Part 1 Appraisal Summary Tables

Proposal Details	Proposal Details					
Name and address of authority or organisation promoting the proposal:		Mr Michael Craigie, 01595 744 160, michael.craigie@shetland.gov.uk				
		Shetland Islands Council, Development Service, Transport Planning Service, 6 North Ness, Lerwick, Shetland, ZE1 0LZ				
Proposal Name:	Option CO1 (Do Minimum): Replace the MV <i>Dagalien</i> and MV <i>Daggri</i> on a like-for-like basis.	Name of Planner:	Stephen Canning, Peter Brett Associates			
	The new vessels would be TYPE	Estimated Total Public Sector Funding Requirement:	Capital costs/grant			
Proposal Description:	3. There would be no major		£21.5 million.			
	harbour works (other than the replacement of life-expired assets)		Current revenue support			
	associated with this option. A		£2.27m (rounded) per annum.			
	small investment in improved parking / waiting facilities would be		Annual revenue support			
	required.		£2.18m (rounded) per annum.			
Free die er Correct to Free er		Amount of Application:	Present Value of Cost to Govt.			
Funding Sought From: (if applicable)	Transport Scotland		Costs in this study are all reported in 2016 prices only. The costs would reflect those set out above.			
Background Information						
Geographic Context:	The island of Yell is situated between the north of Shetland mainland and the islands of Unst and Fetlar. The island is separated from Shetland Mainland by a narrow strait of water known as Yell Sound. The majority of the settlements on Yell are in the north and east the island. The ferry from the island to Shetland mainland operates from Ulsta (to Toft), a very small settlement on the south-west					
	coast of the island. The larger settlements on Yell, such as Mid Yell and Cullivoe tend to be located in the east and north of the island, meaning that an onward car or public transport connection is typically required from Ulsta.					
Social Context:	Yell is the second most populous of the isles, with a population of around 1,000. The island has a relatively stable population, supported by good access to job opportunities and local services. However, forecasts suggest that the population will decline in the years ahead. In addition, whilst Yell has a stable population, it is also an ageing one, which is reflected in the proportionally lower economic activity rate and higher number of retirees relative to the Shetland Islands generally.					

	Health provision on the island is of a high quality, whilst there are stable rolls at the island nursery, the two primary schools and the Junior High. The island also has a high level of community cohesion, with a very active third sector on the island.				
	The Yell economy is relatively healthy, with a number of indigenous businesses in the valuable aquaculture sector, good commuting opportunities and a strong public sector presence (in terms of both direct jobs and as a facilitator of other opportunities).				
Economic Context:	Yell has very high levels of household car ownership and a significant proportion of its residents travel in a car to work. This reflects the importance of commuting to the island, particularly to Sullom Voe and Lerwick. The amount of people working from home has increased in recent years.				
	The availability of housing on Yell and the North Isles generally is seen to constrain the growth of the community.				
	Overall, Yell is in a relatively favourable position overall, with a stable population, reasonable industrial mix and good connectivity. Maintaining and potentially improving this level of connectivity in years to come will be of importance to the island.				
Planning Objectives					
Objective:	Performance against planning objective:				
	s should Performance against Transport Planning Objective: Neutral				
not act as a constraint to regulessential personal, vehicular and travel between the island(s) and Mainland	d freight This option would have no impact on capacity.				
	has a Performance against Transport Planning Objective: Neutral				
'commutable' combined ferry or drive / public transport / walk time to a main This option would have no impact on connectivity. employment centre (e.g. 80 minutes), the connections provided should reliably facilitate commuting					
TPO2b: Where an island does no	t have a Performance against Transport Planning Objective: Neutral				
'commutable' combined ferry or air / drive / public transport / walk time to a mainThis objective is not considered relevant for Yell. employment centre (e.g. 80 minutes), the connections provided should reliably permit					

at least a half day (e.g. 4 hours) in Le	erwick 7			
days a week, all year round.				
TPO3: The scheduled time between		Performan	ce against Transport Planning Objective: Neutral	
connections should be minimis	sed to			
increase flexibility for passengers and		This option would have no impact on the frequency of the service.		
freight by maximising the number of island				
connections across the operating day.				
TPO4: The level of connectivity provided		Performan	ce against Transport Planning Objective: Neutral	
should minimise the variation with	hin and			
between weekdays, evenings, Saturdays		This option	would have no impact on the timetable.	
and Sundays.				
TPO5: Where practicable, islanders	should	Performan	ce against Transport Planning Objective: Neutral	
be provided with links to strategic				
transport connections without the n	need for	This option would have no impact on strategic connectivity.		
an overnight stay on Shetland mainla	and.			
Rationale for Selection or Rejection		This option will be retained for further consideration as it offers the minimum required like-for-like replacement of		
Proposal:		the current	assets.	
Implementability Appraisal				
Technical:		There are no technical feasibility issues associated with this option.		
Operational:		There are no operational feasibility issues with associated this option beyond training the crew on the new vessel.		
		The capital cost would be £21.5 million, with annual revenue support estimated at £2.18m, a decrease of £90k		
		per annum on the current day figure.		
		Given the relative youth of the current vessels and the fixed links issue, there was very little public engagement in		
		the ferry based options. A fixed link is however identified as the preferred option of the community		
STAG Criteria				
	Assessment			
Criterion	Summ		Supporting Information	
			The replacement of the MV Daggri and MV Dagalien at life expiry with more modern vessels gives	
			rise to a potential reduction in emissions. There would be no other environmental issues associated	
Environment:			with this option.	
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			Environmental Constraints	

		The environmental constraints at the Yell Sound ports are provided below for information. Toft Constraints Residential properties within 100m Scheduled monuments within 500m Coastal flooding risk Good air quality Ulsta Constraints Residential properties in close proximity to terminal Yell Sound SAC and SSSI within 500m of terminal Hamna Voe Shellfish Water Protected Area within 2km (east) Listed buildings within 50m of harbour Coastal flooding risk Good air quality
Safety:	Neutral	This option would have no impact in terms of safety.
Economy:	Neutral	This option would have no impact in terms of economy, except in terms of the potential perception benefits from having new modern vessels.
Integration:	Neutral	This option would have no impact in terms of integration.
Accessibility and Social Inclusion:	Neutral	This option would have no impact in terms of accessibility and social inclusion.