

HR-20 Risk Assessment Update App 2

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Education and Families Committee Policy and Resources Committee Shetland Islands Council	18 th December 2018 19 th December 2018 19 th December 2018
Report Title:	Active Shetland Strategy – 2018 -2023	
Reference Number:	CS-44-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Executive Manager – Sport and Leisure	

1. Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Education and Families Committee RECOMMENDS that the Policy and Resources Committee RECOMMENDS that the Council approve the proposed Active Shetland Strategy 2018-2023, and agrees that it replaces the Sports and Physical Activity Strategy within Part A of the Council's Constitution and Policy Framework, to be managed by the Education and Families Committee.

2. High Level Summary:

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to present the Active Shetland Strategy 2018-2023, and seek approval of its contents from Shetland Islands Council. The strategy is attached as Appendix A to this report.
- 2.2 If approved this strategy will supersede the previous Shetland Sports Strategy 2012-2017 and the Active Lives Strategy 2012-2022 referred to as the Sports and Physical Activity Strategy within the Council's policy framework.

3. Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 The vision, priorities for action and outcomes to be achieved through the Active Shetland Strategy will make a significant contribution towards the outcomes of the Shetland Partnership Plan 2018 - 2028 and Shetland Islands Council's Our Plan 2016 -2020:

Shetland Partnership Plan 2018 -2028:

- People Individuals and families thrive and reach their full potential
- Participation People participate and influence decisions on services and the use of resources
- Place Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Shetland Islands Council's Our Plan (2016-2020):

 Young People – making Shetland the best place for children and young people to grow up

- Community Strength building the strength of individuals and communities with increased levels of volunteering across Shetland
- 3.2 The Active Shetland Strategy partners will come together regularly as a Forum to agree on projects and focus areas, and assemble appropriate working groups tasked with achieving desired outcomes. These working groups will consist of partner members and wider members of the community where appropriate.

4. Key Issues:

- 4.1 The Active Shetland Strategy has been created by a partnership of local and national organisations including Shetland Islands Council, NHS Shetland, Shetland Recreational Trust, ZetTrans, **sport**scotland, and Scottish Natural Heritage. The over-arching purpose of the Strategy is to create a positive vision for the future in Shetland, where all partners and the community are working well together to "make Shetland the most active community in Scotland".
- 4.2 For many years evidence has been growing about the positive contribution that physical activity and sport can have on an individual physical health and mental wellbeing.
- 4.3 This strategy therefore seeks to ensure that all partners and the wider community work effectively together to ensure that barriers to participation are identified and reduced in order to ensure that more people in Shetland become physically active and gain from the benefits identified above.
- 4.4 The strategy sets out the vision, strategic context, and priorities for actions and outcome indicators that will be monitored over the lifetime of the strategy.

5. Exempt and/or confidential information.

5.1 There are no issues concerning exempt or confidential information in this report.

6.0 Implications:

6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:

In order to develop the Active Shetland Strategy a public consultation exercise was undertaken, which included reviewing the previous Shetland Sports Strategy and identifying the priorities for the new Active Shetland Strategy. The finding of this review and proposed priorities for action were initially presented to the Shetland Partnership Board and a Shetland Sports Forum to ensure that they were consistent with the wider agenda in Shetland.

The agreement of this strategy should support positive outcomes for individuals and communities in Shetland by helping individuals to thrive and reach their full potential and supporting communities to become attractive places to live, work, study and invest.

6.2	Human Resources and Organisational Development:	The management and monitoring of the Active Shetland Strategy will not require any additional staffing.
6.3	Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	An Equalities Impact Assessment has been carried out on the Active Shetland Strategy and no negative impacts have been identified. Alternatively the Assessment identifies significant positive impacts in a range of factors including: Health, Economy Environment and those vulnerable to fall into poverty. Part of the vision of the Active Shetland Strategy is to tackle
		inequalities and make long-lasting changes that enable everyone in Shetland to access physical activity and sporting opportunities.
6.4	Legal:	There are no legal implications arising from this report.
6.5	Finance:	There are no financial implication arising from this report.
6.6	Assets and Property:	There are no assets or property implications arising from this report.
6.7	ICT and new technologies:	There are no ICT implications arising from this report.
6.8	Environmental:	There are no environmental implications arising from this report and an environmental impact assessment is not required.
6.9	Risk Management:	Failure to agree this strategy and implement the actions could lead to a number or risks for Shetland, which may not be immediately evident but could lead to major difficulties in the future. For example, these include a general reduction in opportunities for young people to get involved in healthy activities and develop confidence, thus potentially leading to increased levels of obesity and reduced volunteering. Another potential consequence is an increase in criminal activities because of a lack of more productive alternatives, and a decline in Shetland population because of dissatisfaction with the opportunities available locally.
6.10	Policy and Delegated Authority:	In accordance with Section 2.3.1 of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations, all matters relating to leisure and sport come under the remit of the Education and Families Committee.
		Functional Committees also have the responsibility of advising the Policy and Resources Committee in the development of new strategies, policies and plans concerned with service delivery.

	The Active Shetland Strategy 2018-23 will be a specific plan contained within the Council's Policy Framework set out in the Council's constitution (Part A $-$ 3(2)) to be prepared and performance managed by the Education and Families Committee, replacing the current Sports and Physical Activity Strategy. Approving, adapting or amending any plan within the policy framework is reserved to the Council (Part A $-$ 3(1)), taking advice from the Policy and Resources Committee, in accordance with Section 2.2.1 of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations. The Council has reserved authority for the determination of new or variations to existing strategies and policies.
6.11 Previously considered by:	None

For further information please contact:

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Report Finalised: 06 December 2018

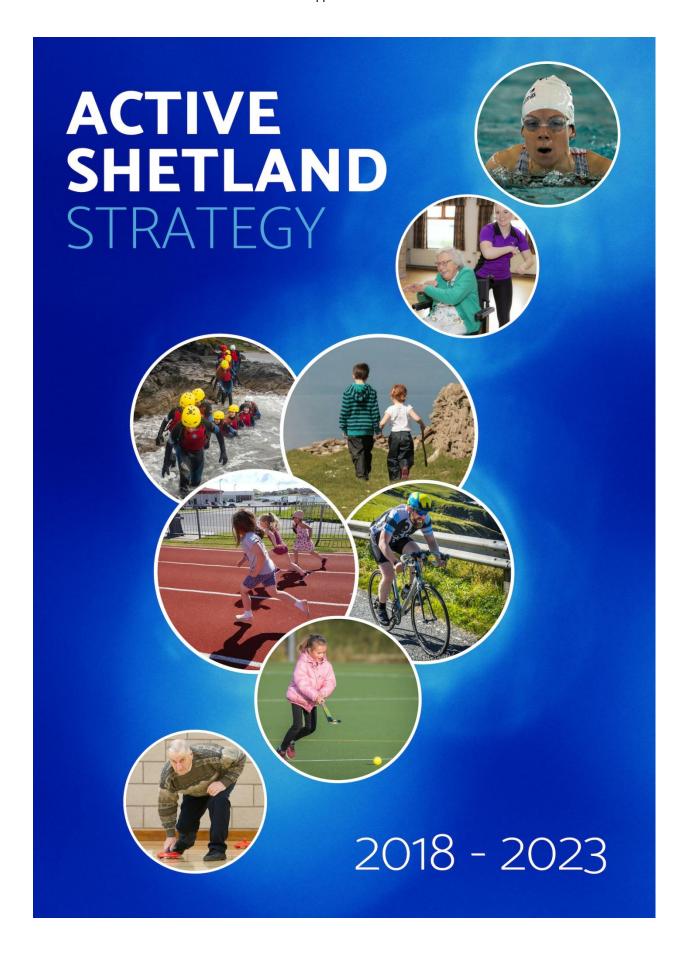
List of Appendices

Appendix A – Active Shetland Strategy 2018-2023

Background Documents:

None

END















FOREWORD

'If a medication existed which had a similar effect to physical activity, it would be regarded as a 'wonder drug' or a 'miracle cure'.

Chief Medical Officer, England 2010

Our quality of life in Shetland is regarded as among the best in the United Kingdom. Lots of things add together to make for a good quality of life, and for us, our wonderful outdoor environment is certainly a major factor.

Physical activity, whatever form it takes – from light leisure activity, to active travel, to community sport, to representative sport at Shetland level and beyond - is massively important for a great number of reasons.

The evidence

Physical activity is an important tool for improving mental health and wellbeing, developing strong communities, increasing participation amongst disadvantaged and hard to reach groups, increasing attainment in schools, providing diversionary activities for people with chaotic lifestyles, promoting sustainable forms of transport, increasing volunteering and stimulating the local economy and tourist industry.

To make the most of these potential benefits it is important to have a strategy to help Shetland to be more active, and to give those involved in physical activity and sport the opportunity to meet their potential, excel and be involved to whatever level they can.

The biggest gain we can make is to help the least active to get more active, to give the couch potatoes amongst us a helping hand to start moving, to get us all on the path to health, wellbeing and productivity. That way we will see benefits at a personal level, and for the whole community of Shetland.

Being active is everyone's business – me, you, our families, neighbours and friends. The challenge is how we can help ourselves and other people we care about to get active – whether that's through our jobs, volunteering with a formal sports club for football or netball, or an informal group for working or jogging, taking up golf or swimming, dancing or 'keep fit', or taking a few more steps ourselves with the dog, the neighbour, the kids.

Shetland's Partnership Plan 2018 – 2028

Vision: "Shetland is a place where everyone is able to thrive; living well in strong, resilient communities; and where people and communities are able to help plan and deliver solutions to future challenges"

The Community Empowerment Act 2015 Act requires each Community Planning Partnership to produce and publish a Local Outcomes Improvement Plan (LOIP). The LOIP is a high level action plan agreed between agencies and their communities and provides a unifying document based on agreed local priorities. The LOIP seeks to ensure community planning partners are delivering impact for communities, developing new and improved methods of delivering services and making sure the right people are working together under strong governance and accountability.

The key focus of the plan is to reduce inequality of outcome in Shetland, and moderate demand for future crisis services. Physical activity and sport can play a vital role in this: see page 5 for more detail.

The Active Shetland Strategy 2018-2023 contributes to the following Shetland Partnership Plan priorities:

People

Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential

Participation

People can participate and influence decisions on services and use of resources

Place

Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Money

All households can afford to have a good standard of living









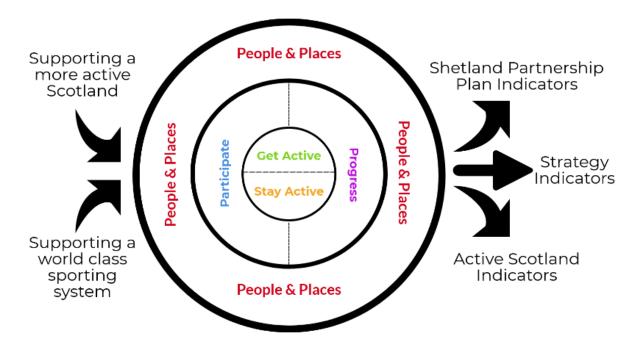
Vision:

We aim to make Shetland the most Active Community in Scotland

We want people to be active from an early age and remain active throughout their lifetime. People will be active in a number of different ways and we recognise the power of community and culture in shaping people's lifestyles – seeing others be active, hearing about sporting success, and seeing activity and sporting events happening locally all have an influence on people's behaviour.

To achieve such wide reaching benefit and change requires more than a single approach, we must work effectively together as professionals and as communities to meet these challenging targets. Working to help people be more active, providing leisure, activity and sporting facilities and opportunities is not new, but we must be rigorous in monitoring our work to ensure our strategic approach is working, and that we are making progress in the right areas.

With this in mind, the strategy incorporates Active Scotland Indicators, Shetland Partnership Plan Indicators and Shetland physical activity and sport indicators as determined by the Active Shetland Strategic Group.



To make long-lasting changes that work for Shetland we must be aware of the wider needs of our communities, tackle inequalities and build community capacity. We must not lose sight of the bigger picture, recognising the massive impact physical activity and sport can have on raising attainment and improving wider academic achievement, population productivity, employability and the attractiveness of Shetland as a place to live, work and visit.

Our "People & Places" are integral to this strategy. In a time of limited resources we must work ever more closely together to maximise resources and efficiencies AND capitalise on the existing built and natural physical activity and sport environments.

Foundations of the Strategy

Tackling Inequalities

We must increase people's understanding of the inequality challenge in Shetland and work together to target resources. We will use good quality data to identify those most in need, and work to address their needs first. This will shift resources towards prevention of poorer outcomes.

Community wellbeing and resilience

Physical activity and sport can be a means to develop wider social outcomes in communities. We will harness the power of physical activity and sport to enhance education, develop employability skills, improve resilience in communities and offer alternatives to crime and antisocial behaviour.

Early intervention and Prevention

We will identify negative trends and problems before they become deep rooted. We will achieve this by working collaboratively with communities to help them find solutions to their own challenges, investing in community leaders and delivering bespoke services based on community needs.

Attainment and Achievement

We will demonstrate the role physical activity and sport can play in raising attainment and wider academic achievement. We will work to ensure that everyone can fulfil their potential and achieve their aspirations in being physically active.

Priorities for Action

Get Active

Increase physical activity levels in Shetland, particularly supporting the least active to get active

Stay Active

Make physical activity and sport part of the daily lives of everyone who lives in Shetland

Participate

Support children and young people to develop physical competence and confidence from the earliest age and encourage lifelong involvement. Support people who find it difficult to be physically active or access sport to overcome these challenges.

Progress

Improve opportunities for anyone to progress and achieve in physical activity and sport, meeting their potential and overcoming any barriers to progress.

Places

Provide the people of Shetland with the best facilities and infrastructure possible to let them lead active lives.

People

Develop the volunteer and professional education pathway that is essential to continue to develop and enhance quality physical activity and sporting opportunities in Shetland.

Keys to Success

Collaboration and Partnership

We will need to work together ever more closely and share expertise, information and resources to deliver the best services to Shetland's communities. The partners are committed to these principles and hold them as essential cornerstones of how we will deliver the strategy.

Building Collaboration

We will build strong partnerships by linking physical activity and sport outcomes to organisational goals. We will achieve this by developing clear roles and remits, a shared understanding of organisational needs and demonstrating passion and commitment to the strategy and each other.

Organising Resources

We will do this by bringing the right people together to share knowledge and expertise and deliver shared outcomes. We will streamline digital and physical communication and make sure we reach those who need it most.

Understanding, Using and Sharing Data

We will put data at the centre of everything we do. This will enable us to identify needs and gaps, recognise trends and produce robust and reliable data which tells the story of people's engagement with physical activity and sport in Shetland. We will use this information to ensure decision makers can see the benefits of being active and engaged in sport.

Get Active

To increase physical activity levels in Shetland, particularly supporting the least active to get moving

We know that many people in Shetland are active but we also know that we have high levels of inactivity. This inactivity contributes to adult and childhood obesity and other preventable diseases such as Type II Diabetes. The risk of being inactive is not evenly spread across all groups in the population. The groups who are more at risk of being physically inactive are those with a disability and/or long-standing poor health; older age groups; women and teenagers.

Evidence around why people are inactive points to a range of factors at individual, social and environmental levels. Some reasons are common across different inactive groups: lack of confidence, time or interest; transport; cost of some leisure activities; lack of suitable activities.

Active Scotland Outcome	We encourage and enable the inactive to be more active
World Class Sporting System	We want to increase participation through improving physical activity and sport to ensure that we are providing equal opportunities and an inclusive programme in the aim of building a world class sporting system in Scotland
Shetland's Partnership Plan	People Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential Place Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Commitments:

- Make physical activity interventions and conversations throughout health and social care the norm, in order to increase the number of people being supported to become active
- Ensure that increasing physical activity is a priority in partner strategies and development plans, reflecting the great benefits to be gained
- Utilise data and research across services, to ensure that there is a consistent and coordinated approach to tackling inactivity
- Develop targeted programmes of support and engagement for recognised inactive groups and people who are socially or economically isolated
- Co-ordinate and deliver public education, including media campaigns that raise awareness of the benefits of increased physical activity and living a healthy, active lifestyle

Stay Active

Make physical activity and sport part of the daily lives of everyone who lives in Shetland

We know that the amount of physical activity we do varies greatly across our life course. This outcome is about sustaining physical activity habits through key transitions in life and encouraging those who do some physical activity to do more activity, more often. We need to focus on people moving through transitions such as changes in employment status, education to work or work to retirement, where people live, family relationships, physical health status and social networks, as we know these changes can make people more vulnerable and it is common for physical activity to decrease.

Active Scotland Outcome	We encourage and enable the inactive to be more active
World Class Sporting System	We want to ensure that a clear pathway exists from schools to communities in the provision of sporting opportunities to ensure that people continue to participate in sport at whatever level and are part of a world class sporting system in Scotland
Shetland's Partnership Plan	People Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential Place Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Commitments:

- Support families in becoming physically active and maintaining physical activity throughout their lives
- Implement guidelines for obesity management in children, including appropriate physical activity interventions
- Ensure every child receives at least 2 hours (Primary) or 2 periods (Secondary) of quality
 P.E. per week
- Encourage and support every school in Shetland to self evaluate and implement a plan to increase physical activity opportunities and improve their provision of PE & Sport
- Support every child to be able to swim by the time they leave primary school.
- Develop programmes which reduce the fall in participation at key transition points throughout an individual's life
- Investigate the barriers to participation such as cost and transport and develop solutions to maintain participation
- o Maintain the range of sports and physical activity opportunities across Shetland
- Support public participation events which encourage people to get back in to sport or to get active
- Ensure that physical activity and sport is included in the development of locality planning in Shetland, building on the work of Community Sport Hubs and Health Improvement links with communities
- Target programmes that promote active living for older people, including falls prevention programmes, in order to maintain activity and independence

Participation:

Support children and young people to develop physical competence and confidence from the earliest age and encourage lifelong involvement. Support people who find it difficult to be physically active or access sport to overcome these challenges.

We want our children and young people to experience the joy of movement and develop positive attitudes to active living and sport. We want to ensure all Shetland's children and young people develop the physical confidence and competence required as a foundation for lifelong participation in physical activity and sport.

We want our children to move from school to community sport and benefit from the social, emotional and physical benefits of sports clubs who need to be well organised, connected and high profile in their local community. They should have high quality people supporting the club and be operating out of quality facilities.

School and community sport should be equal and inclusive for everyone. Likewise, we want adults to participate in sport for longer and to continue an involvement in sport as volunteers who feel valued for their contribution.

Active Scotland Outcome	We develop physical confidence and competence from the earliest
	age
World Class Sporting System	We want to encourage and enable participation in sport within the
	each environment of the world class sporting system in Scotland
Shetland's Partnership Plan	People
	Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential
	Place
	Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Commitments:

- Ensure that children have access to more and higher quality physical activity and sport opportunities in and out of school wherever they live in Shetland
- Encourage children and adults to connect with their natural environment and provide opportunities to participate in outdoor activity
- Develop programmes aimed at developing the physical literacy of young children
- Support clubs to increase the number of children, young people and adults who are active members
- Assist clubs to be well organised, connected, promoted, inclusive, and sustainable and provide safe and welcoming environments for people to participate
- Develop physical activity pathways in Shetland for people with a physical, sensory or learning disability
- Ensure that those who face multiple barriers, discrimination or inequalities are supported to participate in physical activity and sport

Progression:

Improve opportunities for anyone to progress and achieve in sport, to meet their potential and overcome any barriers to progress.

This objective is about developing and supporting a world class sporting system at all levels, motivating more organisations and individuals to get involved, and enabling the broadest range possible of people to participate, progress and achieve in sport.

Active Scotland Outcome	We improve opportunities to participate, progress and achieve in sport
World Class Sporting System	We want to ensure that people within the sporting system are able to progress to a level that is solely determined by their ability
Shetland's Partnership Plan	People Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential Participation People can participate and influence decisions on services and use of resources Place Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Commitments:

- Link school and community sport opportunities to provide better connections between young people progressing from school participation to club participation
- Ensure that there are opportunities, training and support for athletes, coaches and officials to allow them to reach their full potential at local, national and international competition
- o Provide support to clubs and associations to host on Island competitions and events
- In partnership with Shetland Island Games Association, support a bid to host the
 International Island Games in 2027 or as soon as possible thereafter.

Places (Active Infrastructure)

Provide the people of Shetland with the best facilities and infrastructure possible to let them lead active lives.

Over the lifetime of this strategy there may be changes to the type of and access to facilities in Shetland and the ways that these facilities are funded. Local and national research shows that people feel that facilities are well used, respected and valued by the community, however they are not being used to their maximum potential and more work needs to be done to address facility gaps.

Shetland has an abundance of natural active spaces and there are exciting opportunities ahead if we can work collaboratively with partners to promote existing areas and engineer new spaces to facilitate more active travel opportunities, encouraging walking and cycling to be part of people's daily lives. Maximising the use of the built and natural environments in Shetland and smarter use of facilities underpin the four priority areas within the strategy.

Active Scotland Outcome	We will improve our Active Infrastructure – People & Places
World Class Sporting System	We see People & Places as key enablers in the aim of building a world class sporting system in Scotland
Shetland's Partnership Plan	People Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential Participation People can participate and influence decisions on services and use of resources Place Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Commitments:

- Ensure that our built spaces such as leisure centres, games halls, golf courses, parks, play areas and multi-courts are maintained and continue to be safe, attractive places to visit, play sport and be active
- Improve outdoor access by promoting the development of paths and outdoor amenity areas /greenspace
- Engage with decision makers including community councils to prioritise active living/active travel through the design of roads, footpaths and transport policies that promote walking, cycling and public transport

People (Workforce Development)

Develop the volunteer and professional education pathway that is essential to continue to develop and enhance quality physical activity and sporting opportunities in Shetland.

Much of Shetland's strength is in the people who live and work here and make up our communities. Workforce Development is about harnessing this to drive our strategy forward. Developing people is central to our success. This includes teachers, coaches, volunteers, professional staff, referees, umpires and officials. Our workforce also includes young people and wider health professionals. Managing and developing our people resource from the public, private and third sectors will create the platform for developing a more active population where physical activity and sport are central to our community, culture and identity.

Active Scotland Outcome	We will improve our Active Infrastructure – People & Places
World Class Sporting System	We see People & Places as key enablers in the aim of building a world class sporting system in Scotland
Shetland's Partnership Plan	People Individuals and families can thrive and reach their full potential Participation People can participate and influence decisions on services and use of resources Place Shetland is an attractive place to live, work, study and invest

Commitments:

- Ensure that our volunteer and paid workforces in Shetland are trained, knowledgeable and confident in:
 - understanding the importance of physical activity
 - supporting people who are currently inactive in becoming active
 - supporting people to maintain and increase physical activity levels
- Ensure that our clubs have the appropriate number of coaches, officials and volunteers with the correct skills
- Support coaches and volunteers to develop and ensure they are valued and recognised for their contribution
- Create opportunities for young people to be actively involved as leaders and decision makers in local and national sport
- Develop links with Further Education around the opportunity to progress learning in sport and exercise beyond the school environment in Shetland

Delivering the Strategy

The Active Shetland Strategic Partnership will provide overall strategic direction and report to the Shetland Partnership Board on an annual basis. Short or longer term operational groups will be established as necessary to deliver elements of the strategy. An Active Shetland Forum will be established to enable all interested partners and stakeholders to engage with the process of implementing the strategy.

Active Shetland Indicators

Active Shetland	Sub Heading	Data Source	Shetland
Active Infrastructure	Walking as recreational activity	Scottish Household Survey (legacy indicator)	https://www2.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/16002/ LATables2017/Shetland2017 Walking in Shetland (at least 30 Minutes) - 76% National: 70%
Active Infrastructure	Active travel to school	Sustrans – Hands Up Survey	https://www.sustrans.org.uk/scotland/schools/ hands-scotland Active Travel to School in Shetland (Walk/Cycle/Scooter/Skate/Park & Stride) – 21.8% National: 48.8%
Active Infrastructure	Accessibility to the Outdoors	Scottish Household Survey	https://www2.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/16002/ LATables2017/Shetland2017 Frequency of visits to Outdoors in Shetland (One or more times a week) – 62% National: 52%
Workforce Development	Volunteering in Sport & Exercise	Scottish Household Survey	https://www2.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/16002/ LATables2017/Shetland2017 Percentage providing unpaid help to groups/organisations involved with sport & Exercise in Shetland – 23% National: 17%
Workforce Development	Volunteering in Active Schools	Active Schools Monitoring	Shetland Islands Council – Sport & Leisure Number of Volunteer Deliverers within Active Schools in Shetland - 226 Nationally: 20,018 1.13% contribution from 0.4% of the population
Get Active	Distinct Participants (Children)	Active Schools Monitoring	Shetland Islands Council – Sport & Leisure Number of children taking part in Active Schools Activity in Shetland – 57% National: 45%

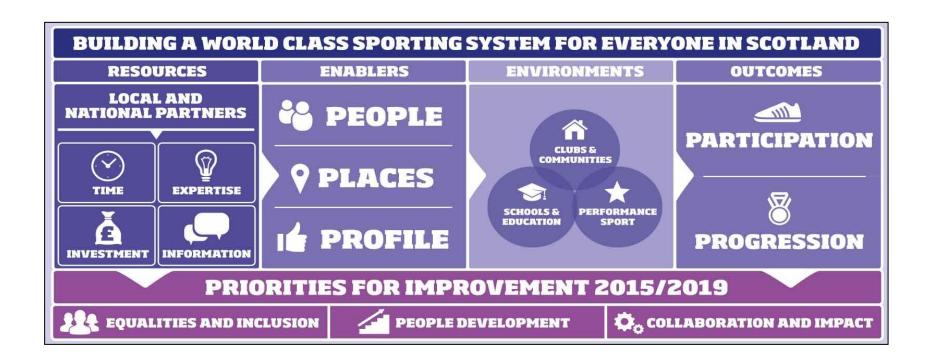
Get Active	Frequency of active	Scottish Household	https://www2.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/16002/
	participation (sport &	Survey	LATables2017/Shetland2017
	walking)		Participation in Shetland within the past 4 weeks – 84% National: 81%
Get Active	Children Weight	NHS Shetland	http://www.isdscotland.org/Health-
			Topics/Child-Health/Publications/data-
			tables2017.asp (Primary 1 Statistics for BMI:
			Epidemiological Categories -Table B1)
			Number of Overweight/Obese Children in
			Shetland - Primary 1 - 26.1% in 2016/17
			National: 22.9% in 2016/17
Stay Active	Active recreation in	Scottish Household	https://www2.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/16002/
	older people (sport &	Survey	LATables2017/Shetland2017
	walking)		
			Participation by adults 60+ in Shetland - 74% National: 67%
Stay Active	Attendance at leisure	Shetland Recreational	Shetland Recreational Trust
	facilities	Trust	Attendance Numbers in 2017-18 – 773,629
Stay Active	PE provision	Healthy Living Survey	https://www.gov.scot/publications/summary-
			statistics-attainment-leaver-destinations-
			healthy-living-8-2018-edition/pages/7/
			2 Hours of PE in Primary Schools – 100%
			2 Periods of PE in Secondary Schools – 86%
			National: 99% Primary, 94% Secondary
Participation	Sports participation	Scottish Household	https://www2.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/16002/
	(sport only, no	Survey	LATables2017/Shetland2017
	walking)		
			Percentage of adults participating in sport (excludes walking) in Shetland – 52% National: 53%
Participation	Active School	Active Schools	Shetland Islands Council – Sport & Leisure
raiticipation	Participation	Monitoring	Number of Active Schools participant sessions
	raiticipation	Worldoning	in Shetland – 48,157 participant sessions
			Nationally: 7.25 Million participant sessions
			0.67% contribution from 0.4% of the
			population
Participation	Club Membership	Shetland Islands Council	Shetland Islands Council
			Membership Numbers of Sports Clubs in Shetland 2017/18 - 1400
Progression	Team Scotland	Commonwealth Games	https://www.teamscotland.scot/gold-coast-
	performance	records (legacy	2018-facts/
		indicator)	Number of Team Scotland Commonwealth
			Games Members born or living in Shetland in Commonwealth Games – Gold Coast 2018 - 0
Progression	Team Shetland	Island Games Records	http://islandgames2017results.com/medal.aspx
	. cam onedana	isiana Games Necorus	Number of medals won by Team Shetland at
			the International Island Games - 14 (4 Gold, 5
			Silver, 5 Bronze)

Active Scotland Outcomes Framework

Vision: A More Active Scotland Physical activity is about getting people moving. Daily walking, playing in a park, going to a gym, training with a team or aspiring to win a gold medal- it doesn't really matter how people get active, it just matters that we do. Being physically active contributes to our personal, community and national wellbeing. Our vision is of a Scotland where more people are more active, more often. **National Outcomes** Research and Young People **Early Years** Safe from National Older People Places Communities **Active Scotland Outcomes** We encourage and enable the We develop physical We encourage and enable the confidence and competence active to stay active throughout inactive to be more active from the earliest age life We support wellbeing and We improve our active We improve opportunities to resilience in communities through infrastructure - people and participate, progress and physical activity and sport achieve in sport places Equality – Our commitment to equality underpins everything we do

This Framework describes Scotland's ambitions for physical activity and sport. Active Scotland Outcomes contribute to the delivery of National Outcomes and ultimately to the Scottish Government's overarching purpose of creating a more successful country, with opportunities for all to flourish. The framework has been developed collectively with partners through the National Strategic Group for Sport and Physical Activity (NSG), chaired by the Cabinet Secretary for Health, Wellbeing and Sport.

While **sport**scotland's focus is on the development of sport, the national agency work alongside those who have a greater focus on other types of physical activity to ensure people in Scotland find it easy to lead an active life. In particular they recognise that people have sporting lives, throughout which they may stay involved in or dip in and out of sport and sports, whether they participate recreationally or competitively, volunteer or spectate. They want to ensure everyone in Scotland has positive experiences at all stages of their sporting lives, whether they are being introduced to sport for the first time, developing, progressing, or achieving success.



Agenda Item

12

Meeting(s):	Policy and Resources Committee Shetland Islands Council	19 December 2018 19 December 2018
Report Title:	Asset Investment Plan – Progress Report	
Reference Number:	CPS-10-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Robert Sinclair, Executive Manager – Capital Programme	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Policy and Resources Committee RECOMMENDS that the Council notes the progress and budget re-profiling of projects within the Asset Investment Plan

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 This report advises the Council on the progress of the projects contained within its Asset Investment Plan which are currently underway in 2018/19.
- 2.2 It includes a summary of the financial status for the full life of each project.
- 2.3 This report also informs the Committee and Council of the powers exercised by the Chief Executive in authorising the re-profile of the Vehicle & Plant Replacement Programme budget in delivery of Best Value.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 This report forms part of the annual performance reporting arrangements on financial matters in support of the Financial Strategy, Reserves Policy and Budget Strategy. 'Our Plan 2016 to 2020' states that "Excellent financial-management arrangements will make sure we are continuing to keep to a balanced and sustainable budget, and are living within our means" and that "We will have prioritised spending on building and maintaining assets and be clear on the whole-of-life costs of those activities, to make sure funding is being targeted in the best way to help achieve the outcomes set out in this plan and the community plan".

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 This report provides an overview of the full life of those projects within the Council's Asset Investment Plan that are currently underway in 2018/19, based on the agreed budget.
- 4.2 Where projects take place over a number of financial years, this report summarises the position from the beginning to completion of the project. Capital maintenance is not included in this report.

- 4.3 Quarterly monitoring reports on capital expenditure are provided by the Executive Manager Finance, detailing the progress of all capital projects within the current financial year; that report also covers expenditure on capital maintenance.
- 4.4 The detailed project information is attached as Appendix A.
- 4.5 Vehicle & Plant Replacement Programme

There is a requirement to reprofile the Vehicle & Plant Replacement Programme budget in order to maximise resale values while negating the need to increase revenue maintenance budgets, and to ensure that the fleet can meet critical service needs.

The table below details the reprofile of the capital expenditure budget from £6.376m to £7.254m, which will be offset by the projected £835k increase in resale receipts and additional cost of avoidance of £190k on vehicle maintenance.

		C	Resale receipts/					
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Total	maintenance cost avoidance	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Current Budget	1,350	1,257	1,257	1,256	1,256	6,376		6,376
Reprofiled Budget	3,055	1,552	682	1,294	671	7,254	(1,025)	6,229

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None.

6.0 Implications :	
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Upon completion, the projects described in the appendix to this report will either enhance the quality and / or condition of the assets available to the people of Shetland, or add to them.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	No implications arising directly from this report.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	No implications arising directly from this report.
6.4 Legal:	No implications arising directly from this report.
6.5 Finance:	The Asset Investment Plan projects, which are currently underway in 2018/19, are detailed in Appendix A and are projected to be £1.1m under budget, resulting in a projected outturn cost of £125.1m. Of the total cost, £59.8m will be funded externally, with £65.3m to be funded by the Council.

		1
	The budget re-profiling referred to in this report results in an increase in to budget of £878k, offset by the project £835k in resale receipts and addition of £190k on vehicle maintenance.	tal expenditure ted increase of
6.6 Assets and Property:	Upon completion, the projects descri appendix to this report will either enh and / or condition of the Council's extor add to it.	ance the quality
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	No implications arising directly from t	his report.
6.8 Environmental:	All maintenance and new-build project climate change and carbon manager by embedding energy saving measure environmentally friendly materials in Where possible, assets are repaired where this reduces the carbon footprinew-build. Environmental Impact Assets carried out where the nature or scale dictates; the only such project(s) details programme are the new AHS and as Residence.	ment for example res and their design. and maintained int associated with sessments are of the project ailed in the
6.9 Risk Management:	The main areas of risk are financial in under-spend. Regular progress report and the Council enable Members to rinvestment plan.	rts to Committee
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	The Council's Scheme of Administrate Delegations provides the functions, purposed to the Chief Executive. The is principal advisor to the Council on policy and strategy direction and is resimplementation of Council aims and leading the delivery of Best Value and Planning. Approval of the financial strategy and is a matter reserved for the Council of the Folicy and Resources Committee Council of the Policy and Resources Committee Council of the Policy and Resources Committee Council of the Council of the Policy and Resources Committee Council of the Council of the Policy and Resources Committee Council of the Council of the Council of the Council of the Policy and Resources Committee Council of the Cou	oowers and duties ne Chief Executive all matters of esponsible for the priorities, including d Community d budget framework naving taken advice
6.11 Previously considered by:	N/A	

Contact Details:

Robert Sinclair, Executive Manager – Capital Programme robert.sinclair@shetland.gov.uk
23 November 2018

Appendices:

Appendix A - Asset Investment Plan – Progress Report

Background Documents: None

END

			Budget		Fund	Funding		
Directorate	Service Area	Approved Budget £	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding £	Cost to SIC £		
	Cahaala	22 040 727	22 040 425	204 502	2 004 500	40.057.005		
Children's Services	Schools	23,910,727	23,649,135	261,592	3,991,500	19,657,635		
	Childrens Resources	670,000 24,580,727	670,000 24,319,135	261,592	0 3,991,500	670,000 20,327,635		
		24,500,727	24,313,133	201,332	3,991,300	20,321,033		
Corporate Service	Capital Programme Service	3,753,204	3,825,107	(71,903)	310,696	3,514,411		
Corporate Service	Capital Frogramme Service	3,753,204		(71,903)	310,696	3,514,411		
Community Care Services	Adult Service	9,555,312	8,480,382	1,074,930	0	8,480,382		
Community Care Services	Addit Service	9,555,312	8,480,382	1,074,930	0	8,480,382		
Development Services	Economic Development	0	0	0	0	0		
Development Services	Housing	160,000	260,595	(100,595)	0	260,595		
	Tiodollig	160,000	260,595	(100,595)	0	260,595		
Infrastructura Camilaca	Environmental Services	1,856,450	1,869,359	(12,909)	0	1 960 350		
Infrastructure Services	Estate Operations	950,000		(231,999)	0	1,869,359		
	Ferry & Air Operations	59,552,065	59,540,860	(231,999)	54,250,000	1,181,999 5,290,860		
	Roads	4,161,172	4,036,771	124,401	86,807	3,949,964		
	Ports & Harbours	21,656,699	21,627,699	29,000	1,200,000	20,427,699		
	Total a Flandard	88,176,386	88,256,688	(80,302)	55,536,807	32,719,881		
	Total All Funds	126,225,629	125,141,907	1,083,722	59,839,003	65,302,904		

		Budget		Fun	ding	
Project Name	Approved Budget	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding	Cost to SIC	Update
Early Learning (General)	2,771,000	2,494,065	276,935	2,494,065		Ongoing funding for next two years held within this code until budgets transferred to individual project codes.
Brae Early Learning Extension	90,000	60,139	29,861	60,139	0	Works complete.
Dunrossness Early Learning Extension	25,000	93,087	(68,087)	93,087	0	Phase 1 complete, phase 2 progressing .
Happyhansel Early Learning Extension	50,000	260,058	(210,058)	260,058	0	Phase 1 complete. Phase 2 extension tender awarded and works on site.
Whiteness Early Learning Extension	23,000	51,651	(28,651)	51,651	0	Phase 1 works complete, phase 2 at planning stage.
Anderson High School Replacement	3,094,803	3,094,803	0	25,000	3,069,803	Works complete and school in operation. Officer time will not be processed until year end.
Anderson High Clickimin Path Upgrade	1,015,000	753,408	261,592	507,500	245,908	SIC / Sustrans funded project. Rugby pitch completed in August, retention will be released next year.
Anderson High - Halls of Residence	13,740,000	13,740,000	0	0		Works now complete and hostel in operation, final A/C still to be processed. Officer time will not be processed until year end.
Clickimin Works	3,101,924	3,101,924	0	500,000		Alteration work to Clickimin entrance ongoing, SIC funding complete. Clickimin internal works and covered training facility completed last year.
Childrens Supported Accommodation	670,000	670,000	0	0		Detailed strategic outline case being prepared for Children's Resources, BRO does not anticipate any spend on project this financial year.
Total	24,580,727	24,319,135	261,592	3,991,500	20,327,635	

		Budget		Fun	ding	
Project Name	Approved Budget	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding	Cost to SIC	Update
Market Street Store Redevelopment	323,204	395,107	(71,903)	0	395,107	Project complete and final account processed. CPS officer time on final account will not be processed until year end.
Lerwick Library Refurbishment	900,000	900,000	0	0	900,000	Original tender package ready for issue but anticipated final costs had increased since budget was set. Project on hold awaiting further report linked to service requirements and Asset Strategy.
Town Hall Conservation Project	1,680,000	1,680,000	0	310,696	1,369,304	All building and restoration works complete, final account to be processed when defects liability period complete. Interpretation works complete. Final funding claim and outstanding fees still to be processed by external consultants.
Knab Site Demolition	850,000	850,000	0	0	850,000	Business case being prepared.
Total	3,753,204	3,825,107	(71,903)	310,696	3,514,411	

	Budget			Funding		
Project Name	Approved Budget	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding	Cost to SIC	Update
Eric Gray Replacement	6,055,312	6,055,312	0	0	6,055,312	Building handed over with practical completion issued 14/11/18. Building Standards completion certificate issued on 16/11/18. Contract payment due, with retention being held for a year. Additional moveable equipment being ordered.
ET & Taing House Extension (Spend to Save)	3,500,000	2,425,070	1,074,930	0	2,425,070	Phases 1 & 2 complete. Final account will be processed by end of December 2018. Officer time on final account will not be processed until year end.
Total	9,555,312	8,480,382	1,074,930	0	8,480,382	

	Budget		Fun	ding]	
Project Name	Approved Budget	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding £	Cost to SIC	Update
Landfill Capping	839,950	839,950	0	0		Landfill Capping Phase 2 complete. 2018/19 works involve design and tender completion for capping works to start in 2019/20; further phases programmed in future years.
Recycling Shed	1,016,500	1,029,409	(12,909)	0	1,029,409	Enabling ground works completed but cost more than anticipated. Construction works started on site.
Bells Brae PS Refurbishment	950,000	1,181,999	(231,999)	0		Bells Brae works completed October 2017, final A/C still to be processed. Overspend relates to additional mechanical works required when hidden services were uncovered.
Clickimin Roundabout Works	1,063,110	1,043,871	19,239	17,745	1,026,126	All works complete. Payment due for surface course lay only.
Cycling/Walking Safer Streets	31,000	31,000	0	31,000	0	2018/19 programme will be based on responses from community councils.
Flood Damage Works	38,062	38,062	0	38,062	0	This scheme was carried over from last year - programme still to be decided.
Muckle Roe Bridge Painting	228,000	122,838	105,162	0	122,838	Works completed in January, 2018, with only small retention to be paid January 2019.
Streetlighting LED Upgrade	2,801,000	2,801,000	0	0	2,801,000	Contract awarded and works have commenced.
Tingwall Hangar	100,000	88,795	11,205	0	88,795	Door fitted and operational, works complete within budget
Ferry Replacement Programme	54,250,000	54,250,000	0	54,250,000	U	The Scottish Government Fair Funding (for ferries) process is already one year behind the original programme and it seems likely that it could take a further year to get to a point of establishing a programme. 2018/19 budget of £250k, for Fair Isle design fees, will slip into next year.
Ferry Life Extension Works Contract	5,202,065	5,202,065	0	0	5,202,065	Revised outline business case (OBC) being progressed covering all vessels. Business case being carried out in consideration of / conjunction with Transport Planning activities, Scottish Government funding and other OBCs.
Ferry Terminal Life Extension Works	1,990,683	1,990,683	0	0	1,990,683	Contract entered with Mott MacDonald for project management activates, surveys, review histories, etc. Works contract to be published on PCS in the next few weeks, anticipate contract award in March '19. Work on site to commence approx April/May '19.

		Budget		Fun	ding	
Project Name	Approved Budget	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding £	Cost to SIC	Update
Ferry Terminal Paint Works Contract	350,000	350,000	0	0	350,000	Hamarsness Terminal was planned to be painted this financial year, but due to other projects and lack of consultancy staff this will slip into next financial year.
VTS Radar Replacement	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	1,000,000	Contractor continues to try and resolve outstanding issues before a Site Acceptance Test can take place. Completion date is unclear at present while discussions continue.
Scalloway Fishmarket Rebuild	5,672,000	5,672,000	0	0	5,672,000	Tender awarded with works planned to start on 3/12/18. External funding application has been unsuccessful. Works completion estimated for spring 2020.
Piers - Cathodic Protection	1,216,016	1,216,016	0	0		Programme of cathodic protection to piers following condition survey reports. West Burrafirth will be completed this financial year.
Tug Jetty - Cathodic Protection	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	1,000,000	Project delayed whilst detailed surveys and feasibility options are investigated. Outcome of these investigations will determine plan and spend but BRO advises that works are likely to slip into 2019/2020 financial year.
Tug Vessel Replacement	7,900,000	7,935,000	(35,000)	0	7,935,000	Second tug purchase complete.
Hamarsness/Ulsta Wind Turbine	128,000	64,000	64,000	0		Hamarsness turbine has planning permission. Ulsta not going ahead, so Spend to Save and planning application for turbine at Baltasound Junior High submitted instead.
Toft Pier (New)	2,400,000	2,400,000	0	1,200,000	1 200 000	EMF grant application has been deferred for future consideration, timescale for this is unclear at present. Current tender exercise on hold pending information on possible further funding opportunity. No report to Council until grant situation is confirmed.
Total	88,176,386	88,256,688	(80,302)	55,536,807	32,719,881	

ASSET INVESTMENT PLAN - DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

	Budget		Funding			
Project Name	Approved Budget £	Predicted Project Outturn £	Under (Over) Budget £	External Funding £	Cost to SIC £	Update
Leaside Conversion	160,000	260,595	(100,595)	0	260,595	Project complete - completion certificate issued, with retention still to be paid. Additional costs relate to enhanced soundproofing requirement. Keys handed over from contractor on 10/11/17.
Total	160,000	260,595	(100,595)	0	260,595	

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Policy and Resources Committee	19 December 2018
	Shetland Islands Council	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Asset Investment Plan – Business	
	Case – ICT Virtual Infrastructure	
Reference	CPS-12-18-F	
Number:		
Author/	Robert Sinclair, Executive Manager -]
Job Title:	Capital Programme	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

- 1.1 That the Policy and Resources Committee RECOMMENDS that the Council RESOLVES to;
 - 1.1.1 Approve the proposal described in Section 4.3 of this report.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 This report presents an asset investment proposal for approval, which has been considered by the Council's Asset Investment Group (AIG) based on the submission of a Business Justification Case. The AIG has assessed the submission for completeness and confirmed that a sound business case has been made.
- 2.2 This proposal is provisionally funded within the Council's Asset Investment Plan (AIP) 2018-23, which was approved by the Council on 14 February 2018 (Min Ref: 4/18). If approved, it will commit an additional £40k per annum of capital funding to the Shetland Public Sector Network budget on an ongoing basis, beginning in 2019/20.
- 2.3 The business case is provided as Appendix A to this report.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 The Gateway Process for the Management of Capital Projects supports our Financial Strategy, Reserves Policy and Budget Strategy. 'Our Plan 2016 to 2020' states that "Excellent financial-management arrangements will make sure we are continuing to keep to a balanced and sustainable budget, and are living within our means" and that "We will have prioritised spending on building and maintaining assets and be clear on the whole-of-life costs of those activities, to make sure funding is being targeted in the best way to help achieve the outcomes set out in this plan and the community plan".

4.0 Key Issues:

4.1 On 29 June 2016 the Council adopted a new Gateway Process for the Management of Capital Projects, drawing on national and best practice guidance, to ensure the robustness of all capital projects.

- 4.2 This revised process is based on the process developed by the Office of Government Commerce (OGC) and is in common use throughout the public sector. It applies 'Prince 2' principles to the process and is aligned with the '5-Case Model' that has been promoted to both Officers and Members through recent 'Building Better Business Case' training. A key principle in that procedure is that the Council's AIP is re-prioritised on an annual basis, however business cases can be processed at any time. By approving a Full Business Case or Business Justification Case, Members are agreeing that the project should progress to the implementation stage, subject to being prioritised and included in the Council's Asset Investment Plan.
- 4.3 A summary of the business case referred to in Appendix A to this report is set out below, along with recommendations from the AIG:
 - 4.3.1 Appendix A Business Justification Case ICT Virtual Infrastructure
 - Replacement of end of life equipment and addressing increased demand on resources:
 - Will require increase to the annual Shetland Public Sector Network capital budget;
 - Recurring annual capital cost increase from £155,800 to £195,800 from 2019/20;
 - AIG recommended approval.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None.

6.0 Implications:	
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Upon completion, the proposal described in the appendix to this report will enhance the quality of the infrastructure used by the Council in its delivery of services.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	No implications arising directly from this report.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	No implications arising directly from this report.
6.4 Legal:	Governance and Law provide advice and assistance on the full range of Council services, duties and functions including those included in this report.
6.5 Finance:	The capital proposal in this report has been budgeted for in the 2018-23 Asset Investment Plan pending approval of the attached business case. The capital cost and ongoing revenue implications of the project is:

	Capital - This project represents capital replacement and upgrading of existing infrastructure and is projected to cost an additional £40k per annum, beginning in 2019/20. Revenue - The ongoing revenue cost is included in the approved revenue budgets for ICT Service in the Council's 2018/19 Budget Book (Min Ref: SIC 5/18).					
6.6 Assets and Property:	No implications arising directly from this report.					
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	The proposal described in Appendix A to this report, will improve the capacity and reliability of the Council's ICT infrastructure.					
6.8 Environmental:	No implications arising directly from this report.					
6.9 Risk Management:	Failure to approve this expenditure in the AIP may result in failure or reduced performance to the Council's ICT infrastructure in the future.					
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	Approval of the financial strategy and budget framework is a matter reserved for the Council having taken advice from Policy and Resources Committee.					
6.11 Previously considered by:	N/A					

Contact Details:

Robert Sinclair, Executive Manager – Capital Programme robert.sinclair@shetland.gov.uk

18 December 2018

Appendices:

Appendix A – Business Justification Case – ICT Virtual Infrastructure

Background Documents: None

END

BUSINESS JUSTIFICATION CASE (BJC)

Project Title:

ICT Virtual Infrastructure -Shetland Public Sector Network

Version no:			
Issue date:			

Purpose of this document

This document provides a template for a Business Justification Case (BJC) in support of small and medium size investments – typically below £250k, and very straight-forward in nature.

The SOP or SOC templates should be used to progress business cases for significant procurements, in excess of £250k, which are not straight-forward or routine. Guidance should be sought from the Capital Programme Service.

Please note that this template is for guidance purposes only. Where the template does not allow you to adequately explain the case for change, or the impacts, additional sections should be included.

VERSION HISTORY

Version	Date Issued	Brief Summary of Change	Owner's Name
Draft	06.08.18	First draft version. For approval and review by Susan Msalila	James Cunningham
V1	08.08.18	Approved by Susan Msalila	James Cunningham
V2	18.09.18	Implemented changes requested by Robert Sinclair	James Cunningham

CONTENTS - BUSINESS JUSTIFCATION CASE

TEMPLATE AND SUPPORTING GUIDANCE

- 1. Purpose
- 2. Strategic context and alignment with corporate priorities
- 3. Case for change
- 4. Available options
- 5. Preferred option
- 6. Procurement route
- 7. Funding and affordability
- 8. Management arrangements

BUSINESS JUSTIFCATION CASE AND SUPPORTING GUIDANCE

1. Purpose

This is to seek approval of Shetland Public Sector Network budget of £40,000 from 2019/20 onwards to support the replacement of the Shetland Islands Council Virtualised Infrastructure.

2. Strategic Context and Alignment with Corporate Priorities

This investment will be made to support the ICT Strategy. The investment will secure the infrastructure required to support the digital transformation programme work for all services in the Council. The investment will ensure a long term secure and reliable infrastructure to support the Council's ICT into the future.

3. Case for Change

A. Business needs

The Council invested in a Virtualised infrastructure in 2013, in order to enhance the ability to support applications and servers within ICT. This infrastructure, a bank of computer disk and processing elements allows individual servers to be created 'virtually', without the need for a separate physical server for each application. The advantage is that each server can be allocated resources from the bank appropriate to the need of the application, dramatically reducing waste. There is also a considerable saving in power consumption from individual servers to a virtualised model.

Due to increasing demand for resources and reliability, and existing infrastructure reaching end of life, investment in this infrastructure in now required:

Investment Objectives:

- Increase in storage and computing capacity to handle increased demand from SIC Services and Service Partners.
- Replacement of aging hardware in line with the expected lifecycle of Hardware and Software Maintenance cycles.
- Increased opportunity to support service redesign by being able to quickly respond and adapt to system requirements.
- The current infrastructure is of an age which means that additional capacity cannot be procured, and software is entering its 'enhanced lifecycle', meaning that new features are no longer being developed.

B. Benefits

- Investment in securing and future proofing the ICT Virtualised Infrastructure
- Increasing the capacity to ensure systems can be quickly and efficiently commissioned and managed
- Ability to take on additional systems to support individual Service's business transformation strands
- Ensure the Council can adapt quickly to changes, and support additional service partners as required.

C. Risks

Please provide a summary of the **main** risks associated with the investment, distinguishing between business and service risks during the design, build and operational phases of the project, as appropriate.

Description of Risk	Prob	Impact	Risk
	(1-5)	(1-5)	(Prob x Impact)
Current infrastructure is not replaced in a timely manner, and replacement hardware for failures cannot be procured, leading to extended downtime of critical council systems.	3	5	15
Capacity of the current infrastructure is reached, and opportunities to deliver services are missed or delayed.	2	4	8
Procurement and design shows an investment required which is greater than the available budget. The mitigation for this would be to split the investment over multiple financial years.	3	2	6

4. Available Options

Please provide a description of the main options (or choices) for investment, together with their relative advantages and disadvantages (a SWOT analysis).

Please bear in mind:

Do Nothing

- o Strength: no additional budget required
- Weakness: ageing infrastructure becomes less reliable, secure, and reaches capacity

- Opportunities: can wait to see what direction the market moves, and investigate other avenues such as cloud computing
- Threats: the Council is not able to complete service transformation or take on additional service partners due to the limitations of existing infrastructure.
- 2. Investment in additional Storage and Computing to complement existing systems
 - Strength: Ability to supplement the existing investment in infrastructure to provide additional computing and storage on new kit. Old kit can then be replaced as it reaches end-of-life on a scheduled replacement programme.
 - Weakness: Running with a mixture of old and new technology may mean that we do not get the maximum performance from the latest infrastructure. Over time as old kit is replaced, this will become less of an issue.
 - Opportunities: Ability to specify additional computing and storage requirements to meet the needs of upcoming transformation projects.
 - Threats: The requirements to be interoperable with existing infrastructure kit may limit the solutions available to procure.
- 3. Investment in replacement virtual infrastructure with additional capacity
 - Strength: Replacement with the latest in virtual infrastructure technology would mean being able to make use of the latest features and functionality available.
 - Weakness: The budget required to replace current infrastructure would be several times more than in specified in this business case.
 - Opportunities: The ability to look at the entire marketplace to procure a solution which will maximise the investment opportunity, without the need to rely on interoperability with existing kit.
 - Threats: Replacing the infrastructure will likely lead is to be in a similar position in another five years or so, and we would be replacing equipment before the end of its useful life.
- 4. Phased removal of virtual infrastructure, replacing with physical servers where required
 - Strength: This would allow new systems to be installed with physical servers, ensuring the hardware meets with the recommended requirements. Single hardware failure would not cause council wide outage.
 - Weakness: This solution would increase costs to the ICT Service, as we would need to procure, power, manage and maintain servers on a 1:1 basis, rather than the many to one we have just now.

- Opportunities: This would allow us to assess each individual system and determine its current value and specifications and whether or not it is fit for purpose.
- Threats: The costs of £4000-5000 per server for over 150 currently virtualised servers (a total upwards of £600-750k) to manage this solution would not be sustainable and would mean the ability quickly to add additional capacity to support new and improved services is greatly reduced.

5. Preferred Option

The preferred option is option 2 - the investment in additional storage and computing to complement existing systems.

- This option optimises value for money, buy ensuring we make use of our existing
 equipment until the end of useful life, while investing in the latest technology which
 can be used to increase capacity, while providing a stable future baseline that can
 be used as equipment becomes gradually end of life.
- ICT staff resources will be utilised to procure and implement this proposed solution.

6. Procurement Route

The recommended assets will be procured using existing Crown Commercial Framework Agreements. This will be carried out alongside members of the Council's Procurement team.

7. Funding and Affordability

- the capital and revenue costs of the proposed investment:
 - £40k per year capital investment and revenue costs consistent with existing systems.
- how the investment will be funded:
 - Additional £40k in the Shetland Public Sector Network ICT budget for a period of 5 years will allow the capital costs to be covered
 - Revenue will be met from within existing ICT budgets
- any affordability gap (as appropriate):
 - N/A

	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	5 Yr Total	
Capital expenditure	£40k	£40k	£40k	£40k	£200k	
Revenue expenditure	£6k	£6k	£6k	£6k	£30k	

8. Management Arrangements

The investment will be managed as an ICT infrastructure project using:

- PRINCE2 project management
- Benefits realisation monitoring
- Risk management
- Post project evaluation

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Education and Families Committee	18 December 2018
	Policy and Resources Committee	19 December 2018
	Shetland Islands Council	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Asset Investment Plan – Business	
	Case - Residential Childcare	
Reference	CPS-11-18-F	
Number:		
Author/	Robert Sinclair, Executive Manager -	
Job Title:	Capital Programme	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

- 1.1 That the Education and Families Committee:
 - 1.1.1 NOTES the information set out in this report and its Appendix;
 - 1.1.2 CONSIDERS the impact on the services and functions reporting to the Education and Families Committee; and,
 - 1.1.3 Makes a recommendation to Policy and Resources Committee as to how the proposal described in Appendix A to this report should be taken forward.
- 1.2 That the Policy and Resources Committee:
 - 1.2.1 Considers the recommendation from Education and Families Committee; and.
 - 1.2.2 RECOMMENDS that the Council RESOLVES to instruct the Director of Children's Services to develop a Full Business Case in relation to Residential Childcare for Looked After Children, as described in Appendix A to this report for consideration at the next available committee cycle.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 This report presents an asset investment proposal for approval, which has been considered by the Council's Asset Investment Group (AIG) based on the submission of a Strategic Outline Case. The AIG has assessed the submission for completeness and confirmed that due to reporting timescales and the deadline for decision making relating to the preferred option set out in Appendix A, a Full Business Case should now be developed in line with the Council's Gateway Process for the Management of Capital Projects.
- 2.2 This proposal is provisionally funded within the Council's Asset Investment Plan (AIP) 2018-23, which was approved by the Council on 14 February 2018 (Min Ref: 4/18).
- 2.3 The Strategic Outline Case is provided as Appendix A to this report.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 The Gateway Process for the Management of Capital Projects supports our Financial Strategy, Reserves Policy and Budget Strategy. 'Our Plan 2016 to 2020' states that "Excellent financial-management arrangements will make sure we are

continuing to keep to a balanced and sustainable budget, and are living within our means" and that "We will have prioritised spending on building and maintaining assets and be clear on the whole-of-life costs of those activities, to make sure funding is being targeted in the best way to help achieve the outcomes set out in this plan and the community plan".

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 On 29 June 2016 the Council adopted a new Gateway Process for the Management of Capital Projects, drawing on national and best practice guidance, to ensure the robustness of all capital projects.
- 4.2 This revised process is based on the process developed by the Office of Government Commerce (OGC) and is in common use throughout the public sector. It applies 'Prince 2' principles to the process and is aligned with the '5-Case Model' that has been promoted to both Officers and Members through recent 'Building Better Business Case' training. A key principle in that procedure is that the Council's AIP is re-prioritised on an annual basis, however business cases can be processed at any time. By approving a Full Business Case or Business Justification Case, Members are agreeing that the project should progress to the implementation stage, subject to being prioritised and included in the Council's Asset Investment Plan.
- 4.3 A summary of the business case documents referred to in this report are set out below, along with recommendations from the AIG:
 - 4.3.1 <u>Appendix A Strategic Outline Case Residential Childcare for Looked After Children</u>
 - New build residential childcare service to meet the needs of Looked After Children;
 - Responds to the increase in demand for residential care arising from legislative changes;
 - Will reduce the need for out of authority placements
 - Capital costs estimated at £870k between 2019/20 and 2020/21;
 - To be progressed as a Spend to Save project;
 - Preferred option has the potential for early delivery by procuring in partnership with Hjaltland Housing Association, subject to Council decision to proceed by March 2019;
 - AIG recommended approval.

5.0 Exempt and/ or confidential information:

5.1 None.

6.0 Implications:	
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	Upon completion, the proposals described in the appendix to this report would enhance the quality and condition of the assets used by the Council in its delivery of services.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	No implications arising directly from this report.

6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	No implications arising directly from this report.					
6.4 Legal:	Governance and Law provide advice and assistance on the full range of Council services, duties and functions including those included in this report.					
6.5 Finance:	The capital project proposal in this report has been budgeted in the 2018-23 Asset Investment Plan pending approval of a Full Business Case.					
	There are no direct financial implications resulting from approval of this report.					
6.6 Assets and Property:	On completion, the proposals described in the appendix to this report would enhance the quality of the Council's asset base and improve the efficiency and cost of operation.					
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	No implications arising directly from this report.					
6.8 Environmental:	All maintenance and new-build projects seek to address climate change and carbon management, for example by embedding energy saving measures and environmentally friendly materials in their design. The projects described in the appendix to this report would contribute directly to that objective.					
6.9 Risk Management:	Failure to make adequate provision for Looked After Children creates the risk that more children and young people will be placed outwith Shetland due to a shortage of appropriate residential care places locally, and/or that needs will not be met, leading to poorer outcomes for some of the most vulnerable people in our community.					
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	Matters relating to children and families are delegated to Education and Families Committee.					
	Approval of the financial strategy and budget framework is a matter reserved for the Council having taken advice from Policy and Resources Committee.					
6.11 Previously considered by:	N/A					

Contact Details:

Robert Sinclair, Executive Manager – Capital Programme robert.sinclair@shetland.gov.uk

18 December 2018

Appendices:

Appendix A – Strategic Outline Case – Residential Childcare for Looked After Children

Background Documents: None

END

STRATEGIC OUTLINE CASE (SOC)

Project Title:

Children's Resources, Residential Childcare for Looked After Children (Spend to Save)

CONTENTS – STRATEGIC OUTLINE CASE TEMPLATE AND SUPPORTING GUIDANCE

- 1. Executive summary
- 2. Strategic case
- 3. Economic case
- 4. Commercial case
- 5. Financial case
- 6. Management case

APPENDICES

• Strategic plans

1. Executive Summary

1.1 Introduction

This SOC seeks approval to invest an estimated £870k in 2019/20 and 2020/21 to increase residential childcare capacity for Looked After Children (LAC) and young people, including those leaving care, up to the age of 26 who continue to be supported by the Council.

1.2 Strategic case

1.2.1 The Strategic Context

The Council has a statutory duty to provide care and support for children and young people in need. Key **legislation** in this regard includes:

- Social Work (Scotland) Act 1968
- Children (Scotland) Act 1995
- Adoption and Children (Scotland) Act 2007
- Children & Young People (Scotland) Act 2014

Children and young people in need of care and support from the Council is a priority theme in the Council's Corporate Plan, "Our Plan 2016-2020".

Support and protection for vulnerable people of all ages are priorities in the **Shetland Partnership Plan**. The Shetland Partnership Plan has a key focus on prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities.

Shetland's **Strategic Housing Investment Plan** (SHIP) identifies the need for more affordable/social housing and this is a priority in Our Plan 2016-2020 and in the LOIP.

A target outcome from the **Children's Services Directorate Plan** is that: "We have improved the life chances for children, young people and families at risk".

The target outcomes of the **Children's Resources Service** are to strengthen families and improve capacity within families to care for children and young people and where this is not possible, as corporate parent, to provide high quality nurturing out of family care and support.

Long Term Strategic Goal

The ultimate target outcome would be that there are no children or young people in Shetland in need of care, support or protection from the Council. This would require a generational change that would see prevention and early intervention achieving the priorities and outcomes of Shetland's strategic planning partners.

At this point in time, we are a long way from achieving our goal and we need to address issues with the existing local residential care services for looked after children if we are to avoid increasing the numbers of residential care placements outwith Shetland and poorer outcomes for some individuals.

For children and young people who are looked after by the local authority, our aim is to provide stable, secure, and permanent accommodation with the minimum disruption to the young person's life.

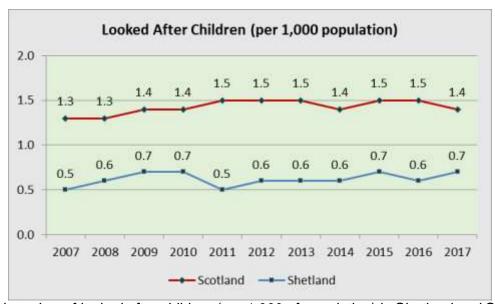
1.2.2 The case for change

Current Situation

The numbers of vulnerable children looked after by the Council have been fairly constant for over 20 years. There are, at any one time, around 30 looked after children, most of whom are supported at home, in kinship care or foster care with a small number in residential care. Residential care provision on Shetland has changed during that time with smaller, more homely residential care facilities developed at Grodians and Windybrae.

There are a range of non-residential support services including services provided by Family Support Workers and the Bruce Family Centre.

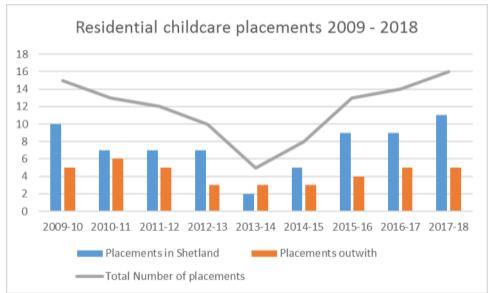
The graphs and tables below summarise the numbers of looked after children over the last 10 years showing the type of placement, and the numbers in residential childcare for the same period. The above statistics are reported to the Scottish Government based on a snapshot on 31st July each year. As such, these figures do not represent the total number of young people who require residential childcare each year.



Total number of looked after children (per 1,000 of population) in Shetland and Scotland



Number of young people in residential accommodation in Scotland and Shetland (on 31st July of each year)



The above graph shows the total number of residential childcare placements provided each year, including short term/emergency care.

The numbers of young people accommodated in residential care has increased since 2013-14, and we anticipate that this increase in demand will continue in the short to medium term following the implementation of the Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014, in particular the Continuing Care duty, which gives young people the right to remain in their care placement until the age of 21.

The numbers of secure placements commissioned by the Council are included in the figures above, so the table below is included to show the number of secure placements commissioned each year:

Table 1. Number of Secure Placements commissioned by Shetland Islands Council

Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
No .Secure	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Placements	U	U	_	_	_	0	_	0	U	U	U	1

The need for secure care is infrequent. There are only four providers of secure care in Scotland, and it may therefore be necessary to commission placements outwith Shetland where a young person requires this type of specialist support. However, increasing quality residential childcare capacity locally, may mitigate against the need for secure care in the future.

In the longer term, our work in relation to prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities will focus on working with families so that the number of children and young people in the care system is reduced. In the meantime, however, existing residential care provision will be insufficient to meet the level of need anticipated.

Business needs

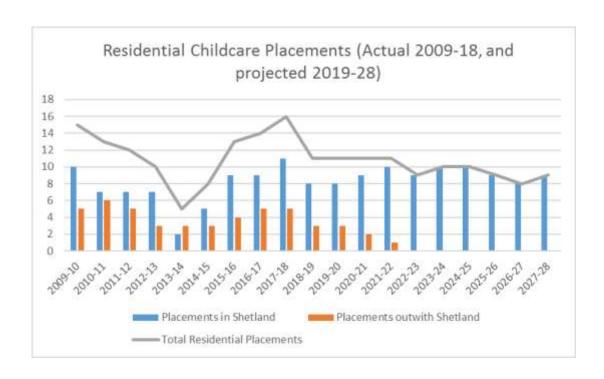
Currently, there is a shortage of placements in Shetland for young people who require residential childcare placements. This was highlighted during the Joint Inspection of Children's Services in 2015, and despite reopening Windybrae during 2016, there remains a shortfall in placements in Shetland.

There is a risk that more children and young people will be placed outwith Shetland due to a shortage of appropriate residential care places locally, and/or that needs will not be met, leading to poorer outcomes for some of the most vulnerable people in our community.

In the longer term, developing and strengthening early intervention and preventative approaches is a key part of the bigger picture along with the development of more coordinated family support services.

The graph below shows the actual number of residential childcare placements over the past ten years, and gives a projection of the anticipated number of children and young people requiring residential care over the next 10 years. These projections are built on a number of assumptions, including:

- An increase in capacity in Shetland to provide residential childcare
- Consolidating our existing single placements services into a larger service, reducing the unit cost of current provision
- By operating from three units, we will have greater flexibility in our on-island residential childcare services to match young people into homely settings suited to their individual needs
- We will reduce reliance on out of authority placements where needs could be met in Shetland, and off island provision will only be required where specialist input, such as secure care, is required



Scope for this Scheme

On the basis of this analysis, the potential scope for the scheme is as follows:

 Expanding residential care services for looked after and accommodated children in Shetland, to reduce reliance on out of authority placements

A separate linked project is being undertaken to consider options for:

 Family support services provision as part of a whole systems approach focussing on prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities

1.3 Economic case

1.3.1 The long list

Within the potential scope of reconfiguring residential care services for looked after children, the following options were considered using the options framework (note that respite and Short Breaks for children with complex additional support needs is not in scope for this project).

Table 2. Long List of Options

Table 2. Long List of Options						
-	Long List Option	Reason not to Progress				
Option 1	Do nothing					
	The Council retains and operates all the existing properties used for residential childcare in Shetland and purchases additional places outwith Shetland as required to meet increasing numbers, and to meet specialist requirements e.g. secure accommodation.	The do nothing option is required to be considered further by the Building Better Business Cases methodology adopted by the Council. This option would mean continuing the current arrangement of commission and divine a process of the building the continuity of the current arrangement of commission and divine a process of the building the current arrangement of commission and divine a process of the building the current arrangement of commission and divine a process of the building the current arrangement of commission and the current arrangement of commission are current arrangement of commission and current arrangement of commission are current arrangement of commission and current arrangement of commission are current arrangement of current arrangement of current arrangement of current arrangement are current arrangement of current arrangement arrangement are current arrangement are cur				
	Building maintenance would be the minimum required to meet standards required for residential care.	sioning additional residential child- care places on the Scottish mainland which is not the best value option for the Council.				
		SHORTLISTED				
Option 2	Modernise/Refurbish all current facilities As Option 1 however, all facilities would be improved through a comprehensive programme of refurbishment, adaptation and expansion where possible to create additional places.	This would result in disruption to existing services, and there are limitations in what could be achieved within the existing buildings, so cannot provide sufficient capacity to meet demand.				
		SHORTLISTED				
Option 3	New Build residential care facility for looked after children and young people Build a new facility to meet the placement needs of children at risk of harm/neglect. Retain and refurbish all other children's residential care provision locally for looked after children. All local services continue to be operated by the Council.	Some off island places may be needed for peaks in demand, and for specialist care (e.g. secure care) which are not provided locally due to the low numbers of individuals requiring this type of care. SHORTLISTED				
Option 4	New Build residential care facility for children and young people operated by the independent sector As Option 3 however, the new service would be outsourced. All other local services would continue to be operated by the Council.	High employment in the local labour market mean an outsourced service would need to be competitive with the Council's existing services in order to attract staff, and it is unlikely this option would be cost effective. DISCOUNTED				
Option 5	New Build residential care facility for children and young people and general needs housing allocations for longer term/permanent placements	Not dissimilar to the current model although there would be no dedicated housing provision for looked after children as such.				

	Build a new facility to meet the placement needs of looked after children requiring short term or emergency care. Develop a housing allocations programme to use existing and new housing stock as required to meet the need for longer term and potentially permanent accommodation options for vulnerable children and young people. Retain and refurbish other children's residential care provision locally where this can fit with the new model and dispose of other properties. All local services continue to be operated by the Council.	This option would be challenging for housing allocations systems in terms of the priority that would be needed for this client group. The short term care aspect of this proposal is not in keeping with Continuing Care statutory guidance, and best practice guidance in securing permanency and minimising placement moves for young people. DISCOUNTED
Option 6	New Build Short Stay residential care facility for children and young people and general needs housing allocations for longer term/permanent placements. Support/care services provided by the independent sector As Option 5 however, the care and support services in the new service model would be outsourced. All local services for children and young people with disabilities would continue to be operated by the Council.	As for option 5, plus risk of market failure/potential high cost for outsourcing. Staffing issues including TUPE. DISCOUNTED
Option 7	New build residential children's home which incorporates self-contained flats to enable young people to have a graduated transition out of care and develop independent living skills before moving on to their own accommodation This option would provide additional long term residential childcare capacity and two more independent self-contained flats within the building footprint, to allow young people to experience greater independence as they prepare to leave care.	The inclusion of self-contained flats would work well for those progressing to independence from the service, but this would perhaps be underutilised at times and there would be a degree of inflexibility with this design. SHORTLISTED
Option 8	Refurbish an existing building provide a residential school for looked after and accommodated children in Shetland Refurbish an existing building (e.g. Quarff School and school house or Janet Courtney Hostel) to provide a residential care and education facility for looked after children.	The Council is committed to inclusive mainstream education locally, so the numbers of young people who require this sort of provision are low, and consequently such a service may be underutilised leading to unsustainable operating costs.

	All other local services would continue to be operated by the Council.	DISCOUNTED
Option 9	New Build residential school for looked after and accommodated children	The numbers of young people who require this sort of provision are low, and consequently such a service
	Design and build a new residential school facility to provide residential care and education for looked after and accommodated children and young people.	may be underutilised leading to increased operating costs
	All other local services would continue to be operated by the Council.	DISCOUNTED
Option 10	New build residential school facilities for looked after and accommodated children and young people run by the independent sector.	As for option 9, plus risk of market failure
	As option 8, but the running of the facility would be outsourced to a	DISCOUNTED
	All other services would continue to be operated by the Council.	
Option 11	New build residential care service, plus refurbish an existing building to provide a residential school for those who required specialist education	Risk of under use due to low numbers of young people requiring residential school. Does not reduce the number of buildings, and may be
	A combination of options 3 and 9.	challenging to staff.
	New build residential care service plus re- furbish an existing building to provide resi- dential school for children and young people who require specialist care education.	DISCOUNTED
Option 12	Close all current facilities and outsource all children's residential care	Radical change to Shetland's approach to service needs.
	Dispose of all properties currently in use. Undertake a market facilitation exercise. Invite tenders for the provision of new, modern facilities and services to meet the projected needs of looked after children in	Currently there are no independent sector providers of residential care for children in Shetland.
	the longer term.	Risks would include market failure, high costs and workforce issues including TUPE.
		DISCOUNTED

Option 13	Develop specialist residential care services for children locally including options for secure accommodation	The numbers of individuals requiring this sort of care are so small that it has not viable in terms of recruiting
	This option could be considered alongside and in addition to any of the 12 long list options.	and retaining suitably qualified staff, or cost effective due to potential down time and diseconomies of scale.
		DISCOUNTED

1.3.2 The short list

On the basis that the preferred way forward is agreed, we recommend the following options for further, more detailed evaluation within the Outline Business Case (OBC). Consequently, the preferred option will be identified and recommended for approval within the OBC.

- Option 1 Status quo,
- Option 2 Refurbish/modernise existing facilities
- Option 3 New Build residential care facility for looked after children and young people, including learning room and bedsit, consolidating current singleton placements into a larger facility.
- Option 7 New build residential childcare facility for looked after children and young people, including learning room and up to six beds incorporating selfcontained flats to support young people to develop independent living skills and prepare for leaving care.

All options that would see local services outsourced are considered to be high risk as there are no local suppliers and therefore a risk of market failure; there are also issues of continuity and management overheads/costs.

1.3.3 The preferred way forward

On the basis of the above analysis, the preferred and recommended way forward is **Option 3 – a new build residential care facility for looked after children and young people incorporating bedsit and learning room.**

This would provide modern accommodation, supporting us to achieve our aim of providing settled, secure, and permanent places to live for looked after children quickly, and with minimum disruption in their lives.

The main benefits to stakeholders, customers/ users are as follows:

 Ability to meet the increase in needs anticipated in the short and medium term including the new statutory duties from the Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014.

- The accommodation would be flexible and responsive to peaks in demand whilst maintaining permanent and stable accommodation as the norm for those young people requiring longer term care and support
- There will be a presumption against residential placements outwith in Shetland unless specialist services which are not available on island are required e.g. for complex medical needs, secure care.
- Service provision would be retained in house ensuring continuity of service with existing residential childcare provision and reducing the risk of market failure

1.4 Commercial case

1.4.1 Procurement strategy

Subject to further analysis at FBC stage, we would envisage procuring this scheme as follows in accordance with the Government Procurement Agreement (WTO) and the EU Consolidated Public Sector Procurement Directive (2004).

- Explore partnership options with local housing providers
- Open tender process for new build care facility

1.4.2 Required services

The required products and services in relation to the preferred way forward are briefly as follows:

- New build facilities in the central Shetland, ideally in Lerwick to be near full range of support services and local amenities
- Project resources to develop detailed plans and take the scheme forward

1.4.3 Potential for risk transfer and potential payment mechanisms

There are no unusual risks to consider at this stage in the process, and the detail of potential risk transfer will be developed further and could potentially be tied down contractually within the deal when the procurements strategy is further developed during the OBC stage.

1.5 Financial case

1.5.2 Overall affordability and balance sheet implications

The proposed capital cost of the project is £870k over the 2 year construction period. The approved Asset Investment Plan 2018-2023 includes a potential project budget for Children's Supported Accommodation New Build of £670k for this project subject to approval of the Full Business Case, however revised plans indicate a higher budget of £870k will be required.

Table 3. Financial Case

				Ongoing
				per year
				from
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Capital Expenditure	0	435	435	0
Net Revenue Cost	846	1041	1041	630
Total Expenditure	846	1476	1476	630
Funded by:				
Spend to Save	0	435	435	0
Total Funding	0	435	435	0
Overall Net Total	846	1041	1041	630

The reduction in ongoing revenue costs which could be realised from the implementation of this project, indicates that it would meet the criteria for 'Spend to Save' funding. However, depending on the progress of other projects in the Asset Investment Plan, it may be advantageous to fund from other means e.g. General Capital Grant.

Once the capital project is complete, the impact on the Income and Expenditure Account will be a reduction in revenue costs for Children's Services of £411k per annum.

There will be an increase in the value of Long Term Assets on the Balance Sheet of approximately £870k.

The organisation's commissioners/ stakeholders have expressed their support as follows:

- Multi-agency stakeholder event June 2016
- Children's Services Management June 2016
- Education and Families Committee January 2017
- Education and Families Committee June 2018

1.6 Management case

1.6.1 Project management arrangements

The scheme is an integral part of the Children's Services Directorate Plan 2017-2020 which comprises a portfolio of projects for the delivery of a whole systems approach to prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities in through children's social work and social care services.

PRINCE 2 project management arrangements will be put in place to ensure the successful development of the scheme and production of the OBC.

1.6.2 Gateway reviews arrangements

A Gate 0 (strategic fit) has been undertaken on the programme in that the scheme sits within the Children's Services Directorate Plan, which has been approved by the Council.

A Gate 1 (business justification) will be undertaken on the project, in conjunction with the submission of this SOC.

1.7 Recommendation

The preferred way forward, as outlined at 1.3.3 above, is option 3 - a new build residential care facility for looked after children and young people, including learning room and bedsit, consolidating current singleton placements into a larger facility.

It is recommended that the project proceed to the Outline Business Case stage, for further detailed analysis of the possible and preferred options.

2. The Strategic Case

2.1 Introduction

This Strategic Outline Case (SOC) is for investment of £870k on a new build residential childcare service to meet the needs of looked after children.

The aim is to ensure a sustainable model for the provision of services in Shetland for looked after children who require residential childcare. The main benefits are to relinquish smaller properties leased from the Council's housing stock for the provision of single placements, and replace with a larger service, reducing unit costs and reducing reliance on out of authority placements.

The strategic outline case has been prepared using the agreed standards and format for business cases, which is a Five Case Model comprising the following key elements:

- The **strategic case** section. This sets out the strategic context and the case for change, together with supporting investment objectives.
- The **economic case** section. This demonstrates that the organisation has selected a preferred way forward, which best meets the existing and future needs of the service and is likely to optimise value for money (VFM)
- The **commercial case** section. This outlines what any potential deal might look like.
- The **financial case** section. This highlights the likely funding and affordability issues and the potential balance sheet treatment of the scheme.
- The **management case** section. This demonstrates that the scheme is achievable and can be successfully delivered in accordance with accepted best practice.

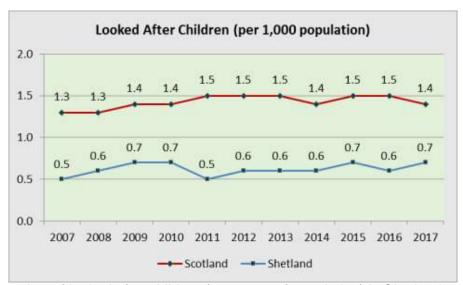
Part A: The strategic context

2.2 Organisational overview

Under the Children (Scotland) Act 1995, the Council has responsibility for the provision of services to 'looked after children.' A child or young person may be looked after at home, or away from home in a kinship care, foster care, or residential childcare setting, and it is the responsibility of the Social Work service to determine which placement will best meet the needs of each 'Looked After Child' (LAC) or young person.

The Council currently has capacity to provide eight residential childcare placements in Shetland, and we commission additional placements on mainland Scotland through the Scotland Excel framework for Residential Childcare.

Shetland's numbers of looked after and accommodated children has remained fairly consistent over the last ten years. This data is reported annually to the Scottish Government – see below graphs:

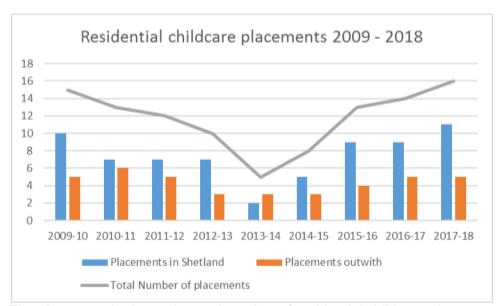


Total number of looked after children (per 1,000 of population) in Shetland and Scotland (snapshot taken on 31 July each year)



Total number of children accommodated in residential care settings

Note – these figures are based on a snapshot taken on 31st July of each year, and does not represent all the children and young people who may be placed in a residential care setting during any given year. See graph below for the total number of residential placements over the same period.



The above graph shows the total number of residential childcare placements provided from 2009-10 until 2017-18, including short term/emergency care. The graph includes a breakdown of placements within and outwith Shetland.

The numbers of young people accommodated in residential care has increased since 2013-14, and we anticipate that this increase in demand will continue in the short to medium term following the implementation of the Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014, in particular the Continuing Care duty, which gives young people the right to remain in their care placement until the age of 21.

The numbers of secure placements commissioned by the Council are included in the figures above, so the table below is included to show the actual number of secure placements commissioned each year:

Table 4. Number of Secure Placements commissioned by Shetland Islands Council

Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
No. Secure	n	n	1	1	1	n	1	n	n	n	n	1
Placements	U	0			_	U		0	U	U	U	

The need for secure care is infrequent. There are only four providers of secure care in Scotland, and it may therefore be necessary to commission placements outwith Shetland where a young person requires this type of specialist support. However, increasing quality residential childcare capacity locally, may mitigate against the need for secure care in the future.

In the longer term, our work in relation to prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities will focus on working with families so that the number of children and young people in the care system is reduced. In the meantime, however, existing residential care provision will be insufficient to meet the level of need anticipated.

2.3 Business strategies

The Children's Resources Service plan highlights a lack of capacity in the current residential childcare provision in Shetland, which was a finding of the Joint Inspection of Children's Services carried out by the Care Inspectorate in 2015.

The Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014 introduced the concept of 'Continuing Care' into legislation, giving young people a statutory right to remain in their placement until the age of 21. This has been viewed as good practice nationally, and locally, for a number of years, but places increased pressure on the small number of placements we have available locally. The act also places a duty on local authorities to provide Aftercare services for young people leaving care, until their 26th birthday.

This project links to the following corporate priorities:

Children and young people in need of care and support from the Council is a priority theme in the Council's Corporate Plan, "Our Plan 2016-2020".

Support and protection for vulnerable people of all ages are priorities in the **Shetland Partner-ship Plan**. The Shetland Partnership Plan has a key focus on prevention, early intervention and tackling inequalities.

Shetland's **Strategic Housing Investment Plan** (SHIP) identifies the need for more affordable/social housing and this is a priority in Our Plan 2016-2020 and in the LOIP. A target outcome from the **Children's Services Directorate Plan** is that: "We have improved the life chances for children, young people and families at risk".

The target outcomes of the **Children's Resources Service** are to strengthen families and improve capacity within families to care for children and young people and where this is not possible, as corporate parent, to provide high quality nurturing out of family care and support.

2.4. Other organisational strategies

There are a number of linked projects and strategies, which address the need to develop and strengthen preventative services and other options for looked after children, including:

- Foster Care Recruitment Strategy
- Emotional Wellbeing and Resilience 'Spend to Save' project
- Anchor Early Action and Systems Change Project

Strengthening our approach to early intervention will support our overall aim to reduce the need for young people to be accommodated away from home.

Part B: The case for change

The current residential childcare provision is delivered from:

- Grodians, which is a three bed service in Lerwick
- Windybrae, which is a three bed service in Dunrossness
- Lochside, which is a single placement for one young person in Lerwick, and
- Brae, another single placement supporting one young person.

The table below shows the actual spend for the provision of local residential childcare services over the past 10 years:

Table 5. Actual Spend on Residential Childcare (provided by SIC)

Employee Costs	2009/ '10	2010/ '11	2011/ '12	2012/ '13	2013/ '14	2014/ '15	2015/ '16	2016/ '17	2017/ '18	2018/ '19	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Employee Costs	641	766	895	921	789	763	785	1008	1097	1321	8,986
Operating Costs	166	180	133	153	101	141	212	353	231	228	1,898
Total	807	946	1,028	1,074	890	904	997	1,361	1,328	1,549	10,884

Since 2007, the Council has consistently used out of authority placements to meet need for residential childcare, including spend on specialist services such as secure care. The annual spend is summarised in the table below.

Table 6. Spend on out of authority placements 2007-2018

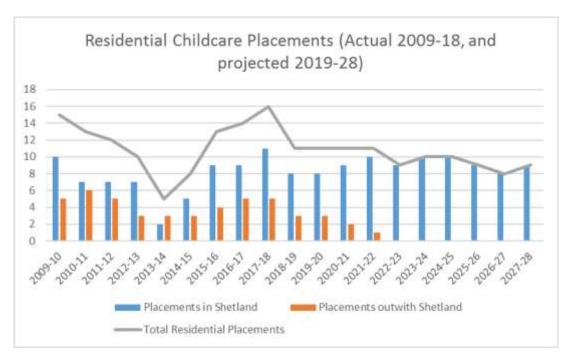
Year	Total Spend on Out of Authority Placements £'000	Comments
2007-08	306	
2008=09	449	
2009-10	817	Includes: Travel £31k
2010-11	956	Includes: Travel £23k
2011-12	510	Includes: Travel £12k
2012-13	481	Includes: Travel £22k
2013-14	486	Includes: Travel £26k
2014-15	550	Includes: Travel £21k
2015-16	506	Includes: Travel £24k
2016-17	520	Includes: Travel £23k
2017-18	775	Includes Travel £32k

The above does not account for the cost of staff time travelling to the mainland to support these young people, as Social Workers and Reviewing Officers must visit to conduct regular reviews of the care and support provided. From 01 April – 31 August 2018, including time spend travelling, this equated to 26 working days.

The graph bellow shows the number of residential childcare placements over the last ten years, and gives a prediction of the number of placements required over the next 10 years. These projections are built on a number of assumptions, including:

• By 2022, we will have additional residential childcare capacity in Shetland to meet need, reducing our use of out of authority placements to zero by 2022.

• Early intervention and prevention will be well established by 2023-24, which will counteract an anticipated increase in demand for residential childcare placements



On the basis of this analysis, the potential scope for the scheme is as follows:

- To increase capacity in Shetland to provide residential childcare
- To consolidate our existing single placements services into a larger service, reducing the unit cost of current provision
- By operating from three units, we will have greater flexibility in our on-island residential childcare services to match young people into homely settings suited to their individual needs
- We will reduce reliance on out of authority placements where needs could be met in Shetland, and off island provision will only be required where specialist input, such as secure care, is required

2.5 Investment objectives

The investment objectives for this project are as follows:

- IO1 We will reduce the number of buildings we currently occupy by consolidating single placement services into one larger service by 2021
- IO2 We will reduce the unit cost of delivering residential childcare placements
- IO3 By increasing capacity of in local residential childcare, the service will have greater flexibility to meet the needs of young people in Shetland
- IO4 Modern, energy efficient building, which supports the Council in reducing its carbon emissions
- IO5 Future proof the service for change in demand/need

2.6 Existing arrangements

This section describes the existing situation with regard to the investment – the status quo. The existing arrangements are as follows:

Shetland currently has provision for up to eight residential childcare placements across four buildings, including two buildings providing single placements for young people.

The authority also commissions places on the Scottish mainland through the Scotland Excel framework for residential childcare on an ad hoc basis. There are currently two young people in such placements on the Scottish mainland. The Council also commissions specialist provision for young people such as secure care, where necessary, on the Scottish mainland.

2.7 Business needs

The Council has insufficient residential childcare capacity to meet the needs of young people who require this provision. The Council has therefore been reliant on commissioning out of authority placements to meet need, with spend consistently above £480k per annum over the last 10 years (see table 6).

The Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014 introduced the concept of 'Continuing Care' into legislation, giving young people a statutory right to remain in their placement until the age of 21. This has been viewed as good practice nationally, and locally, for a number of years, but the new duty places increased pressure on the small number of placements we have available locally. It is therefore necessary to grow the number of placements available locally.

It is proposed that the Council consolidate our smaller residential services (currently provided in Brae and Lochside) into one larger 4 or 5 bed facility that would provide sufficient capacity to meet current demand for placements within Shetland. This makes best use of our current staffing and will result in an overall reduction in revenue spend on residential childcare.

It is important to note, however, that the Council may still be reliant on out of authority placements for specialist services, such as secure care, or specialist medical care (in conjunction with NHS).

2.8 Potential business scope and key service requirements

This section describes the potential business scope and key service requirements for the project in relation to the above business needs.

The scope for this project is to address the shortage of residential childcare placements for Looked After Children (LAC) who require this provision, as assessed by Social Work. Some LAC young people may also be placed in foster care, however those other types of provision are not within the scope of this project.

The Council also provides residential childcare for children and young people who have complex additional support needs (e.g. learning and physical disabilities or autism). The legislative context for the provision of these services is different, and as such is not within the scope of this project.

Key service requirements:

The project needs to ensure:

- We have capacity to meet the needs of young people now and into the future
- Needs to be within a reasonable distance of Lerwick

 Needs to have space to allow young people to develop their independent living skills (e.g. a bedsit to allow more autonomy from care staff for those in Continuing Care placements)

The options within these ranges are considered within the economic case.

Minimum scope

Provide an additional residential childcare facility in Shetland

Intermediate Scope

A residential children's home which incorporates a learning room for young people who cannot attend mainstream education, and a bedsit to support young people prepare for independent living

Maximum Scope

A residential school and provision of additional residential care capacity in Shetland, and incorporates supported accommodation to support young people leaving care.

2.9 Main benefits criteria

This section describes the main outcomes and benefits associated with the implementation of the potential scope in relation to business needs.

The main benefits of placing children locally include that they maintain some continuity in their lives. This would enable them to continue attending the same school, and to maintain contact with their wider support network of family, friends, clubs etc.

Local placements would also ensure better use of social worker time and reduce spend on travel.

2.10 Main risks

The main business and service risks associated with the potential scope for this project are shown below, together with their counter measures.

Table 7: Risks and Counter Measures

Main Risk	Counter Measures
Design	Look at best practice models in other areas to inform the design of a new build service Ensure we recruit an architect who has designed this sort of building before. Alternatively we could base the local design on a similar service elsewhere.
Development	The detailed specification for the build will be developed during the OBC and FBC stages. This work will be done internally within the Council, and there is sufficient knowledge, skills and capacity to deliver the requirements for this project.

Operational risks • supplier

- availability
- performance
- operating cost
- project management

The Council has adopted the PRINCE2 project management methodology, which will be utilised to run the project.

Once completed, the overall operating costs for residential childcare should reduce, however there is a risk that we may require specialist placements which are not covered in this scheme and the costs would need to be met within existing budgets.

The directorate is underway with projects to strengthen our approaches to early action and preventative work, which should mitigate against these risks in the longer term, and ultimately reduce demand for long term residential childcare.

2.11 Constraints

The project is subject to the following constraints:

The project must be completed as soon as possible to ensure the Council has sufficient resources on island to prevent the continued use of out of authority placements.

We need to ensure the Council has sufficient resources internally to design and build the project

2.12 Dependencies

The project is subject to the following dependencies that will be carefully monitored and managed throughout the lifespan of the scheme.

- Decommissioning of properties at Brae and Lochside to release staff to run the new service, and result in more efficient operation of the service.
- Staffing is a risk, and we need to ensure that we have sufficient numbers of trained staff.
 The Scottish Social Services Council has indicated that the qualification requirement for residential care staff may change, and we must also factor this in to workforce planning.
- The Scottish Government is underway with a review of the care system, and we must therefore be cognisant of any learning from the review as it progresses.

3. The Economic Case

3.1 Introduction

In accordance with the Capital Investment Manual and requirements of HM Treasury's Green Book (A Guide to Investment Appraisal in the Public Sector), this section of the SOC documents the wide range of options that have been considered in response to the potential scope identified within the strategic case.

3.2 Critical Success Factors (CSFs)

The key CSFs for the project were initially developed following a stakeholder workshop held in June 2016, and were subsequently reviewed by the project team who developed this strategic outline case in September 2018.

- **CSF1** The Council is able to accommodate increase in demand for residential care services arising from legislative change, ensuring we provide sufficient residential childcare capacity in Shetland for all young people who require this provision now, and in the future
- CSF2 The project will reduce the overall revenue spend on the provision of residential
 childcare services, by reducing our reliance on expensive out of authority placements
 (excluding some specialist provision, which used infrequently and will continue to be
 commissioned when required)
- CSF3 Must be aligned with the Council's objectives as set out in Our Plan, in particular:
 - "We will have prioritised spending on building and maintaining assets and be clear on the whole-of life costs of those activities, to make sure funding is being targeted in the best way to help achieve the outcomes set out in this plan and the community plan"; and,
 - "More money will be going towards 'spend to save' initiatives, providing resources to fund innovative ways of working that save money but help us achieve our desired outcomes".
- **CSF4** The project supports the Council in delivering its Corporate Parenting aspirations by providing a modern homely environment to meet the needs of our young people

These CSFs have been used alongside the investment objectives for the project to evaluate the long list of possible options.

3.3 The long-listed options

The long list of options was generated by the workshop and project team in accordance with best practice contained in the Capital Investment Manual.

Table 8. Long List of Options

	Long List Option	Reason not to Progress
Option 1	Do nothing	
	The Council retains and operates all the existing properties used for residential childcare in Shetland and purchases additional places outwith Shetland as required to meet increasing numbers, and to meet specialist	The do nothing option is required to be considered further by the Building Better Business Cases methodology adopted by the Council.

Option 2	requirements e.g. secure accommodation. Building maintenance would be the minimum required to meet standards required for residential care. Modernise/Refurbish all current facilities	This option would mean continuing the current arrangement of commissioning additional residential child-care places on the Scottish mainland which is not the best value option for the Council. SHORTLISTED
	As Option 1 however, all facilities would be improved through a comprehensive programme of refurbishment, adaptation and expansion where possible to create additional places.	This would result in disruption to existing services, and there are limitations in what could be achieved within the existing buildings, so cannot provide sufficient capacity to meet demand.
0.1:	N B 31 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1	SHORTLISTED
Option 3	New Build residential care facility for looked after children and young people Build a new facility to meet the placement needs of children at risk of harm/neglect. Retain and refurbish all other children's residential care provision locally for looked after children. All local services continue to	Some off island places may be needed for peaks in demand, and for specialist care (e.g. secure care) which are not provided locally due to the low numbers of individuals requiring this type of care.
	be operated by the Council.	SHORTLISTED
Option 4	New Build residential care facility for children and young people operated by the independent sector As Option 3 however, the new service would be outsourced. All other local services would continue to be	High employment in the local labour market mean an outsourced service would need to be competitive with the Council's existing services in order to attract staff, and it is unlikely this option would be cost effective.
	operated by the Council.	DISCOUNTED
Option 5	New Build residential care facility for children and young people and general needs housing allocations for longer term/permanent placements	Not dissimilar to the current model although there would be no dedicated housing provision for looked after children as such.
	Build a new facility to meet the placement needs of looked after children requiring short term or emergency care.	This option would be challenging for housing allocations systems in terms of the priority that would be needed for this client group.
	Develop a housing allocations programme to use existing and new housing stock as required to meet the need for longer term and potentially permanent accommodation options for vulnerable children and young	The short term care aspect of this proposal is not in keeping with Continuing Care statutory guidance, and best practice guidance in securing

	people. Retain and refurbish other children's residential care provision locally where this can fit with the new model and dispose of other properties. All local services continue to be operated by the Council.	permanency and minimising placement moves for young people. DISCOUNTED
Option 6	New Build Short Stay residential care facility for children and young people and general needs housing allocations for longer term/permanent placements. Support/care services provided by the independent sector As Option 5 however, the care and support services in the new service model would be outsourced. All local services for children and young people with disabilities would continue to be operated by the Council.	As for option 5, plus risk of market failure/potential high cost for outsourcing. Staffing issues including TUPE. DISCOUNTED
Option 7	New build residential children's home which incorporates self-contained flats to enable young people to have a graduated transition out of care and develop independent living skills before moving on to their own accommodation This option would provide additional long term residential childcare capacity and two more independent self-contained flats within the building footprint, to allow young people to experience greater independence as they prepare to leave care.	The inclusion of self-contained flats would work well for those progressing to independence from the service, but this would perhaps be underutilised at times and there would be a degree of inflexibility with this design. SHORTLISTED
Option 8	Refurbish an existing building provide a residential school for looked after and accommodated children in Shetland Refurbish an existing building (e.g. Quarff School and school house or Janet Courtney Hostel) to provide a residential care and education facility for looked after children. All other local services would continue to be operated by the Council.	The Council is committed to inclusive mainstream education locally, so the numbers of young people who require this sort of provision are low, and consequently such a service may be underutilised leading to unsustainable operating costs. DISCOUNTED
Option 9	New Build residential school for looked after and accommodated children Design and build a new residential school facility to provide residential care and edu-	The numbers of young people who require this sort of provision are low, and consequently such a service may be underutilised leading to increased operating costs

	cation for looked after and accommodated children and young people.	
	All other local services would continue to be operated by the Council.	DISCOUNTED
Option 10	New build residential school facilities for looked after and accommodated children and young people run by the independent sector.	As for option 9, plus risk of market failure
	As option 8, but the running of the facility would be outsourced to a	DISCOUNTED
	All other services would continue to be operated by the Council.	
Option 11	New build residential care service, plus refurbish an existing building to provide a residential school for those who required specialist education	Risk of under use due to low numbers of young people requiring residential school. Does not reduce the number of buildings, and may be
	A combination of options 3 and 9. New build residential care service plus refurbish an existing building to provide residential school for children and young people	challenging to staff. DISCOUNTED
0 " 10	who require specialist care education.	
Option 12	Close all current facilities and outsource all children's residential care Dispose of all properties currently in use. Undertake a market facilitation exercise. Invite tenders for the provision of new, modern facilities and services to meet the projected needs of looked after children in the longer term.	Radical change to Shetland's approach to service needs. Currently there are no independent sector providers of residential care for children in Shetland. Risks would include market failure, high costs and workforce issues including TUPE.
		DISCOUNTED
Option 13	Develop specialist residential care services for children locally including options for secure accommodation This option could be considered alongside and in addition to any of the 12 long list options.	The numbers of individuals requiring this sort of care are so small that it has not viable in terms of recruiting and retaining suitably qualified staff, or cost effective due to potential down time and diseconomies of
	แบบอ.	scale.

	DISCOUNTED
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The evaluation was undertaken in accordance with how well each option met the investment objectives and CSFs.

3.4 Analysis of Shortlisted Options

3.4.1 Introduction

In accordance with the Treasury Green Book and Capital Investment Manual, the status quo has been considered as a benchmark for potential VFM.

An infinite number of options and permutations are possible; however, within the broad scope outlined in the strategic case the following options have been shortlisted for detailed consideration:

- Option 1 status quo. The Council continues to operate its existing services, and use external providers to provide additional services on an ad hoc basis.
- Option 2 Some improvements. Existing buildings are refurbished and modernised, and we seek to create additional capacity within the existing building footprint.
- Option 3 Intermediate improvement. New build residential children's home, providing 4 or 5 additional beds, incorporating a bedsit to support young people developing independent living skills within the residential setting as they prepare for adulthood.
- Option 7 Maximum improvement. New build residential children's home, providing six additional beds, incorporating self-contained flats for young people preparing for independent living.

Option 1: status quo

Description:

This option maintains the status quo, which means we continue to provide some residential childcare placements in Shetland, and commission any additional placements on the Scottish mainland using via the Scotland Excel framework for Residential Childcare. This option is required by the Building Better Business cases framework, and determines value for money (VFM)

Advantages:

This option describes the current situation, so there are no additional benefits which arise from this option.

Disadvantages:

This option does not support the investment objectives and critical success factors for the project. The cost of operating the current model could be reduced if the Council consolidated single placement services in one larger service. The consistent use of out of authority placements over the last 10 years are higher than providing residential childcare 'in house.'

Option 2: do minimum - marginal improvements.

Description:

This option suggests refurbishing existing buildings and seeking to create additional capacity within the existing buildings.

Advantages:

This would result in improvements to the environment within our existing buildings, and may create some additional capacity within the constraints of the existing footprint.

Disadvantages:

There is limited work that could be done to create capacity, and any proposal would have to be approved by the Care Inspectorate, as all services are registered with them and must comply with their standards. This option does not make best use of our staffing resources, nor does it effectively address the high unit costs of single placements.

Option 3: intermediate scope for improvements

Description

This option proposes a purpose built facility increasing residential capacity, and disposing of single placement services by consolidating them into one larger service which makes more efficient use of staffing. The design of the new build would include a bedsit to allow young people who are preparing to leave care, to begin developing their independent living skills within the residential setting before moving on.

Advantages

This option would reduce the unit cost of residential childcare, and would provide additional capacity in Shetland, reducing reliance on out of authority placements. The inclusion of a bedsit environment is in line with the Continuing Care duty.

Disadvantages

If our approach to early intervention is not effective, we could create additional on island capacity, as we do currently. The main disadvantages are that there may still be a need to commission some placements (e.g. secure care) on the Scottish mainland, however improvements in early intervention and prevention and the provision of more responsive, quality residential care provision in Shetland, will mitigate against this risk.

Option 7: maximum scope for improvements

Description

This option provides increased residential childcare capacity and the scheme would include self-contained flats within the overall building footprint, allowing young people who are preparing to leave care to begin developing their skills and preparing for adulthood before moving on.

Advantages

This option provides additional residential capacity and is in keeping with the Continuing Care duty.

Disadvantages

The provision of self-contained flats within the accommodation would reduce the flexibility of the space, and may lead to it being underutilised. There may be challenges in staffing larger service like this, and there may also be difficulties in matching young people who could live together in such a scheme. A building of this size would need to be carefully designed to ensure if retains a homely feel, and does not feel like and institutional environment.

3.4.2 Funding Options

The project will be publically funded.

3.5 Overall conclusion: Shortlisted options

The table below summarises the assessment of each option against the investment objectives and CSFs. These shortlisted options will be carried forward to the outline business case stage, and more detailed analysis carried out to assess the suitability of each option.

Table 9: Summary Assessment of Shortlisted Options

Shortlisted option:	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 7
Investment objectives				
IO1	X	Х	✓	✓
IO2	X	X	✓	X
IO3	X	✓	✓	X
IO4	X	Х	✓	✓
IO5	X	Х	✓	✓
Critical success				
factors				
CSF1	X	✓	✓	✓
CSF3	X	Х	✓	X
CSF3	X	Х	✓	✓
CSF4	✓	✓	✓	X
Summary	(Discounted)	(Discounted)	Preferred	Possible

4. The Commercial Case

4.1 Introduction

This section of the SOC outlines the proposed deal in relation to the preferred option, as outlined in the economic case. The commercial case will be considered in detail at the Full Business Case stage.

The Council has the option to procure this from Hjaltland Housing Association, as part of an ongoing development. If this option is not pursued, or is no longer available, the Council will need to identify its own site and the project timeline will need to factor in additional time for this.

4.2 Required services

This is a relatively straightforward domestic scale building project, and the services required are readily available locally.

4.3 Potential for risk transfer

There are no unusual risks to consider. A detailed analysis of risk transfer will be undertaken at the FBC stage.

4.4 Proposed contract lengths

It is anticipated that the project will commence during 2019-20 and conclude during 2020-21. The detail of this will be developed during the FBC stage.

4.5 Procurement strategy and implementation timescales

Subject to agreement of the SOC, it is anticipated that the implementation milestones to be agreed for the scheme with the service provider. It is anticipated that the build will commence during 2019-20, and the project will be completed during 2020-21.

4.6 FRS 5 accountancy treatment

The preferred option detailed above would result in the completed asset being held on the Council's Balance Sheet as a non-current asset under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 16 – Property, Plant & Equipment and International Public Sector Accounting Standards Board (IPSAS) 17 – Property, Plant & Equipment.

5.0 The Financial Case

5.1 Introduction

The financial implications of the preferred option are as follows:

Table 10. Financial Case

				Ongoing
				per year
				from
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Capital Expenditure	0	435	435	0
Net Revenue Cost	846	1041	1041	630
Total Expenditure	846	1476	1476	630
Funded by:				
Spend to Save	0	435	435	0
Total Funding	0	435	435	0
Overall Net Total	846	1041	1041	630

5.2 Revenue Implications

The revenue savings which would be realised are due to:

- ending the requirement for costly out of authority placements (except where specialist services were required e.g. secure accommodation);
- ending the requirement for costly singleton placements;
- efficient use of staff in a fit for purpose building;
- efficiencies in relation to energy and other property costs of a new fit for purpose building;
- More efficient use of Social Worker time due to not having to travel to the mainland to support young people being accommodated out of authority.

5.3 Capital Implications and Cost Breakdown

It is anticipated that the overall project cost will be £870k, currently there is a proposed project budget in the Asset Investment Plan of £670k.

It is likely that the works will be done over a 2-year period with £435k spent in each year. A detailed analysis of the capital implications and cost breakdown will be provided in the Full Business Case.

5.5 Balance Sheet Implications

There will be an increase in the value of Long Term Assets of approximately £870k on the Council's Balance Sheet.

5.6 Overall Affordability

The proposed capital cost of the project is £870k over the 2-year construction period. The approved Asset Investment Plan 2018-2023 includes a potential project budget for Children's Supported Accommodation New Build of £670k for this project subject to approval of the Full Business Case, however revised plans indicate a higher budget of £870k will be required.

The reduction in ongoing revenue costs which could be realised from the implementation of this project, indicates that it would meet the criteria for 'Spend to Save' funding. However, depending on the progress of other projects in the Asset Investment Plan, it may be advantageous to fund from other means e.g. General Capital Grant.

Once the capital project is complete, the impact on the Income and Expenditure Account will be a reduction in revenue costs for Children's Services of £411k per annum.

6. The Management Case

6.1 Introduction

This section of the SOC addresses the 'achievability' of the scheme. Its purpose is to set out the actions that will be required to ensure the successful delivery of the scheme in accordance with best practice.

6.2 Programme management arrangements

The scheme is an integral part of the Children's Resources service plan and Children's Services Directorate Plan, which comprises a portfolio of projects for the delivery of services for Shetland's vulnerable children, young people and their families.

6.3 Project management arrangements

The project will be managed in accordance with PRINCE 2 methodology, which has been adopted by the Council.

6.3.1 Outline project reporting structure

The Senior Responsible Owner for the project is the Director of Children's Services. A project team will be established to develop the outline and full business cases.

6.3.2 Outline project plan

Table 11: Milestones

Milestone activity	Week no.	
Final draft of SOC to be completed	By End November 2018	
Present to Education and Families and Policy and	By 18 December 2018	
Resources committees		
Development of FBC	By End February 2019	

6.4 Gateway review arrangements

A Gate 0 (strategic fit) has been undertaken on the programme in that the scheme sits within the Children's Services Directorate Plan, which has been approved by the Council.

A Gate 1 (business justification) will be undertaken on the project, in conjunction with the submission of this SOC.

Signed: Date:

Senior Responsible Owner Project Team

Shetland Islands Council

Agenda Item

15

Meeting(s):	Policy and Resources Committee	19 December 2018
Report Title:	Policy and Resources Committee Business Pro	ogramme – 2018/19
Reference Number:	CRP-25-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Christine Ferguson, Director Corporate Service	es

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

That the Policy and Resources Committee:

- 1.1 CONSIDERS the business planned for Policy and Resources Committee in the financial year 2018/19;
- 1.2 ADVISES the Director of Corporate Services of any changes required including new items where the timescale will be confirmed at a later date.

2.0 High Level Summary:

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to facilitate discussion of the Business Programme of the Committee for the remaining quarter of the financial year 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019 including items where the date is still to be determined.
- 2.2 The Business Programme 2018/19 will be presented to Policy and Resources Committee at least quarterly to ensure that it is kept up to date incorporating new items as work programmes across the Council are taken forward. The expectation is that over the next three years, reports requiring decisions with regard to the Council's Service Redesign and Business Transformation Programmes will be a regular feature.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 Our Plan 2016, in its 20 by 20 states that:-

"High standards of governance, that is, the rules on how we are governed, will mean that the Council is operating effectively and the decisions we take are based on evidence and supported by effective assessments of options and potential effects".

Maintaining a Business Programme for each Committee/Board of the Council contributes to an effective governance framework for the Council.

4.0 Key Issues:

4.1 The Council approved the schedule of meetings for 2018/19 at its meeting on 13 December 2017 (Min Ref: 85/17) and it was agreed that the Business Programmes for each Committee/Board would normally be presented to the Planning and

Performance Management Framework (PPMF) meetings for discussion and approval.

- 4.2 The manner in which meetings have been scheduled is described below:
 - Ordinary meetings have been scheduled, although some have no scheduled business at this stage. Where there is still no scheduled business within two weeks of the meeting, the meeting will be cancelled;
 - Special meetings may be called on specific dates for some items and other agenda items can be added, if time permits;
 - PPMF meetings have been called for all Committees and for the Council once per quarter. These meetings are time restricted, with a specific focus on PPMF therefore no other business will be included on those agendas unless under exceptional circumstances;
 - Budget setting meetings for Committees, including Policy and Resources Committee, will normally only include those reports required in order to present the budget proposals for recommendation to the Council for final approval. Other agenda items can be added, if time permits, or if required as part of the budget setting process; and
 - The date, time, venue and location of any meeting may be changed, or special meetings added if required through consultation with the Chair, relevant Members, the Lead Officer for the Committee and the Chief Executive.
- 4.3 Policy and Resources Committee agreed on 30 April 2018 (Min Ref.: P&R 38/18) that the Business Programme for each Committee/Board will normally be prepared by the Lead Officer for the Committee, in consultation with the Chair and Committee Services.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

5.1 None

6.0 Implications:	
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	The Business Plan provides the community and other stakeholders with important information regarding the planned business for the coming year. The Business Programme complements the Council's Corporate and Directorate Plans and the Shetland Partnership Plan.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	None arising directly from this report. Any implications for staff arising from individual reports in the Business Programme will be addressed through the work on those reports.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	None arising directly from this report. Any implications in this regard arising from individual reports in the Business Programme will be addressed through the work on those reports.

6.4 Legal:	The Business Programme supports the governance framework of the Council which is underpinned by statute.
6.5 Finance:	None arising directly from this report. Any financial implications arising from individual reports in the Business Programme will be addressed through the work on those reports. Ensuring the budget setting and PPMF meetings are scheduled well in advance should help Members to keep these dates/times clear in their diaries so that they are able to contribute to financial decision making and quarterly budget monitoring.
6.6 Assets and Property:	None arising directly from this report. Any implications in this regard arising from individual reports in the Business Programme will be addressed through the work on those reports. An update on the Asset Investment Programme will be presented to each PPMF meeting.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	None arising directly from this report. Any implications in this regard arising from individual reports in the Business Programme will be addressed through the work on those reports. The Council's ICT Strategy will be presented annually to Policy and Resources Committee for approval.
6.8 Environmental:	None arising directly from this report. Any implications in this regard arising from individual reports in the Business Programme will be addressed through the work on those reports.
6.9 Risk Management:	The risks associated with setting the Business Programme are around the challenges for officers meeting the timescales required, and any part of the business programme slipping and causing reputational damage to the Council. Equally, not applying the Business Programme would result in decision making being unplanned and haphazard; aligning the Council's Business Programmes with the objectives and actions contained in its corporate plans could mitigate against those risks.
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	Maintaining a Business Programme ensures the effectiveness of the Council's PPMF. The Business Programme supports each Committee's role, as set out in paragraph 2.3 of the Council's Scheme of Administration and Delegations.
Previously considered by:	The last Business Programme was presented to this Committee on 28 August 2018 (Min. Ref. P&R 73/18).

Contact Details:

Christine Ferguson, Director Corporate Services

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10 December 2018

Appendices:

Appendix 1 – Policy and Resources Committee Meeting Dates and Business Programme 2018/19

Background Documents:

None



Quarter	Date / Type of Meeting	Agenda Item	Notes
Quarter 1	30 April 2018 Ordinary 10am	Asset Investment Plan Business Cases	
1 April 2018 To 30 June 2018		Local Government Benchmarking Framework	
		Access for Wheelchair Users to Taxis and Private Hire Cars	
		Sullom Voe Harbour Area – Development Planning	
		Approval of Local Fire Plan 2018/2019	
		Policy and Resources Committee Business Programme 2018/19	
		Restructuring of Building Standards Business Support (EXEMPT)	
	22 May 2018	Corporate and Chief Executive Services Departments - Performance Overview 2017/18 Quarter 4 / EOY	
	PPMF 2017/18 Q4	Management Accounts for Community Health and Social Care Directorate 2017/18 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 4 / EOY	
	10am	Management Accounts for Policy and Resources Committee 2017/18 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 4 / EOY	
		Overall SIC Management Accounts 2017/18– Projected Outturn at Quarter 4 / EOY	
		Effective and Sustainable Tertiary Education, Research and Training in Project Strategic Outline Case (SOC)	
		Business Transformation Programme – Update Report	
		Service Redesign Programme – Update Report	
		EA164 Audit Scotland – Local Government in Scotland: Challenges and performance 2016	
		Policy and Resources Committee Business Programme 2018/19	
		Corporate Risk Register	
		Confidential Corporate Risk Register (EXEMPT)	
Quarter 1	18 June 2018	Customer First Strategy and Charter	
1 April 2018 to	Ordinary 10am	Business Transformation Programme Phase 2	
30 June 2018		Review of Policy on the Disclosure of Criminal Record Information	
		Review of Mental Health & Wellbeing Policy	
		Expansion of Early Learning and Childcare – Service Delivery Plan – Staffing Implications	
		Managing Exclusions in Shetland Schools Policy	
		Anti-Bullying in Shetland Schools Policy	



Quarter	Date / Type of Meeting	Agenda Item	Notes
		Review of School Transport Policy 2018	
		Audit Scotland Report on Edinburgh Schools	
		Asset Investment Plan – Business Case – Multratug 30	
		Irrecoverable Debt	
		Business Justifications: Employability and Poverty and Social Inclusion Services (EXEMPT)	
Quarter 2	28 August 2018	Corporate and Chief Executive Services Departments – Performance Overview 2018/19 Quarter 1	
1 July 2018	PPMF	Management Accounts for Community Health and Social Care Directorate	
to 30 Sept 2018	2018/19 Q1 10am	2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 1	
30 Sept 2018	Toani	Management Accounts for Policy and Resources Committee 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 1	
		SIC Overall Management Accounts 2018/19–	
		Projected Outturn at Quarter 1	
		Council Investments Review for Quarter to June 2018	
		Audit Scotland Good Practice Note: The Expenditure and Funding Analysis	
		Asset Investment Plan – Progress Report 2018/19 – Quarter 1	
		Risk Management Strategy – Implementation Update Report	
		Business Transformation Programme – Update Report	
		Service Redesign Programme – Update Report	
		Promoting Shetland as a Location for Large-Scale Events	
		Policy and Resources Business Programme 2018/19	
		Corporate Risk Register	
		Confidential Corporate Risk Register (EXEMPT)	
		Corporate Services Restructure (EXEMPT)	
Quarter 3	8 October 2018	British Sign Language Local Plan 2018-2024	
1 Oct 2018 to	Ordinary 10am	Annual Health and Safety Report 2017/18	
31 Dec 2018		Revised Equality and Diversity Policy	
		Revised Flexible Working Policy	
		Career Break Policy	



Policy and Resources Committee - Meeting Dates and Business Programme 2018/19 as at Tuesday, 11 December 2018

Qua	arter	Date / Type of Meeting	Agenda Item	Notes
			1	1
			Shetland Islands Health and Social Care Partnership:	
			Joint Strategic Commissioning Plan, Refresh 2018-2021	
			Road Safety Inspection and Defect Categorisation Policy	
			Addendum to School Transport Policy 2018	
			Economic Development Strategy 2018-2022	
			Lerwick Library Refurbishment – Project Update	
		11 December 2018 Special 10am	Effective and Sustainable Tertiary Education, Research and Training in Shetland Project – Full Business Case	
			Chair's Ponort - Environment and Transport Committee	
		19 December 2018	Chair's Report – Environment and Transport Committee Management Accounts for Environment and Transport Committee	
		PPMF	2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	
		2018/19 Q2	Corporate and Chief Executive Services Departments –	
		10am	Performance Overview 2018/19 Quarter 2	
			Management Accounts for Policy and Resources Committee 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	
			Management Accounts for Community Health and Social Care Directorate 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	
			Overall SIC Management Accounts 2018/19– Projected Outturn at Quarter 2	
			Council Investments Review 2018/19 – Quarter 2	
			Asset Investment Plan – Progress Report 2018/19 – Quarter 2	
			Asset Investment Plan – Business Case: ICT Virtual Infrastructure	
			Asset Investment Plan – Business Case: Children's Resources, Residential Childcare for Looked After Children	
			Business Transformation Programme – Update Report	
			Service Redesign Programme – Update Report	
			External Audit Annual Report 2017/18 – Update on Recommendations	
			Risk Assessments Update	
			Active Shetland Strategy	
			Corporate Risk Register	
			Policy and Resources Committee Business Programme 2018/19	

Policy and Resources Committee - Meeting Dates and Business Programme 2018/19 as at Tuesday, 11 December 2018

Quarter	Date / Type of Meeting	Agenda Item	Notes
_			
		Asset Investment Plan – Business Case: Staff Travel (Care at Home Services) (EXEMPT)	
		Confidential Corporate Risk Register (EXEMPT)	
Quarter 4	11 February	2019/20 Budget	
1 January 2019	Ordinary and	Five Year Asset Investment Plan 2019/24	
to 31 March 2019	Budget Setting 10am	Workforce Strategy Refresh	
		Management of Operational Road Risk Policy	
		Corporate and Chief Executive Services Departments –	
	5 March 2019	Performance Overview 2018/19 Quarter 3	
	PPMF 2018/19 Q3 10 a.m.	Management Accounts for Community Health and Social Care Directorate 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 3	
		Management Accounts for Policy and Resources Committee 2018/19 – Projected Outturn at Quarter 3	
		Overall SIC Management Accounts 2018/19– Projected Outturn at Quarter 3	
		Council Investments Review 2018/19 – Quarter 3	
		Asset Investment Plan – Progress Report 2018/19 – Quarter 3	
		Business Transformation Programme – Update Report	
		Service Redesign Programme – Update Report	
		Corporate Risk Register	
		Policy and Resources Committee Business Programme 2019/20	
		Annual Investment and Strategy 2019/20	
		Confidential Corporate Risk Register (EXEMPT)	



Policy and Resources Committee - Meeting Dates and Business Programme 2018/19 as at Tuesday, 11 December 2018

Quarter	Date / Type of Meeting	Agenda Item	Notes
	ivieeting		

Planned Committee business still to be scheduled - as at Tuesday, 11 December 2018

Essential Car User and Travel at Work
Equal Pay Audit update
ICT Strategy Update 2017 - 2022
A Digital Strategy for Shetland
SIC Accommodation Review
Review of Sullom Voe Aquaculture Exclusion
MTFP Refresh 2018
SIC Investment Review 2018
Special meeting to set 2019/20 Budget

tbc = to be confirmed

PPMF = Planning and Performance Management Framework meetings – no other business to be added

Budget = Budget setting meetings – other items can be added if time permits

Ordinary = Ordinary meetings – other items can be added

Special = Special meetings arranged for particular item(s) – other items can be added if time permits

END OF BUSINESS PROGRAMME as at Tuesday, 11 December 2018

Agenda Item

Meeting(s):	Policy and Resources Committee Shetland Islands Council	19 December 2018 19 December 2018
Report Title:	Corporate Risk Register	
Reference Number:	CRP-24-18-F	
Author / Job Title:	Director – Corporate Services	

1.0 Decisions / Action required:

1.1 That the Policy and Resources Committee and Council consider and discuss the content of this report and appendix, and advise on any preferred updates.

2.0 High Level Summary:

2.1 This report presents the current Corporate Risk Register, and highlights recent changes and current relevant information.

3.0 Corporate Priorities and Joint Working:

3.1 The Council states that

'Our approach to managing the risks we face will have resulted in a more riskaware organisation that avoids high-risk activities'.

4.0 Key Issues:

- 4.1 The Corporate Risk Register lists sixteen long-standing risks. In addition, one existing risk has been escalated from Development Directorate's risk register (4.2) and two new risks have been added (see 4.3 and 4.4). All are shown in Appendix 1. Please note that, to aide understanding, the risks in Appendix 1 appear in the same order as they appear in this report.
- 4.2 Risk no. ORG0045 has been escalated from Development Directorate and will be considered further at the February 2019 meeting of the Risk Board. The Risk Board has indicated that it may be appropriate at that time to consider escalating this risk to the Shetland Planning Partnership.
- 4.3 Risk no. ORG046 relates to risks around transport at a time when the external transport contract is about to be let. Details of the risk around funding for internal ferries is included in ORG 0021.
- 4.4 Risk no ORG 047 relates to potential fluctuation of activities at Sullom Voe terminal.
- 4.5 The following four risks can be considered as standing items in that they are likely to remain on the Corporate Risk Register for management and monitoring purposes. The narratives around each set of risks and controls have been reviewed and updated where necessary to reflect the current situation.

- ORG024 risk of harm to a vulnerable adult.
- ORG025 risk of harm to a child because of a failure to manage unanticipated crisis.
- ORG029 Malicious cyber-attack.
- ORG030 Uncontrolled release of data/ loss of paperwork or data-storing technology.
- 4.6 There are a number of risks that are currently significant but are likely to be removed once the risk has been managed, reduced or no longer exists:
 - ORG022 STERT/ College merger A project manager has been appointed to lead the project team in developing the Full Business Case, which will be presented to Employees and Colleges Lecturers Joint Consultative Committee (both 06 December 2018) Shetland College Board (10 Dec 2018), Education and Families Committee (10 December 2018) and Policy and Resources Committee (11 December 2018), before a decision by the Council on 12 December 2018. A further decision will be sought from Shetland Fisheries Training Centre Trust on 17 December 2018
 - ORG035 Old AHS campus plans and works. The risk owner has revised the
 risk details to clarify that 'Work on the masterplan is ongoing and it is hoped 7N
 (the organisation carrying out the master-planning work) will have substantially
 completed their work by the end of December 2018. There will then be a period
 of statutory consultation. It is hoped the Masterplan will be complete by the end
 of March 2019'.
 - ORG037 Brexit and its impact.
- 4.7 A number of risks relate to finances and financial planning. These are expected to remain on the Corporate Risk Register for the foreseeable future. The narratives for these risks have been regularly revised, and Risk Board has asked for the financial parameters on the risk matrix are to be reviewed prior to consideration at its February 2019 meeting.
 - ORG021 The need for investment in Shetland's infrastructure
 - ORG034 Liabilities arising from the pension fund
 - ORG039 Medium term financial planning, continued reductions to Government grant of an unanticipated or unknown magnitude.
 - ORG042 Failure of long term financial planning
- 4.8 The remaining risks could be viewed as inherent to the business of the Council at this time. Director Children's Services advised that Children's Services continue to deliver a range of services against a background where recruitment to some sectors is challenging. However, staff shortages are being actively addressed in a number of ways, and hence are anticipated to reduce. Efforts to address recruitment challenges include offering career-graded posts and trainee Social Worker positions. Agency staff have also been used in some areas to ensure specialist posts are covered until recruitment is completed.

- ORG018 Challenges around workforce change and demographics
- ORG031 Missed opportunities from Viewpoint surveys
- ORG032 Increased workload, impact on planned work, conflicting demands.
 This also relates to risk no ORG018 below, which focuses on the external factors
 that impact upon staffing and recruitment.
- ORG040 Risks relating to partnerships
- PORG044 Implications of the Equal Pay Audit
- 4.9 This report complements the Confidential Corporate Risk Register report.

5.0 Exempt and/or confidential information:

None

6.0 Implications :	
6.1 Service Users, Patients and Communities:	The escalation of ORG 0045 demonstrates that the Risk Board is cognisant of threats to fragile communities.
6.2 Human Resources and Organisational Development:	Various risks to, and challenges for, the workforce are highlighted on the Corporate Risk Register. Increased workload and conflicting deadlines are some of the causes highlighted in the risks listed in 4.5 and 4.7.
6.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights:	An Equalities Impact Assessment is not required in connection with this report. The gender pay gap is recognised and highlighted on the Corporate Risk Register.
6.4 Legal:	Many risks have a legislative element. The Executive Manager, Governance and Law sits on the Risk Board and legal considerations are highlighted in risks on the Corporate Risk Register as necessary.
6.5 Finance:	All risks have a direct or indirect financial cost, whether in terms of the impact or of the cost of preventing a risk from happening. All risks can affect the services that the Council seeks to deliver, and risks are managed appropriately in order to ensure that those services are protected within constrained budgets.
6.6 Assets and Property:	The identification and management of risks to premises and equipment contributes to the protection of those assets.
6.7 ICT and new technologies:	This report has no direct implications for the ICT service.

6.8 Environmental:	This report has no direct environmental implic	cations.			
6.9 Risk Management:	The Risks are measured on the agreed risk n	matrix.			
6.10 Policy and Delegated Authority:	Policy & Resources Committee requires the Corporate Risk Register to be reported periodically [<i>Min. ref. 43/17</i>]. Risk Management Board reviews its Corporate Risk Register on a quarterly basis, as required by its Terms of Reference. The Risk Management Strategy forms part of the Policy Framework contained in Section A of the Constitution – Governance, which states that the management body for the Risk Management Strategy lies within the remit of the Policy and Resources Committee. Ensuring proper management of the Corporate Risk Register is therefore a delegated matter for the Policy and Resources Committee. However, the Council instructed that the Corporate Risk				
	Register be reported to the Council quarterly as part of the Planning and Performance Management Framework (PPMF cycle [<i>Min.Ref. SIC 20/16</i>] so that all Members are informed involved in discussing the high level and strategic risks facing the Council alongside other performance information.				
6.11 Previously considered by:	None				

Contact Details:

Christine Ferguson, christine.ferguson@shetland.gov.uk, Director - Corporate Services 3 December 2018.

Appendices:

Appendix 1 – Corporate Risk Register

END

Risk Register - Shetland Islands Council

Date: 3 December 2018

	Current				Towart			
Risk & Details	C Likelihood	urrent Impact	Risk Profile	Current and Planned Control Measures	Probabilty	Target Impact	Risk Profile	Respons ble Officer
Category								
Corporate Plan	F5. Our "20 by '2	20" - Standa	ards of Go					
One or more communities fail to be sustainable Trigger: Demographic and socio-economic problems on remote communities Consequences: Depopulation of remote areas, sudden impact on development services Risk type: Economic climate Reference - ORG0045	Possible	Significant	Medium	Planned control measures include Impact of connectivity from broadband and transport links; working with communities to develop sustainable plans; Progressing 'Islands with small populations' project.	Unlikely	Significant	Medium	Neil Gran Shetland Islands Council
Transport Scotland periodically review, tender and let the contract for Northern Isles external ferry services (freight and passengers). The Sheland economy and society rely to a great extent on that service. Freight relies entirely on the service. Issues are around capacity, timetabling, suitability of vessels, cost etc, but decisions can appear to be driven by financial constraints. Trigger: Reletting of the contract or the need to adapt an existing contract. SIC doesn't have confidence that Transport Scotland has the depth of understanding of Shetland's most up to date social and economic objectives - so there is low confidence that Transport Scotland can make the correct decisions in relation to the transport needs of Shetland. Consequences: Transport Scotland don't take account of established needs. The contracted service does not meet the needs of Shetland, can't support the economic growth of Shetland and could trigger economic stagnation and decline. An opportunity to address societal inequalities is missed. Significant societal and economic impact is experienced in Shetland Risk type: Partnership working failure Reference - ORG0046	Possible	Extreme	High	Time and effort is being put into being proactive in engaging with Transport Scotland in a process to explore and thus ensure that they understand the fundamental requirements for supporting economic and social wellbeing in Shetland.	Unlikely	Major	Medium	Michael Craigie Shetland Islands Council

There is a challenge to sustain current business and developing new business activity at Sullom Voe Terminal.

Sullom Voe Terminal employs some 400 staff directly and many more indirectly. Exports from SVT through the Port of Sullom Voe (PoSV) earn c£6m - £8m contribution to Council reserves annually, an income level which is a key component of the Councils MTFP.

Possible

Extreme

Trigger: SVT processes Oil received through pipeline from East of Shetland (Brent & Ninian Pipeline Systems) and West of Shetland (Clair Pipeline System). East of Shetland volumes are in long term decline but West of Shetland is forecast to increase significantly over the coming years and be sustainied for a considerable period pof time, c2050-60. There are however evaluations and negotiations ongoing between Clair system owners and SVT operator and owners about whether a long term contract for Clair/SVT can be agreed, or whether some by-pass option might be preferred. Without Clair volumes the medium / long term future of SVT would be in some jeopardy.

Consequences: If SVT cannot secure long term business on a satisfactory commercial basis then there is a risk that the terminal would close in the medium term perhaps around 2025. A significant decline or cessation of Oil & Gas activity at SVT would have very considerable economic, financial and social consequences.

Risk type: Loss of revenue/income Reference - ORG0047

The Council has recognised that there is a significant review processbeing carried out at the moment between Clair and SVT. Discussions have been held with both parties and further discussions sought with the UK Oil & Gas Authority (OGA). A specialised consultant has been appointed to focus on this issue and specific items of technical advice are being considered with legal, financial and technical advisors. Engagement has been initiated through the Sullom Voe Association and Council SVA directors are being kept informed of developments as a sounding board. Further reports on progress and plans will be brought to Council through appropriate channels to ensure commercial confidentiality."

Unlikely Major Medium John Smith Shetland Islands

Council

Risk of harm to a vulnerable adult - Shetland has an increasing older population and an increase in people with a learning disability reaching older age. Statutory services will need to have oversight of an increasing number of vulnerable adults to prevent harm occurring. **Trigger:** Statutory services fail to identify and take account of all vulnerable adults within their remit, systems failure means that information is not fully collated and/or shared Consequences: Vulnerable adult is not given access to full range of services that they need, delay in access to services leads to harm to vulnerable adult, reputational risk to organisation, potential for HSE action, Care Commission/ external advisors' negative

report, civil action. Risk type: Communications failure Reference - ORG0024

Child Protection - Children's Services deliver a range of services across a wide geographic area and all service users need to be safe. Children's Social Work manage high risk, complex situations in their work with families. Often it requires significant resource provision to mitigate risks and ensure the safety of a child or young person. The most significant current example of this risk relates to the failure to appropriately accommodate looked-after children, off-island placement. There are circumstances when the Children & Families Team is required to accommodate children and young people away from home. Currently, there is a shortage of foster placements and residential placements in Shetland. On occasion this results in placements being sought away from Shetland, which is undesirable and which comes at a high cost to the Local Authority.

Possible

Maior

Possible X

Major

High

Trigger: Crisis or escalation of complex situation, usually unanticipated and which puts child at increased risk of harm. Shortage of foster placements and residential placements in Shetland. There are situations whereby the assessed needs of a child or young person are such that they require a specialist service that is not available in Shetland, such as secure accommodation or a parenting assessment unit.

Consequences: Failure to act quickly or to the extent that is required because of restricted resources can result in child being exposed to potentially more harm or to harm for a longer period of time, harm to child, impact on services, financial impact. Placements have to be sought away from Shetland, which come at a high cost to the Local Authority.

Risk type: Physical - People / Property - Other

Reference - ORG0025

• There are well established mechanisms in place to support the detection of risk with an active Adult Protection Committee formal arenas to discuss individual cases causing concern. Transitions group in place for Learning Disability Services to manage childhood support to adult support. Ongoing work to review services to make effective use of limited and reducing budgets. Chief Officers Group provides assurrance on the effectiveness of the Adult Protection Committee.

overseeing the work. There is good multi-agency working within

 Robust systems and procedures in place. Preventative measures, effective communications and information sharing to ensure that any changes or increased risk are identified guickly.

The Child Protection Committee's Training Strategy, and the training sub-committee, ensure that a range of Child protection training is delivered to frontline staff. This Inter-agency training is led by Shetland Islands Council and training activity is reported quarterly to the Child Protection Committee.

Children's Services is working to increase capacity in Shetland to provide accommodation for looked after children, where required. This includes growth in the Family Placement and Residential Childcare services, to reduce demand for more expensive out of area/off island placements.

Unlikely Maior

Unlikely

Maior

Medium Helen

Budge Shetland Islands Council

Simon

Bokor-

Ingram

Islands Council

Shetland

Medium

Malicious cyber attack could happen at any time. ICT and SIC have a host of security systems and approaches in place. However, an attack, successful or otherwise, can always happen. It may be impossible to tell whether there has been an attack, or what any attack has looked at/ taken/ copied. Any attack could result in compromise /damage to systems or reputation, data leak, loss of data or system downtime.

Trigger: Attack on the Council's network resulting in compromise/damage to systems or reputation, data leak, etc

Consequences: Loss of data, system

downtime

Risk type: Malicious damage/

vandalism/sabotage Reference - ORG0029

The Council handles significant quantities of data including confidential and personal data on a daily basis. It is expected to be an exemplar of good practice and to maintain high standards of security and confidentiality at all times. Information management is managed within the legislative framework as set out by the Information Commissioner.

Trigger: Data is released in an uncontrolled manner, accidentally or deliberately, and potentially without the knowledge of the organisation, because of a lack of training/ understanding, poor security, loss of paperwork or data-storing technology.

Consequences: Release results in reputational damage or action against the organisation by the Information
Commissioner. Financial loss/ fine. Negative media coverage and reputational damage.
Possible disciplinary action, stress for staff.
Loss of confidence in Services.

Risk type: Breach of Legislation - Data Protection, Human Rights, Employment Practice, Health and Safety etc Reference - ORG0030

Unlikely

Unlikely

Maior

Medium

threats:

including Netcraft.

Major Medium

Current and planned controls -- Current and planned controls Current: There are already robust systems and procedures in
place to prevent the loss of data and information. To date,
over 600 staff have accessed training in basic Data Protection
and Freedom of Information principles, including attendance at
a conference provided by the Assistant Information
Commissioner in 2015, and by the Office of the Scottish
Information Commissioner in 2016, and by accessing online
training through iLearn/Brightwave.

Anti-virus and firewall defences, ICT security policy,

hardware are patched to the latest secure versions;

actions, PSN and Cyber Essentials Plus certification; Regular internal system scans and reviews to ensure systems

Corporate anti-virus installed on all servers and workstations;

Annual penetration testing resulting in security remediation

are up to date and secure. System monitoring for unusual

Fortnightly Security Review meetings discuss and evaluate

Active participation in national Security forum CiSP, and

Secure Email Blueprint, Webcheck, and Secure DNS.

escalation points of contact at central government level,

implementation of advice from government bodies such as

Documentation of a Cyber Incident Response plan, including

Corporate firewalls, Systems support team ensure software and

boundary appliance scan all incoming e-mail;

activity, which may be linked to a cyber-attack

Planned: Information management and improvement is a strand of the Business Transformation Programme 2016-2020. This is supported by an Information Management Strategy, which provides a framework for improvement and development of information management policies and procedures to ensure our services can work together in a smarter way. The Improvement Programme includes a number of work streams, including information security, business continuity, culture and training, all of which will contribute to further reducing the risks inherent with maintaining and processing large amounts of information, and will aim to keep these considerations at the forefront of business transformation projects. Governance, accountability and strategic direction for the Information Improvement Programme is provided by the Information Governance Board. The Board includes those who have management responsibility, accountability and ownership of information assets and this will be supplemented by the continued raising of awareness amongst, and further training of, managers, administrators and other staff in the proper handling of information.

Major

Rare

Rare

Significant

Low

Susan

Msalila

Council

Shetland Islands

Medium Christine Ferguson Shetland Islands Council

Failure to deliver the College merger would result in an unsustainable tertiary sector. An in-house project team has been established with the aim of preparing a Full Business Case for decision by Shetland Islands Council on 12 December 2018. Trigger: Project management failure, partner failure, project resources Consequences: Failure to deliver a sustainable and affordable model for Tertiary Education, training and Research. Risk type: Professional - Other Reference - ORG0022	Unlikely	Significant	Medium	• STERT/ College merger – the date for Council decision on the business case has been pushed back from January this year with to December 2018. It should be noted that a project manager has been appointed to lead the work of the project team in developing the Full Business Case. He has advised that the work on developing the business case will take place from July-November 2018, with the completed Full Business case to be presented to Employees and Colleges Lecturers Joint Consultative Committee (both 06 December 2018) Shetland College Board (10 Dec 2018), Education and Families Committee (10 December 2018) and Policy and Resources Committee (11 December 2018), before decision by the Council on 12 December 2018. A further decision will be sought from Shetland Fisheries Training Centre Trust on 17 December 2018	Unlikely	Minor	S	Neil Grant Shetland Islands Council
The current Anderson High School campus is a large open site with a number of buildings on it. There are various access points to the campus and it is surrounded by residential properties. The school was vacated in Sept/ Oct 2017 when the service/ staff/ pupils, etc moved to the new build at the Clickimin. Trigger: Failure to properly plan for the future of the site Consequences: A failure to plan for the future of the site could lead to missed opportunities to capitalise on this asset, . There will be on-going costs associated with the site, rates, maintenance etc. and a risk of vandalism or other damage. There is also a risk of reputational damage if the site is not developed. Risk type: Missed opportunities Reference - ORG0035	Unlikely	Unlikely X Extreme	High	The Council is undertaking a master-planning exercise for this site. It is hoped this will be complete by March 2019.	Unlikely	Significant	\$ 	Robert Sinclair Shetland Islands Council

On 23rd June 2016, a country-wide referendum was held to identify whether the UK wished to remain in, or leave, the European Union. Following the immediate political turmoil, there has been ongoing economic and political uncertainty. Various organisations in Shetland receive EU funding and this could be (and in some cases, has been) removed. The Shetland Islands Council receives EU finding for a number of purposes.

Likely X

Major

Trigger: Referendum result, post referendum political and economic uncertainty or change

Consequences: Short-term - Withdrawal of funding, political and economic uncertainty, potential impact on recruitment, uncertainty for non-UK EU nationals employed by SIC/ in Shetland - the potential impact on the councils workforce planning of the uncertainties that Brexit creates, will add to the already complex arrangements put in place by the UK Borders Agency in relation to preventing illegal working. There is much speculation about the impact on employment in the UK which HR are monitoring to ensure the council responds appropriately. Impact on partner organisations and partner-funded bodies. Does the SIC have a lobbying role?; Medium term: Withdrawal of funding, political and economic uncertainty, legislative change, regulatory uncertainty, impact on pension fund and Council investments, issues round fish quotas/ market/ pelagic fleet, economic impact, uncertainty for non-UK EU nationals employed by SIC/ in Shetland, potential impact on recruitment (of staff/ students),/ on SIC's workforce planning particularly given the already complex arrangements put in place by the UK Borders Agency in relation to preventing illegal working potential for further legislative, political and structural change, opportunity to influence direction and shape of new legislation, impact on partner organisations and partner-funded bodies, requirement to consider risks around capital expenditure. What is the SIC's role and priorities?; Long-term: Uncertainty, impact on longer term planning for organisation, potential for further legislative, political and structural change.

Risk type : Political - Other Reference - ORG0037 Development Services are providing regular updates, preparing regular update papers to Committee and Community Planning board. An EU Engagement and Brexit Sounding Board has been agreed by the Development Committee as its 12 June 2016 meeting, and will meet regularly to help inform the Council and Community Partners of opportunities and risks. Possible Minor

Medium

Maggie Sandison Shetland Islands Council

The Council invested heavily in infrastructure at the time when the oil industry was taking off. This infrastructure was funded from income generated from the oil industry. That infrastructure is now ageing and will need to be replaced, however, the financial situation is now tighter which will mean that it will be challenging to finance this. Trigger: Need for Investment in Shetland's infrastructure Consequences: Challenge to finance the maintenance and/or replacement of existing infrastructure Risk type: Physical - People / Property - Other	Likely	Extreme	High	The current Asset Investment Plan focuses on the maintenance of existing assets in order to prolong their useful economic lives. This should mitigate against the risk of immediate failure. In order to address the longer term replacement of assets, a Borrowing Policy was approved by Council on 11 December 2013. Other measures in place include: MTFP, budget monitoring and scrutiny, clear and robust roles and responsibilities for managers and financial procedures & regs. A report on Long Term Asset Investment planning has been prepared and presented to the Council. It identifies the extent of future programmes, which will inform funding options. LTAI planning highlights the significant challenges - for example fair funding for ferries is a challenge that is larger than is manageable by the SIC and requires national input and support. Lobbying of	Likely	Major	High	Christine Ferguson Shetland Islands Council
The SIC Pension Fund is currently not 100% funded. At 31 March 2017 triennial evaluation the Fund was 90% funded. The SIC Pension Fund, as well as the Council has a number of Scheduled and Admitted Bodies that have liabilities to fund over the long term. Admitted bodies failing or being unable to meet their contributions places risk from these arrangements on the Council, as the largest contributor to the Pension Fund. Trigger: Any circumstance that triggers a liability to crystalise Consequences: Financial impact, significant long term obligations on pension fund employers Risk type: Customer / Citizen - Other Reference - ORG0034	Almost Certain	Major	High	The 2017 Triennial valuation has been completed, along with a revised Funding Strategy Statement (FSS). This provides an up-to-date funding position for the SIC Pension Fund along with a revised FSS to ensure the Funds deficit can be met over the long term. Deficits are estimated to be recovered over a period of less than 20 years. A review of the Pension Fund strategy was approved by the Pension Committee and Board on 22nd May 2018 and has now commenced, this will assess if the current strategy will achieve the objective of meeting deficits. For Bodies seeking admission to the Pension Fund, if they are not a scheduled body with tax raising powers, they must provide a guarantee and/or bond to meet any liabilities should they default in the future. This mitigates the risk to the Fund in relation to new employers.	Rare	Extreme	3	Jamie Manson Shetland Islands Council

The Medium Term Financial Plan covers the period from 2018/19 to 2023/24 and as an instrument to direct the organisation's budget setting and expenditure is prudent and in line with available resources. Over 75% of the Council budget is funded by the Scottish Govt. The local authority's annual grant from the Scottish Govt is expected to reduce in the short and medium term but is currently unquantified, a reduction of 7.29% has been assumed in the MTFP. This amount has been estimated based on a best case scenario of a possible growth of 2.7% and a worst case scenario of a reduction of 14.4% over the next 5 years.

Trigger: Organisation's failure to plan or put in place sustainable services for future years, continued reductions to govt grant of an unanticipated or unknown magnitude.

Consequences: If there is no adequate planning to take account of grant reduction then the Council will be unable to respond to the uncertainty presented by austerity which could result in knee-jerk decisions being made to balance budgets and/ or an unsustainable draw from Council reserves.

Risk type: Economic climate

Reference - ORG0039

Possible X

Extreme

• Impact of 2018/19 financial settlement. The settlement is better than had been expected and this provides the Council with a period of time to address the underlying challenges of falling government grant and rising costs.

Service redesign across all areas to identify and implement sustainable levels of service going forward. Implementation of business transformation programme to support service redesign.

EService redesign across all areas to identify and implement sustainable levels of service going forward. Implementation of business transformation programme to support service redesign. Unlikely M

Major

Jamie Manson Shetland Islands Council

Medium

Long term financial planning - fulfilling the Council duty of best value has been defined (in part) by the Accounts Commission as addressing and doing more long term planning. Failure to recognise the longer term factors that impact on Council finance and service delivery obligations and challenges may result in serious criticism from Audit Scotland and the Accounts Commission, while at the same time impacting on customers and the organisation at large.

Rare

Extreme

Trigger: Failure to prepare and take account of longer term scenario planning and to make informed assumptions about the impact of those on services and finance. A trend in the one-off use of reserves to balance revenue budgets. Use of invested capital for one-off or recurring expenditure and failing to recognise the cost of that capital and the impact on future budgets.

Consequences: If the Council operates unsustainably and without intervention it will have to increasingly rely on its reserve, the compounding effects of this eventually resulting in the depletion of reserves/investments and being no longer able to provide additional funds to support services in the General Fund budget. Reputational damage, the current expectations of customers not met and the Council outcomes not achieved.

Risk type: Economic / Financial - Other Reference - ORG0042

 Strong financial management arrangements in place, with MTFP refreshed and reported to Council in August 2018. A clear and robust financial cycle of annual budget process, regular monitoring and annual accounts in place, with positive feedback from external auditors.

Work to review the LTFP is expected to commence over the next 12 - 18 months.

Service redesign across all areas to identify and implement sustainable levels of service going forward. Implementation of business transformation programme to support service redesign. Unlikely Major Medium Jamie Manson Shetland Islands

Council

The Council is required to manage changes and challenges in its workforce and in some services across the organsiation there are considerable challenges in recruitment, such as social work, teaching and other technical and professional posts. These difficulties are not limited to Shetland. Services must review the demands on services, consider strategies to attract and retain employees and they need accurate and timely data and analysis from the council's HR system to inform their decision making. Human Resources must ensure that effective use is made of information management and reporting to support services to enable effective workforce and succession planning. HR and Council services must work together to develop and review policies, procedures and the employment offer from the Council to minimise the risks of having insufficient staff to deliver council services. **Trigger:** Increase in staff turnover and inability to recruit staff to vacant posts.

Likely X

Minor

Medium

Consequences: Posts remaining unfilled due to failure to recruit which places strain on services to deliver and increases pressure on existing workforce. The relocation and interview expenses budget increases with the increasing need to recruit from outwith Shetland. We are also having to advertise more frequently with teaching posts in particular being difficult to fill. Services must engage proactively with HR in order to analyse the reasons why staff leave to minimse staff turnover. Working patterns, and terms and conditions of service should also be reviewed by services to remove any unnecessary barriers to employment.

Risk type : Employment issues Reference - ORG0018

HR continually reviews the council's HR policies and processes to ensure policies and procedures support the organisation to become more responsive and flexible in the deployment of existing staff. The Council's Workforce Strategy provides a framework to focus attention and prioritise work streams that identify and develop talent as well as increase the number of ways young people can join the organisation. The Council's Market Forces Policy can be applied in appropriate circumstances.

Unlikely Minor Low Denise
Bell
Shetland
Islands

Council

An organisation-wide Staff Viewpoint Survey was carried out in January 2015 and again in late 2017 for the purpose of gauging staff opinions. The returns were analysed with the issues prioritised, and that information was reported to Directors, Managers and staff. Managers and Directors were then tasked with putting in place a range of measures to address the specific issues raised. The comments made reflect concerns about the Council, recent changes, and the impact of those changes. In general you suggested things such as: •better communication, •listening more, •being clear about Council strategy and sticking to it, •having better training for Managers, •Senior Leaders spending more time on the "shop floor".

Trigger: Perception (real or imagined) that organisation, senior management or specific manager(s) will not/ have not acted upon the findings of the survey. No change evidenced, status quo despite assurances or promises to the contrary. Failure to communicate change to front-line staff, failure to embed change, so situation reverts to that which led to dis-satisfaction.

Consequences: Disillusioned/ unhappy / disengaged staff, increased disillusionment following the expectation that the survey would make a difference, no confidence in manager or organisation, demotivated staff, poor commitment to Service, impact on Service and/or productivity. Staff retention issues - Increased turnover of staff with resulting recruitment costs and service impacts.

Reputational damage, staff more likely to raise grievances. Stress, increase in sickness absence, perception that the whole exercise was a waste of public money.

Risk type: Missed opportunities Reference - ORG0031

Possible X
Significant

 Check and ensure good communication between staff and management. Managers must ensure effective communication methods are in place between managers and staff. The Council's Workforce Strategy, Staff Development Policy and Personal Development Plan Policy set out clear direction and framework to ensure the tools are in place to make sure this happens. Directorate Consultation Forums have been put in place to bring together senior managers and staff representatives at least 4 times a year to exchange information and maintain communication throughout the organisation. The 2015 Viewpoint Action Plan has led to the launch of a new set of Council Values & Behaviours which have been launched and promoted council-wide. The second Viewpoint Survey was completed in January 2018 that shows improvement in all factors. Action planning is now underway to inform the next Council-wide Viewpoint Plan.

Check and ensure good communication between staff and management. ERD's and training needs are implemented All managers must ensure effective communication methods are in place between managers and staff. The Council's Workforce Strategy, Staff Development Policy and Personal Development Plan Policy set out clear direction and framework to ensure the tools are in place to make sure this happens. The 2015 Viewpoint Action Plan has led to the launch of a new set of Council Values & Behaviours which have been launched and promoted council-wide. An on-going publicity campaign is in place to make sure there is continuing awareness. New Directorate Consultation Forums have been put in place to bring together senior managers and staff representatives at least 4 times a year to exchange information and maintain communication throughout the organisation. The launch of the council's new values with posters and video available councilwide is supporting work to embed these values and every opportunity is taken to encourage staff to reflect on the values and participate in focus groups. A new staff recognition scheme is also being intorduced and led by the Chief executive.

Rare Significant

Low Denise
Bell
Shetland
Islands
Council

Recent Council activities plus local / national issues have led to an increased workload for Services across the Council and within Corporate Services - and particularly for Finance, Governance and Law, Capital Programme and Human Resources. There is a limit to how much additional work staff can absorb - staff and services are considered to be at capacity. The implemented move from 8 North Ness was disruptive and there is an ongoing increase in workload caused by the work arounds required so that the Council can continue to operate from other locations.

Trigger: Main triggers include:

revised budget post Scottish Govt settlement, budget setting challenges - the requirement to make savings now and in the future,

implementing various pay and conditions requirements plus 3rd edition of JE scheme,

specific problems associated with CHRIS 8 transition (Payroll, HR, ICT),

the tertiary review is a significant on-going piece of work, as are the various tasks and activities around the establishment and operation of the IJB.

Governance and law workload includes governance reviews and organisation-wide project work. Service redesign work also requires significant staff time.

Consequences: Impact on planned work including in particular important corporate/ strategic reviews and strategy development: there is a risk that work will not be scheduled or will not be completed on time, leading to missed opportunities and/or increased costs. Teams at capacity, stress on staff, potential sickness absence, any reduction in resources, e.g. from absences, or resources diverted, can lead to missed opportunities or deadlines/ impact on quality of work as well as difficulty in meeting timescales. Significant work/ strategic planning/ long-term vision is affected or displaced by urgent tasks, short deadlines, reactive work and external demands. Impact on quality of work, missed information, failure to take adequate account of all relevant information, poor quality input / information can lead to poor decision-making.

Risk type: Corporate/Community plan - failure to meet Reference - ORG0032

Possible X Medium Significant

- The effects of the move from 8 North Ness are being monitored and adjustments made where possible to ensure minimal disruption to services.
- Our Plan 2016-20 has been agreed. This explains the outcomes that the SIC wants to achieve by April 2020. Our financial planning process is more robust and in line with other planning processes. The risks to Directorate and Service plans are articulated and considered in reports.

The Risks for new initiatives including the allocation of resources are considered at Project start up and kept under review.

Unlikely

Minor

Low Christine Ferguson Shetland Islands Council Shetland Islands Council and specific Directorates, Services and sections are in a number of partnerships. Some have a legislative element and have a strategic directing role (the Community Planning Partnership, SADP, etc), some are entered into for the purpose of delivering services (Community Health and Social Care/ IJB, SIC Housing Service and Hjaltland Housing Association). Many are contractual but for some, the partnership may exist only through an informal agreement. There is no formal list of the council's partnership arrangements or agreements.

Trigger: Partner fails (legally, financially, is wound up, becomes insolvent or goes into administration) or is no longer able to provide their part of the partnership. Grant or funding is cut to partner. Board resignation, difficulty in recruiting board members, failure to achieve buy-in from essential partners, volunteer fatigue.

Consequences: If a partner fails, the responsibility to deliver service or function for which the partnership was formed, may fall to Shetland Islands Council. Contractual obligations such as leases may become the (moral or financial) responsibility of Shetland Islands Council. Financial responsibilities such as for pensions, may fall to Shetland Islands Council. Civil liabilities such as through claims, may fall to Shetland Islands Council in the event that joint liability exists.

Risk type: Partnership working failure

Reference - ORG0040

Possible X · Various controls in place. All new admitted bodies comply with Unlikely Maior Medium Maggie Extreme Sandison current requirements, all contracts are scrutinised by Legal Services / Governance Shetland and Law/ Finance staff. Islands Assurance required that managers engage with Corporate Council Services BEFORE commencing service redesign programmes. Managers must adhere to Commissioning and Procurement framework.

The Equal Pay Audit carried out on 2015/16 pay resulted in a published pay gap of 11.21% in favour of men. This is calculated on basic pay, and when other pay elements and allowances, except noncontracted overtime are included the gap increases to 16.23%. when non-contracted overtime is included the gender pay gap increases further to 20.05%. The Equality and Human rights Commission advise that any gender pay gap greater than 5% is of concern and action should be taken to address the gap.

Trigger: Failure to address the identified issues, public / media scrutiny, equal pay claim from a member of staff, scrutiny by EHRC. **Consequences:** There is a risk that not addressing the equal pay gap identified in the Equal Pay Audit 2016 could lead to equal pay claims being made where pay inequalities exist. There is a risk that recruitment and retention of staff is detrimentally impacted by a failure to address barriers from gender, disability and race inequalities, and that this will impact on service delivery. A failure to realise the benefits of greater diversity in employment represents a waste of talent and an opportunity to address workforce and skills shortages. Occupational segregation means the clustering of employees with a particular protected characteristic into particular occupations or different levels of work. The published Equal Pay Statement 2017-2021 provides analysis that shows 97% of employees in the Marine occupational category are men, while 89% of employees in the Care occupational category are female. The data also shows an under representation of male employees in lower grades relative to their share of total employees, and an over representation at higher grades, with the reverse that case for female employees.

These will also place a demand on resources and require specialist legal input, there will be financial pressure from legal costs and any damages, reputational damage and negative media coverage should there be equal pay claims, and a detrimental impact on staff confidence and morale. Increased recruitment and retention difficulties are likely.

Risk type: Economic - Other

Reference - ORG0044

Possible X Maior

 The Equal pay Statement 2017-2021, approved at P&R 7 March 2017 describes the Council's commitment to the principle of equal pay for all employees. It sets out how, regardless of protected characteristic, employees should receive equal pay for the same or broadly similar work, work rated as equivalent and for work of equal value. It also describes how the Council operates a pay and grading system which is transparent, based on objective criteria and is free from bias, by using an analytical Job Evaluation system for SJC staff, and teaching promoted staff are subject to job sizing. It notes Council's commitment to address equal pay gaps and reduce occupational segregation. The Equal Pay Audit 2016 action plan sets out a number of actions to address occupational segregation including a programme of work experience that challenges gender norms and stereotyping; identifying barriers in significantly occupationally segregated roles and carrying out remedial action as necessary; taking positive action to develop and encourage females into management roles; and carrying out an Equality Impact Assessment of wider terms and conditions of employment given

The Council's Workforce Strategy 2016-2020 underlines the priority given to Equality and Diversity, and the HR service will work with trades union representatives and stakeholders to identify and address inequalities.

the increased gender pay gap when all allowances are

included.

Unlikely

Significant Medium

Denise Bell Shetland Islands Council